

ON NOVEMBER 16 RESERVE BANKS BEGIN BUSINESS

Secretary McAdoo Decides on That Date, Although Directors and Governors Favored Opening on November 30.

CONDITIONS IN SOUTH MOVED M'ADOO TO ACT

Secretary Announces That Under New System Government Will Make Deposits From General Fund to Aid Producers of Staples

Washington, October 25.—The twelve federal reserve banks of the new banking system will be opened for business November 16. This was officially announced today.

Secretary McAdoo, authorized by the currency act to name the opening date, made the announcement. His choice of the 16th was made despite the recent recommendation of the directors and governors of the twelve banks against opening before November 30.

Mr. McAdoo declared he had reached his decision after discussion with the federal reserve board and because of emergency conditions in the south. He believes the opening of the banks, especially helpful there, will benefit business in all sections.

In a statement tonight the secretary made it clear that under the new system the federal government will be able by deposits from the general fund of the treasury in reserve banks to aid producers of staples. The new reserve requirements, he pointed out, will release more than \$400,000,000 of money now held by national banks as reserves, and will add greatly to the loan-making power of the banks.

Secretary McAdoo's statement:

"I have determined to announce on the 16th day of November, 1914, the establishment of the federal reserve banks in all the federal reserve districts and to have them begin business on that date. The act, as prescribed by the act, will become operative on that date.

"I am impelled to this decision particularly because of the emergency conditions in the south. It is my belief that the prompt opening of the reserve banks will be very helpful to the cotton situation and to general business in all sections of the country. This conclusion has been reached after a thorough discussion with my associates on the federal reserve board, who are co-operating cordially with me, and also after full consideration of the views expressed by the directors of the federal reserve banks at their recent conference in Washington with the federal reserve board.

"I am fully aware of the physical difficulties that must be overcome to get the reserve banks in motion on the 16th of November, but the directors of these banks represent the highest degree of ability and business ability, and I am sure that not only can they meet the situation, but that they will do so creditably. It is my belief that the same fine spirit of public service which animated their discussions at the Washington conference.

Treasury to Aid South.

"As a result of the enactment of the war revenue measure, the parity between receipts and disbursements of the treasury has been broken. This will make it possible for the treasury to render still greater assistance to the larger powers conferred by the federal reserve act and the use which I may be able to make of the federal reserve banks as fiscal agents of the government. It will be prudent and wise to deposit a large amount of the general fund of the treasury in the federal reserve banks.

To Extend Enlarged Credits.

"As soon, therefore, as the reserve banks are in operation I shall transfer to them as large an amount of government funds as possible, this will, in turn, enable them to extend the enlarged credits to national banks and state banks which may become members of the federal reserve system, which they, in turn, may extend to their customers. By this means and through the agency of the federal reserve banks, I hope to give additional assistance to that already given by the treasury department to the producers of the cotton industry and the business men of the south.

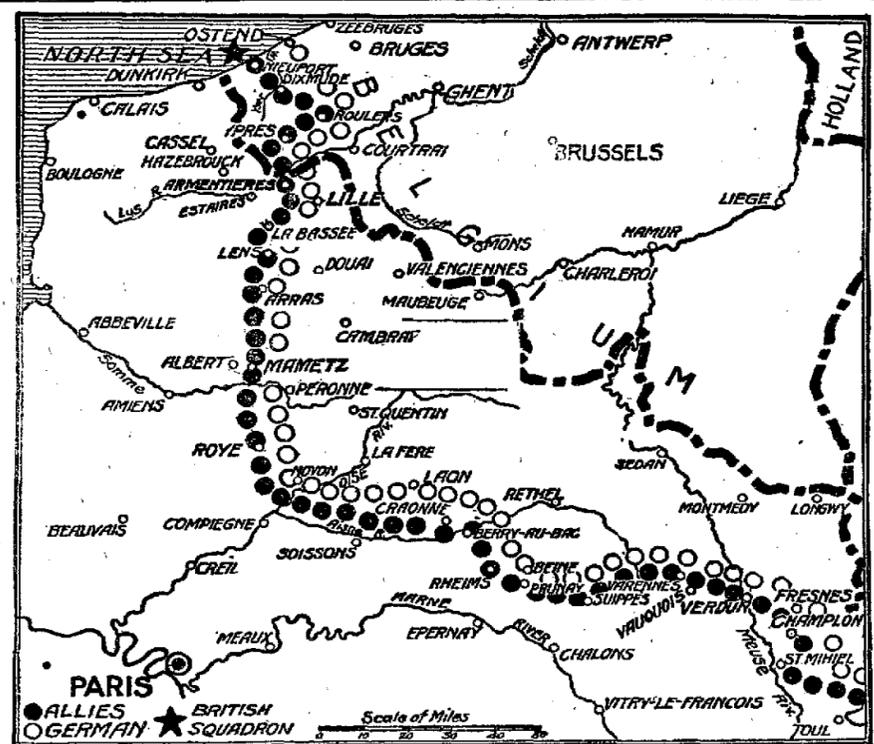
Georgia Congressmen Are Returning Home

Washington, October 25.—(Special.) Practically all of the Georgia delegation in congress have returned home. Representative Edwards, of the first and Walker, of the twelfth, will leave tomorrow, and Representative Adairson, of the fourth, and Representative Hardwick left this afternoon. When the next session opens in November, Mr. Hardwick will take his seat in the senate.

Dr. Jose Uriburu Dead.

Buenos Aires, October 25.—Dr. Jose Uriburu, former president of Argentina, died today.

MAP SHOWING WHERE ALLIES AND GERMANS ARE STRUGGLING THE HARDEST IN FRANCE



This map shows the approximate line-up of the allies and the Germans in that section of the 325-mile battle front that is now holding the attention of the world. Keenest interest centers in the endeavors of the allies to hold Dunkirk and Calais and sweeping down the coast, with Paris in view.

OVER 3,000 BIG BANKS IN THE SOUTH PLEDGE FINANCIAL HELP FOR FARMERS TO OBTAIN SMALLER COTTON ACREAGE

COTTON CARGOES WON'T BE TROUBLED

British Government Informs United States There Will Be No Interference With Shipments as Contraband.

Washington, October 25.—Sir Edward Grey, British foreign minister, has assured the United States that England will not interfere with American cotton shipments as "contraband of war."

The newly announced attitude of the British government will permit safe movement of American cotton to any point, including Germany, where a market may be found.

Safe Movement for Cotton.

The British announcement forestalled action by the state department upon a request made yesterday by southern senators that the belligerents be asked to give assurances that shipments of cotton from the United States to neutral or belligerent countries would not be seized or detained.

Cotton never has been listed as either absolute or conditional contraband, but some cargoes have been detained, and certain marine insurance companies have refused to issue cotton policies.

A fair market for cotton is said to exist in Germany, though most of the mills in England and France are closed.

Statement by British Ambassador.

The British ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, was officially informed by his government tonight of the assurances given Ambassador Page. He issued this statement:

"The assurance may be given that cotton is not on the list of contraband, and will not be seized. It is on the free list, and will remain there."

In a supplementary statement, the embassy again pointed out that cargoes, even of contraband, are being allowed to proceed when it is established they actually are destined to neutral countries.

Although so far cargoes of contraband have been detained in order to make sure they are really intended for neutral countries," said this statement, "and though some cargoes have been retained, such as copper destined for Krupp, the British government has not yet taken a single cargo without paying for it, and all cargoes which were really destined for neutral countries have been allowed to proceed to their destinations."

NEW LOW LEVEL FOR COTTON MARKET.

New Orleans, La., October 25.—The cotton market today.

Continued on Page Seven.

Reduction of Crop, Elimination of Cotton Surplus, and Era of Diversified Farming Made Possible by Plan Promoted by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce.

BANKERS ALSO PROMISE TO ENLIST ASSISTANCE OF SUPPLY MERCHANTS

Leaders in Movement Assert That 80 Per Cent of the Farmers Affected Are More or Less Dependent Upon Bankers and Supply Men for Credit.

As the result of a campaign by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce during the past month a majority of all bank presidents in the cotton region, more than three thousand in number, have pledged financial aid to farmers who reduce their cotton crop one-half in 1915 and substitute food crops for the other half. They also promise to enlist the supply merchants in this campaign.

It is believed that this will wipe out the cotton surplus in one year and will make a new era of diversified farming in the south.

While other organizations are

Continued on Last Page.

SOUTHERN G. O. P. WILL LOSE POWER IN CONVENTIONS

Chairman Hilles, of National Committee, Announces Call for 1916 Will Reduce Delegates From the South by 89.

GEORGIA REPUBLICANS TO LOSE 11 DELEGATES

Texas Will Lose 16, Alabama 8 and Other Southern States Proportionately. Hilles Says Cut Will Reduce Conflicts.

New York, October 25.—The bitter fight waged since 1880 to reduce the representation of southern states in republican national conventions has been won. Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the republican national committee, announced today that the call for the convention of 1916 would be on the basis, which reduces the number of delegates by 89. Most of this loss falls on the south.

The plan, proposed at the annual meeting of the national committee in Washington last December, has been made effective, Mr. Hilles said, through its ratification by conventions in states which cast a majority of votes in the present electoral college. "Every state convention held since last December, except Texas, gave its assent.

The states which adopted it cast 290 of the total of 531 votes in the electoral college. They are: Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Washington and West Virginia.

In the next convention the delegation of Alabama will be reduced by 4, Arkansas 3, Florida 4, Georgia 11, Louisiana 3, Mississippi 3, New York 2, North Carolina 3, South Carolina 7, Tennessee 2, Texas 16, Virginia 8, Hawaii 4, Porto Rico 2 and Philippine Islands 2.

"The new plan," said Chairman Hilles, "will eliminate conflicts between the rules of the party and the laws of several states, and will reduce the number of contesting delegations. The system of unequal numerical representation was the legacy of years and of political custom, and, therefore, not in any way identified with the convention of 1912."

TEARS ARE SHED BY MRS. CARMAN OVER MISTRIAL

The Jury Was Out a Little More Than Thirteen Hours Without Being Able to Reach an Agreement.

TEN OF THE JURY VOTED TO ACQUIT THE WOMAN

Five Ballots Were Taken. District Attorney Says Mrs. Carman Probably Will Never Be Tried Again

Minneapolis, N. Y., October 25.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman, charged with the murder of Mrs. Lewis Ball, to the order of Mrs. Carman's office, failed to reach a verdict after thirteen hours and ten minutes of deliberation. The jury, worn and bagged from lack of sleep, reported its inability to agree at 10:55 a. m. today and was discharged.

Mrs. Carman collapsed upon hearing the verdict and was carried from the courtroom. Her attorney announced that ball would be furnished for her release tomorrow, should the court consent, pending a new trial.

Ten for Acquittal.

Ten jurors are said to have voted for acquittal and two for conviction of murder in the first degree on the final ballot.

District Attorney Lewis J. Smith said tonight it was unlikely that Mrs. Carman ever would be brought to trial again.

Attorneys for Mrs. Carman tomorrow will ask that she be admitted to bail and the district attorney is not expected to oppose such a step.

The defendant collapsed in the courtroom after the jury was discharged, and it was said at the jail tonight she had been crying constantly ever since she was returned to her cell.

When the jury appeared to report disagreement, Mrs. Carman was brought in accompanied by her sister, Mrs. Ida Powell, and her niece, Mrs. Helen Corby. Dr. Edwin Carman, the defendant's husband, who has been sitting in the courtroom conversing with friends, joined his wife at the counsel table. Mrs. Carman appeared tired and fearful. Her hair was disheveled and her formerly immaculate costume wrinkled.

Robert Ludlum, foreman, announced: "We have been arguing for eight or nine hours and we have been conversing for the balance of the time. We cannot agree."

Mrs. Carman Weeps.

At the suggestion of John J. Graham, Mrs. Carman's chief counsel, Justice Kelly asked the jury whether it was the evidence they could not agree upon. "It is not a question of evidence, your honor," replied John H. Molynaux, juror No. 9; "we have gone over the evidence very carefully and we cannot reach a verdict."

The justice thanked the jury for its attention to the evidence and then discharged it. As the jurors passed out Mrs. Carman burst into tears.

"Oh, it is so hard. I am terribly disappointed. I felt sure the jury would acquit me."

Mrs. Powell and Mrs. Corby assisted the prisoner out of the courtroom and the numbers at the rear of her husband followed closely behind. After the party passed through the door Mrs. Carman fainted. She was quickly revived and then continued her journey to her cell in the jail. Dr. Guy Clegg, the jail physician, was summoned. He said she was on the verge of a nervous collapse.

Ludlum, the jury foreman, said five ballots were taken. On the first, the jurors stood 9 to 3 for acquittal; on the other four the vote was 10 to 2.

GEORGE S. GERSHON ELECTED PRESIDENT OF JEWISH LEAGUE

At a well attended meeting of the Jewish Educational League last night at the Jewish alliance, 99 Capitol avenue, Eugene Oberdorfer retired from the presidency of the organization, and was presented with a handsome token by the members. Mr. Oberdorfer, who is a well-known insurance man, has been president of the league since its organization, about a year ago.

Colonel S. Boorstin made a speech accepting the retiring of Mr. Oberdorfer. Colonel Walter Wisniska presented the name of George Gershon, president of the Atlanta Woodenware company, for president, and Mr. Gershon was unanimously elected. An address was made by Morris Lightfoot, secretary of the league, who has about 3,000 members and its mission is to accomplish the naturalization of Jewish members and to show them the opportunities of the democratic administration.

POLICE SEEK SLAYERS OF TWO NEGRO WOMEN

The body of a negro woman was found Sunday morning near the federal prison, and identified as that of Jessie Hilles. The woman's head was crushed, and from the decomposed state of the body she was probably murdered about five days ago. Two negro men, who have disappeared from the city, are suspected by the county police.

Mattie Morris, a negro woman residing at 12 West Fifth street, was shot and instantly killed last night by her husband, Gus Morris, who then jumped out of a window and escaped. Morris killed his wife because she had called on the police during the afternoon when he threw a brick at her. He shot her twice, one bullet lodging in her heart.

Continual Slaughter Along Entire Front But No Victory Won

Despite Bloodiest Fighting in History Neither the Allies Nor Germans Seem to Have Achieved Any Decisive Result—Allies Claim Gains at Some Points While the Germans Report Progress at Others.

BERLIN CLAIMS REPULSE TO ALLIES AND SLOW GERMAN ADVANCE TO SOUTH

Allies, However, Report the Situation as "Extremely Satisfactory"—Germans Fail to Advance Along Coast Owing to Fire of British Warships, but Take Route More Inland and Cross the Yser Canal—On the Eastern Front the Russians and Austro-German Forces Are Engaging in a Very Heavy Battle.

Paris, October 25.—(Via London.)—A dispatch from Geneva to the Excelsior says refugees from the battlefield declare the French occupy Thann, the valley of Moenzter, the valley of Wesser and all the passes there, including the pass of Sainte Marie in Alsace.

3,000 German Dead in Woods

Paris, October 25.—Four French batteries recently bombarded and destroyed a village in the Argonne region and turned their attention to the surrounding woods to which the Germans had fled. After the fight 3,000 German dead were found in the vicinity.

Allies Gain At Some Points And the Germans At Others

London, October 25.—Each day is but a repetition of the previous day in the battles being fought out in West Flanders, northern France and Poland. One side gains a little at one point, only to lose at another.

It appears from the official German and French reports that the Germans, finding it impossible to advance along the coast toward Dunkirk, owing to the fire from the British and French warships, took a route a little more inland and have succeeded in crossing the Yser canal, which the Belgians have been defending stubbornly for a week, to the west of Dixmude.

They also have made progress to the northeast of, and still are in possession of Roulers, toward which the allies were advancing last week. The Germans claim to have taken 500 British troops in the fighting in this neighborhood.

GERMANY MAY LAND TROOPS IN CANADA

NO CHANGE, SAY FRENCH. Of the gains claimed by the Germans, the French report makes no mention, dismissing the battle with the sentence: "There is no change to report between the sea and the region around Arras."

To add to the trials of the troops engaged in the desperate fighting, a short spell of fine weather has given place to another downpour of rain which will convert the lowlands of Flanders into great lakes.

Of the battle on the center and left wing the German report does not speak. The French declare they are maintaining their positions in the Argonne and along the Meuse. From unofficial sources it is learned the French have made some advance in the mountains along the Alsace border.

HEAVY BATTLE IN POLAND.

In Poland a very heavy battle is in progress.

Weather Prophecy UNSETTLED

Washington, October 25.—Forecast: Georgia—Unsettled Monday and Tuesday, probably local rains south portion.

Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Arkansas—Cloudy Monday and probably Tuesday.

Kentucky—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Tennessee—Unsettled Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Louisiana—Local rains Monday; Tuesday partly cloudy.

Mississippi—Alabama—Unsettled Monday and Tuesday, probably local rains south portion.

Florida—Rain Monday and Tuesday.

South Carolina, North Carolina—Partly cloudy Monday and Tuesday.

Progress between the fortresses of Ivangorod and Radom, where the Germans and Austrians, defeated in their first attempt to cross the Vistula, have remained.

Both sides have, according to their own reports, made prisoners and captured guns, but the battle, extending over a front of twenty-six miles, has not yet been decided.

The Austrians still are making a bold effort to cross the river San and are carrying on a splendid fight south of Przemyśl in the hope of reaching and recapturing the city.

The Montenegrins today admit they have had to withdraw to their previous positions along the Bosnian frontier, after an attack by superior forces of Austrians. The latter seem to have made a wonderful recovery.

Turkey again has assured Great Britain, France and Russia that she remains neutral. She continues her military activities, however, and is collecting transport animals, which, it is said, are destined for the Egyptian frontier.

It is considered that the presence of Russian forces on the Turkish border has influenced her not to take any action against the allies.

**GREAT FIGHTING DONE BY BELGIANS**  
London, October 25.—All the allies must take their hats off to the Belgian army which, for several days has been fighting two entire German army corps near Dixmude, frustrating the German designs on the strip of territory between Dunkirk and Calais.

The return of the French government to Paris is being seriously considered according to Reuters's Paris correspondent.

The military situation as a whole is regarded as extremely satisfactory. The enormous reinforcements received by the Germans have been unable to pierce the lines of the Belgians, who are still in restoring confidence.

At the same time it is admitted that the capture of the German lines in the district of La Bassée will mean prolongation of the present long-drawn battle.

The furious efforts of the enemy to cross the Yser resulted in enormous losses. The Belgians, who have opened most of the German trenches were flooded and the German soldiers could not take advantage to make a dash for it. In the result, in which they captured 1,600 fugitives.

**VERY VIOLENT BATTLE IS RAGING ACCORDING TO FRENCH WAR OFFICE**  
Paris, October 25.—This official communication was issued here at 11 o'clock tonight.

A battle of a very violent nature is being fought between the German and French forces in the Argonne region. The German forces have succeeded in crossing the Yser between the heights of the Meuse there is an artillery engagement.

The situation of the Belgians and French at Dixmude has changed for the better in the past few days. This does not mean, however, that the Germans are on the run. Much water will

run through the Yser before the Germans will definitely abandon their designs upon the northern coast.

Reports of a German retreat towards Bruges are anticipatory and exaggerated. The retreat, if it takes place, is a matter of a mile or two, made in order to get further away from the guns on the warships. The Germans now are entrenched a mile or more inland.

The casualties in the Belgian army about Dixmude have been tremendously heavy.

**FIRE OF SHIPS DEADLY TO GERMANS.**  
Dover, October 25.—(Via London)—It is estimated that the Germans lost 4,000 killed and wounded. The British warships firing started at 6 a. m. and continued without intermission for twelve hours.

The range of the ship's guns has been extended to 22 miles. The German trenches three miles inland. They destroyed a German field battery, dispersed a German bridging train, which had been assembled in the district of Westende.

The firing was rapid, that some guns discharged fourteen projectiles per minute. At the end of the day the whole coast from Calais to the West End was completely evacuated.

**ALLIES SATISFIED WITH SITUATION.**  
London, October 25.—(Via the Times)—The return of the French government to Paris is being seriously considered according to Reuters's Paris correspondent.

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**FRENCH PUBLIC FEELS ENCOURAGED.**  
Paris, October 25.—The success of the allies in repulsing the German attacks of the Germans as indicated in the official statement, encouraged the French public.

The fighting in the Argonne forests has been very heavy. Two French regiments have been completely destroyed. A German aeroplane east of Amiens. Both were decorated with the Croix de Guerre.

A German aeroplane threw four bombs into Verdun, but did little damage.

**FURIOUS BATTLE AT LA BASSEE.**  
Paris, October 25.—The Germans at La Bassée are making a desperate effort to shake themselves loose from the grip of the allies who menace their line of communications.

Both armies received reinforcements, but the allied lines today are holding firm. The Germans are making a great effort to break through the British line.

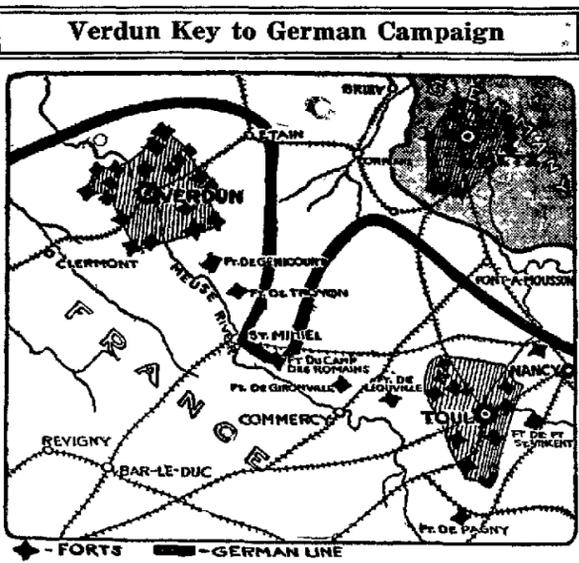
The strategic consequences of this battle of the north it is felt in some quarters will be greater than the German losses. It is suggested that after the battle the British in the course of the next few days should go back to Bordeaux.

**GERMANS CLAIM CHECK TO ALLIES AND GRADUAL ADVANCE TO SOUTH**  
Berlin, October 25.—(By wireless to Sayville 12)—The end of the two weeks' pause in the German official accounts, saw the final resumption of the enveloping campaign which the allies for a month have directed against the German front.

The following German comment on the various French official statements has been given to the press.

The tone of the French official war bulletins of last evening was rather pessimistic. It admits a retreat between the canal and La Bassée and mentions the impotency of the German attacks near Ypres.

The night bulletin aggravates the pessimistic impression. It repeats that there have been French defeats on the north wing in order to attract attention to the eastern theater of the war. It says that the front has not been pushed forward by a decisive phase it is said.



This map shows the forts of Verdun and Metz and the German battle line. The Verdun region is the key to the whole French situation on the east. If the Germans can reach the Meuse, the Verdun falls. It will be a serious blow to the French front.

**THOUSANDS HEAR GENERAL BOOTH**  
Work of Volunteers in Taking Care of Unfortunate Men Detailed by Leader of Movement.

General Ballington Booth president of the Volunteers of America, thrifted several thousand persons at the mass meeting at the Baptist Tabernacle Sunday afternoon.

General Booth was scheduled to deliver a lecture and make an appeal. He did both. He lectured on the subject of service to God and mankind and then he made a forceful appeal for both.

He outlined at great length the most salient features of the Volunteer movement throughout America, and he struck the sympathetic chord when he told the throng how thousands of wretched men and women have been dragged from the city gutters, from prison cells, and how they have been started on the straight path.

Work of the Volunteer General Booth, gives man a second chance and a firmer grip on life.

At the conclusion of his lecture, General Booth made an appeal for help for the local institution. He was supported by the Volunteer movement, and as the result several hundred dollars was collected.

W. S. Witham, the local banker, started with a subscription of \$500 and he explained that he had a friend who would give a like amount.

General Booth arrived in Atlanta early Sunday morning, and spent one day here. He visited the local headquarters in company with Captain J. Charles Barier staff officer, and a committee of local citizens.

General Booth was at the Tabernacle where a great crowd was present to welcome him.

**GERMAN VESSEL SUNK BY JAP BATTLESHIP**  
Honolulu, October 24.—The German schooner Aetolus captured by the Japanese battleship Hizen off Honolulu harbor early today was towed out to a point ten miles off this port tonight, riddled with shells and sunk.

The Aetolus had no cargo aboard. A press boat from the Somers, which the schooner was sunk put out from Honolulu to visit the Hizen was returning to shore when Captain Hizen, of the battleship, sighted the schooner and fired several shells at it.

**DUKE OF ROXBURGH SEVERELY WOUNDED BY THE MONTENEGRINS**  
Nish, October 25.—(Via London)—The Serbian war office announces that the Duke of Roxburgh, British ambassador in Belgrade, was severely wounded in the north of the city.

The Duke is well known in the United States. He married Mrs. Goclet of New York.

ber 24 says that fighting along the Yser canal was extremely stubborn and that in the north the Germans crossed the canal by strong forces. East of Ypres and south of the canal, the troops advanced slowly under heavy fighting.

North of Toul near Fleury, the French declined a truce offered by us for burying the great number of their dead and taking care of their wounded.

**GERMAN BOMBS DESTROY WARSAW**

Large Number of Non-Combatants Killed and Wounded, Including Many Children—Only Nine Soldiers Struck.

London, October 25.—The German campaign with airplane bombs against Warsaw has been extremely effective, says the Warsaw correspondent of Reuters.

Many children drawn into the streets by curiosity were struck and killed. The bombs were dropped from prisoners, airplane raids on London are impending.

**CROWN PRINCE**  
Paris, October 25.—The Crown Prince's correspondent at Vitry-la-Francois says that the town of Reuilly twelve miles from here where Crown Prince Frederick was killed in the war.

**GERMANS BEATEN, RUSSIANS CLAIM**  
Petrograd, October 25.—The following communication was issued tonight from general headquarters.

The Russian troops inflicted several defeats on the German rear guards who were attempting to hold positions along the rivers Rava, Skerwinka and Bykka.

The Austrians in retreat with the Germans on the roads near Radom having received reinforcement and profiting by the wooded and rolling character of the region offered stubborn resistance to our offensive.

**GERMANY TO REGULATE EXPORTATION OF SUGAR**  
Berlin, October 25.—(Via The Hague and London)—The government has decided to regulate the exportation of sugar so that the major portion of the crop will be sent in the country for domestic consumption.

**JAPANESE IN GERMANY HAVE BEEN RELEASED**  
Pome Italy, October 25.—The Japanese embassy announced that sixty-eight Japanese detained in Germany have been released through the intervention of the American ambassador at Berlin.

**KING HONORS KAISER; KAISER HONORS KING**  
London, October 25.—A Marconi dispatch from Berlin says The King of Saxony has bestowed upon Emperor William the Ritter cross and the Grand Cross of the military order of St. Henry.

**WE SHOW A COMPLETE LINE OF Vassar Union Suits For Men**  
\$1.50 and up  
Cloud - Stanford's 61 Peachtree

**GOLD CROWNS AND BRIDGE WORK \$3.00**  
BEST SET OF TEETH THAT MONEY CAN BUY \$5.00  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED  
ATLANTA DENTAL PARLORS  
Corner Peachtree and Decatur Sts.  
Entrance 19 1/2 Peachtree St.

**STROH'S BOHEMIAN BEER**  
For Your Visitors  
The Most Expensively Brewed Beer In America  
Beer is the only pure temperance drink.  
The Stroh Brewery Co., Detroit, Mich.

**IRELAND TO KEEP PLACE AS A FIGHTING NATION**  
Belfast, Ireland, October 25.—(Via London)—Addressing a meeting of Irish volunteers today John E. Redmond, Irish nationalist leader, said that the Irish people must be determined to keep the nation as a fighting nation.

**KEIMOS IS ATTACKED BY MARITZ AND REBELS**  
London, October 25.—The Pretoria, Transvaal, correspondent of Reuters has forwarded the following official statement.

**GEN. POCHHAMMER DIES WHILE LEADING TROOPS**  
Berlin, October 25.—(Via The Hague and London)—In the casualty list issued yesterday, the name of Major General Pochhammer, killed October 4 while leading his troops in the forest of Argonne.

**BACKS COTTON POOL**

English Trade Paper Tells the Planters of South Not to Be Despondent.

London, October 18.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—Discouraging the plight of American cotton growers, The Cotton Factory Times, a prominent English trade paper says it is to be hoped that, for their sakes as well as ours, the planters will get through without serious loss.

**DEMAND FOR COTTON COMING IN DUE TIME**  
The call for cotton will come in due time and it is essential in the general interest that it should then be forthcoming in sufficient quantities which could hardly be the case if the growers were ruined or severely hit at the present time.

**WOMEN OF THE BETTER CLASS**  
The women of the better class, dressed in heavy furs come forth with chivalry to the aid of the poor.

**PRICE OF PROVISIONS RISING IN AUSTRIA**  
Pola, Austria, October 25.—(Via Venice and Paris)—The price of provisions here has increased greatly. The cost of 20 cents a kilogram (2 1/2 pounds) more than double the ordinary price.

**BRITAIN WILL STOP GERMAN RESERVISTS**  
Washington, October 25.—The British embassy tonight issued this statement.

**AUSTRIANS DEFEATED BY THE MONTENEGRINS**  
Nish, October 25.—(Via London)—The Serbian war office announces that the Austrians were defeated in the north of the city.

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For Your Visitors  
The Most Expensively Brewed Beer In America  
Beer is the only pure temperance drink.  
The Stroh Brewery Co., Detroit, Mich.

# Atlanta Ample Able Now To Float a Big Bond Issue; City's Limit Is \$7,671,000

Advocates of a municipal bond issue for schools, hospital annex, streets, sewers and other needed improvements, are slated today over fact that Atlanta's digest shows that the city's borrowing capacity will be approximately \$7,671,000 in January, an increase of \$21,000 over its capacity at the time the last issue of bonds was floated.

Councilman Claude Mason, chairman of the recently created industrial commission, believes that the city will be able to float \$2,000,000 in bonds or less than half of the city's borrowing capacity.

The commission will meet Thursday afternoon. Among other things it will discuss the feasibility of issuing bonds. The commission is composed of Councilmen C. Mason, chairman; Claude L. Ashley, C. D. Knight, A. R. Colcord and George H. Boynton, and citizens of Atlanta are represented on the committee by J. M. B. Hoxsey, T. K. Glenn, Isaac Schenck and L. C. Hopkins.

Councilman Mason will present to the commission a report on the increase in taxes, revenue from municipal industries and other data, and will urge the city to issue bonds. The commission recommends an issue of \$2,000,000 in bonds. Councilman Mason will vote for a small amount of bonds. He advocates a year-end bond issue for the purpose of which, he explains, will enable the people to pay for their street assessments in installments covering a period of ten years.

**Separate Vote on Bonds.**  
"I will favor allowing the people to vote on the bonds separately," Councilman Mason says. "That is, let the voters vote on the bonds. If they don't favor bonds for sewers, they can vote against the issuance of bonds for that purpose. For the same purpose they don't consider as needful."

Councilman Mason said Sunday that he is going to invite the general council to vote on the bonds. He will be chairman of the committee. Councilman Mason will urge the commission to give his committee the benefit of his knowledge and information it absorbed while wrestling with the last bond issue.

It is certain that the commission will make its report to the general council on Monday. It will be held on Monday, one week hence. It will strongly urge a bond issue of \$2,000,000, but also to afford work to the unemployed of the city.

Sentiment in favor of bonds is strong among members of the general council today. The oldest and best informed men in council like the position that a majority of the bond issue will not be a burden on the city. Councilman W. G. Humphrey, chairman of the committee, says that Atlanta must issue bonds or shove improvements to one side.

Atlanta's sewerage system will take four or five years to complete if the city sticks to the present method of draining out money for new sewers.

# Every Monday is Our Bargain Day in Used PIANOS

Our immense business in Player-Pianos, covering the entire South, throws upon our Home Office, here, a heavy load of instruments. We receive per month these are received from our customers throughout the South in payment of their orders. Pianos are shipped to our central repair shop in Atlanta, where they are repaired or rebuilt as occasion requires.

We sacrifice them on Monday of each week at prices ranging from 25 to 50 per cent below their original cost. Some are slightly used, all are in first-class condition. The values are phenomenal. Full credit for the price paid will be allowed later in exchange for a new instrument if desired.

Our Monday Bargain Sale of Used pianos has become a feature of the week and throughout the South. Call Monday and look them over, or write to us for special list reserved for out-of-town customers.

# SPECIAL NOTICE KODAKERS

Here's your chance to save dollars on your Christmas Gifts and at the same time give your friends an out-of-the-ordinary present. If you own a Kodak you probably have a bunch of good negatives—pictures of yourself or members of your family—THAT WILL MAKE SPLENDID ENLARGEMENTS.

We will make from any Kodak Negative, a Black and White or Sepia Bromide Enlargement 5x7 inches, mounted in a handsome Silver Gray or Sepia mount, 10x11 inches, embossed in two colors, for

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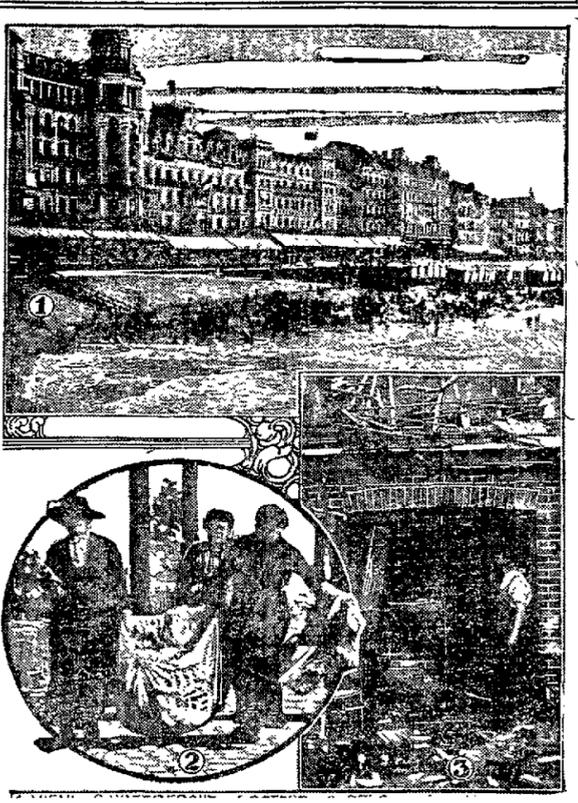
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31-SOUTH BROAD STREET ATLANTA, GEORGIA

# View of Ostend, Taken by Germans



1. View of Waterfront at Ostend. 2. Belgian Refugees. 3. House Damaged by German Airship Bomb at Ostend.

After the capture of Antwerp by the Germans they advanced on Ostend, the famous watering place, a base for future attack on England. Meanwhile Belgians fled from their homes into Holland amid many pathetic scenes. Women carried what they could in shawls, bags and in other ways, often being separated from their children in the hurry of departure.

# TRAGEDY OF THE WAR PICTURED BY GERMAN

Touching Incidents of Invasion of France Are Given by Kaiser's Officer.

The Hague, October 18.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The tragedy of war is pictured in the letters of a German officer, Lieutenant Meunier, who is now in England. He writes in his journal that he has seen many of the most touching incidents of the invasion of France. He writes that he has seen many of the most touching incidents of the invasion of France. He writes that he has seen many of the most touching incidents of the invasion of France.

"I saw immediately that the man had died from a shot through the heart. But the chasseur who accompanied me, who was evidently very fond of the officer, asked me with great concern, 'Is his wife still alive?'"

"I shook my head, saying: 'No, he is dead.'"

"And that is a very touching thing occurred. The soldier fell to his knees beside the dead officer and prayed for a long time. A scripping picture on the ground in the night, lay four dead horses. My men stood about them in a ring, and their circles rested their heads with their hands on their faces at his side. We were silent—the silence of death was upon us, but then we heard the voice of death, who may gather us tomorrow."

# HOME OF FIRE CAPTAIN LOOTED BY BURGLARS

Thieves entered the residence of Samuel B. Chapman, 327 North Jackson, last evening in the absence of the family and carried away everything portable in the house. Mrs. Chapman stated that she had no idea as to the amount of her loss, as the intruders showed no discrimination between silverware, fine cut glass and old shoes.

At the time of the looting, Mrs. Chapman and her niece were attending to the household duties. Mrs. Chapman, a captain of No. 6 engine house, was away on duty.

# AUSTRIAN AEROPLANES BOMBARD (Via London)

Three Austrian aeroplanes today dropped bombs on Antwerp without effect. The attack apparently was to destroy the French aeroplanes recently brought here by the fleet.

# CONDUCTOR ON GEORGIA KILLED UNDER WHEELS

Charles A. Gravitt, 38 years old, living at 87 Berne street, and for ten years an employe of the Georgia railroad, was instantly killed last night when he was struck by a freight car over his body, severing his head and arm. Mr. Gravitt was yard conductor for the Georgia railroad and was superintending the switching of some freight cars at the time of the accident.

The deceased is survived by his wife, Mrs. C. A. Gravitt, and three children, a boy 12 years old, a boy 10 years old and a baby 3 weeks old. Mr. Gravitt and family live with Mr. George Staint of 87 Berne street, a relative.

The body was taken to the Patten undertaking chapel.

# PARENTS TO MAKE APPEAL TO COUNCIL

Afternoon Sessions in Many Atlanta Schools Cause Indignation in All Parts of the City.

The Constitution's story Sunday morning exploiting the fact that regardless of council's appropriation of \$11,812 "double sessions" are still being taught in Atlanta's public schools, has created a stir in parents' circles, and indications today are that a demand will be made on council and the board of education to make the necessary changes immediately.

In one school alone—the Tenth Street school—there are four double sessions, and in other schools there are as many as two and three instances where one class uses a classroom in the morning and another in the afternoon. In many schools there is but one double session, but the teachers and parents declare that the system is outrageous and almost a waste of time. Some teachers were forced to teach two classes.

"It seems to me that the school board, with \$11,812 additional in its budget for the last three months of the year, could devise some sort of sane system in the schools," said a prominent club leader, Sunday afternoon. "It is a hardship on the parents to be forced to disorganize the home. Something should be done at once. If the school board cannot improve conditions with the money council appropriated, then it seems to me that the board should be abolished and the school children the consideration due them."

**Why Money Was Given.**  
The members of the education board point out that Superintendent William M. Slaton is carrying out the orders of the board to abolish the double sessions, but they contend, the board cannot hope to make every session a morning session with the present congestion in the schools. Some members argue that the \$11,812 appropriated by council was for the purpose of employing additional teachers, and not for the purpose of paying for the double sessions. They say that Alderman Jesse Armistead, chairman of the school committee of council, informed the board that the double sessions were approved the expenditure of any part of the October special appropriation if used otherwise than to employ additional teachers.

Chairman W. G. Humphrey, of council's finance committee, says that it was his understanding at the time the appropriation was made that the double sessions were to be abolished. He says that the committee assumed at the time the school board representatives made the demand for the money, that the appropriation would be used primarily for new teachers, which was the most essential need at the time, and that the board, after employing the teachers, would work out a plan which would put every class of school children on the same basis.

Conditions are almost as bad now as when the board went before the committee.

**Obiect to Afternoon Sessions.**  
One of the arguments used against the double session was that it was a futile expenditure of money to employ a teacher to instruct a class in the afternoon. Morning sessions were not hit at in the protests which were made to the board and council and upon which The Constitution waged its fight. Parents pointed out that the evil of the double session was to be used to absorb the instruction which a lagged-out teacher attempted to force on them. It was also pointed out that in addition to disorganizing the home schedule, the afternoon sessions had the effect of interfering with the single sessions by conflicting with the schedules of the faculty.

Only in the negro schools where the children have been actually crowded out because of lack of teachers and lack of room, do the conditions approach what teachers and children have to contend with in

# PAPAL STATE SECRETARY



CARDINAL GASPARRI

Cardinal Pietro Gasparri has been selected by the pope to fill the position of secretary of state, made vacant by the death of Cardinal Ferrata. Cardinal Gasparri was for years the pope's companion in the department of the secretary of state when Cardinal Rampolla was papal secretary. After the death of Pope Leo, Cardinal Gasparri was secretary of state for ecclesiastical affairs, an office which is a subdivision of the papal secretariat.

Some of the white schools. At the Exposition Mill school the annex will probably suspend studies for a week, at least, while the room in which a double session is held is made into a classroom. At the Howell Mill school there is dissatisfaction, not only because of lack of teaching facilities, but because of the fact that double sessions are necessary.

Mayor Woodward has indicated his displeasure because of the failure of the school department to remedy conditions to any appreciable extent with the money appropriated for the purpose in October. Members of council who consented to have their special improvement funds recalled are also vexed. It will be recalled that in order to make up the \$11,812 given to the school board, it was necessary for the finance committee to recall all the money in the city treasury, part of the South Pryor street fund, money from the Peachtree "hot-tel" fund, and Mayor Woodward was forced to stop the sewer committee and the construction department from acting on with any more sewer work this year.

# GERMAN SUBMARINE U-9 SAFE IN HOME HARBOR

Berlin, October 25.—(Via Rome.)—The German submarine U-9, which sank the British cruiser, returned safely to her home harbor at noon Friday. The admiral has not yet made public the details of the submarine's latest exploit. Captain Wedigen, commander of the U-9, has received the decoration of the Order Pour le Merite.

The sinking of the British freight steamer Glitra, off the Norwegian coast on October 20 has been credited by Norwegian papers to the U-17, which also has returned to her harbor.

The German submarine U-9, Captain Wedigen, is the craft which earlier sank the British cruisers Hogue, Aboukir and Cressy.

**A FREE LECTURE ON CHRISTIAN SCIENCE**  
BY BLISS KNAPP, C. S. R.  
AT THE NEW CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCH  
Peachtree and 15th Streets, Tuesday, October 27th, at 8:15 P. M.  
THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED

# CARRANZA FOLLOWER BREAKS THE ARMISTICE

Gen. Herrera Attacks Parral, But Is Repulsed—About 300 Men Killed.

El Paso, Texas, October 25.—General Macdonald Herrera, a Carranza follower, has broken the armistice fixed by the peace convention at Aguas Calientes, and attacked Parral, Chihuahua, according to official constitutionalist advices today.

In the battle, which occurred Friday, the Carranza troops were repulsed. The town was defended by 2,000 Villa troops. Herrera was said to have 1,200 men. The fight lasted five hours and about 300 were killed on either side.

As Herrera attacked, the Villa leaders disarmed forty of their own men on the outskirts of the town and after the battle it was discovered they all had been killed. Villa leaders charged they had been slaughtered by Herrera's men.

# ITALY BEING URGED TO JOIN THE ALLIES

Rome, Italy, October 25.—Signor Ballisti, socialist deputy from Trent, has described in a public address here today what he termed the frightful condition of the Italian provinces under Austria. He declared the people were worse off than during the years of the Italian revolution, and urged that Italy free them from Austrian rule.

The deputy lauded Emperor Nicholas for his offer to liberate under certain conditions Austrian prisoners of war, but declared that the emperor's offer was a great demonstration in which the emperor was loudly cheered.

Other speakers made similar remarks, but differences of opinion among the speakers resulted in several scuffles. Police and troops promptly suppressed the disorders.

The prisoners of Italian nationality who will be transferred to Italy under the emperor's offer, number 5,000, according to reports received at the Austrian and Russian embassies.

It is said they may be delivered to Italy without condition, although the fruit proposal was that they would not be permitted to return to Austria.

# AUSTRIA IS ALARMED BY SHORTAGE OF COAL

Venice, October 26.—(Via Paris, 1:25 a. m.)—The coal situation in Austria is becoming alarming. Reserve stocks of coal have been used up and dealers are scarcely able to meet the daily demands of their customers.

There are large stocks of coal in Silesia, but no freight cars to transport them. All efforts to obtain coal from Western Bohemia and Moravia have failed. Other owners they already have sold their output in advance.

# For the Critical Man

The more critical the man, the more certain he will prefer the

**VASSAR**  
NATION SUIT  
FOR GENTLEMEN.  
**\$1.00 to \$3.50**  
**LAW BROS. CO.**  
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# This English Fireside Rocker \$23.35

An elegant piece of furniture, a splendid value! It combines graceful lines, rich coloring and rare comfort. The seat is low and wide, the arms roll back in a most comfortable and inviting fashion.

It may be had upholstered in old blue and green and old blue and brown, figured patterns. Mahogany legs. It is 32 inches wide, 42 inches high.

The chair to match, same price, is 32 inches wide, 44 inches high. Another quaint wing rocker of fine lines and rich upholstery (brown and green) is this one with turned mahogany posts at \$26.50. The chair to match is the same price.

**We will prepay freight on any of these Chairs to any point within the third postal zone of Atlanta**

**Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.**

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THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER
Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly
CLARK HOWELL
Editor and General Manager



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THREE THOUSAND BANKS BACK SOUTHERN PROSPERITY.

The Constitution announces this morning the result of a remarkable campaign instigated by the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce in behalf of the reduction of next year's cotton crop

The movement has had the personal direction of President M. R. Wilkinson ably assisted by Mr. Robert F. Maddox, chairman of the cotton committee of the chamber which was charged with the responsibility of working out the plan to which the organization, as a whole had committed itself.

Briefly stated the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce has secured the written pledge of more than THREE THOUSAND BANKS IN THE COTTON BELT to lend financial assistance to those farmers who will agree to reduce their next year's cotton crop one half, and to substitute food crops for the other half.

The significance of the promptness and the unanimity with which the banks of the south have responded to this movement can not be overestimated. It means that with the reduction of next year's cotton crop to a one-half basis the south will receive more for the cotton it will market than if it duplicated this year's crop.

The Atlanta Chamber of Commerce has repeatedly said that THE REMEDY IS IN THE HANDS OF THE BANKERS, THE MERCHANTS AND THE FARMERS THEMSELVES—each being dependent to a large extent upon the other, and both of the other two being directly dependent upon the banker.

GET IT TO THE WAREHOUSE.

There are two good reasons why every farmer should get his cotton into the warehouse with as little delay as possible. First, for his own protection in preventing serious weather damage, and, next, as an aid to business by putting the cash advances or the warehouse receipts, which is almost the same thing, into circulation.

If any grower has been deluding himself with the idea that exposure doesn't hurt cotton, the quicker he gets it out of his mind the better it will be for his pocketbook.

There is nothing so deleterious to cotton as long exposure to the moisture of the atmosphere and to rains, which gradually rot it and render the staple worthless for weaving purposes.

Officials of the Georgia Bankers' association, who call attention to this danger in a circular which The Constitution publishes today, have in no wise overdrawn it when they say the farmer who leaves his cotton exposed to the weather for six months will lose more than he stands to lose right now as the result of depressed prices brought about by the European war.

In addition to this duty to self there is the duty to others which the grower may meet by warehousing his cotton. The receipts may be placed with his creditors as security, or if his creditors have been satisfied, retained by himself. In either event they become a basis for loans which mean more circulation, the discharging of more obligations and better business.

If it costs a cent a pound to carry cotton in the warehouse for an entire year what does this amount to in comparison with the loss of fully half its value by letting it deteriorate and rot through six months of bad weather? Besides, the use of the money advanced on warehouse receipts is an offset in part to this comparatively small expense.

Georgia farmers should get their cotton to their nearest warehouse now. Every consideration of self and others demands it. It is as safe there as if it had been finally sold and the money deposited in bank to the grower's credit. It means insurance against loss by fire and weather. It will mean more business and better business for everybody. It will mean mental relief to the farmer through the temporary settlement of his problem and the renewal of his credit, and he can go at his next year's work with better heart.

In the meantime, there is every reason to look for improvement in the market, and when the time comes to sell it will mean full market price for cotton that has been kept in condition as good as when it came from the field.

Any way you figure it getting cotton to the warehouse now is going to mean more money in the farmer's pocket.

WRITING THE WAR'S HISTORY

The Boston Transcript does not believe that any European will be qualified for the task of historian of the war for many years to come. His name is not on the horizon of letters today.

The difficulties of the task are clearly outlined—the home hatreds and prejudices engendered by the war and the strict censorship of the work of the conscientious correspondent who would get at the truth of the dreadful drama of the world's great strife.

Many of these correspondents hedged about by the restrictions under which their work is done have become disheartened but nevertheless, if they are not permitted to write the whole story they see it in all its grim reality and perhaps the future historian of the war is among them.

Correspondent Irvin Cobb writing to his wife recently, said: "I am at a town in Germany. I am going to another town. If I told you the name of it you wouldn't get this letter."

Those few lines throw light on the situation as it affects the work of the war reporter.

Will the historian of the great conflict be an American? The Boston Transcript believes that he will.

JUST FROM GEORGIA

The Unknown Brother.
I
He always took a far off stand
Portents Too hard to read
With it
He lived right in the Promised Land
And knew not he was in it!

II
The wonder where I want to go
That spell it was that bound him
'Twas for the gold of there you know
When gold was all around him

III
You better toss your dreams away
And stop your vain refrain
You better thank your stars, and stay
Where sweet home-lights are shining

The Lost Rabbit's Foot
The United correspondent of The Fourth Valley (Ark.) Herald writes:
Miss Marjorie Pughly the Bear Creek Diann lost her rabbit foot and she has only killed five bear this season. She came across a gang of fourteen turkeys last week and she let two of them get away in spite of her best efforts.

Spotted.
The Iowa Register thinks that the man who said "you don't want to vote for me you can go to hell for all I care, I am not very particular about the office anyway" must be the man who put the "canidid" in candidate.

WHAT DO I CARE FOR THE WAR!



Unique Home-Soag
This unique poem of Home is going the rounds with the Author Unknown stamp.

One rubber plant can never make a home
Not even when combined with brush and comb
And spoon and fork and knife
And graphophone and wife
No Something more is needed for a home

One rubber plant can never make a home
One day did not suffice for building Rome.
One gas log and a cut
Can't civilize a flat
No Something more is needed for a home

Sure It's an All-Night World!
This is the way Uncle John Lewis voices his thankfulness in his Houston Post column.

We can be thankful we are living if nothing else when it's Thanksgiving. We've bought our cotton helped to ship the cargo to the Christmas ship and we shall go to sleep that night believing the old world's all right even if war does scorch its hide across there on the T. Europe side. G. moves in a most riotous way. His wonders to perform we can not read his plans in war or in the rushing storm. But just a little segment of the circle meets our ken. The plans of God are too big to be understood by men.

In Line at Last
He's quit foretelling hurricanes
An' prophesying snow
The New Times keep him going
An' it's a time for him to go

Folks jes went on an left him
To hear the gloom bells chime
An when he saw em on the hills
'Twas time for him to climb

The New Times jes won't let him rest—
He says to the folks call
And how he thinks he'll make the best
Of God's world after all

We pull through somehow, whether we've got the income tax or no, and the paper we climb the more we wonder how we ever managed it!

What He Met With
This sad local item from The Mercyville Banner:
Charles Mohar met with a sad affliction last Tuesday morning. He was killed in a fall.

The Constitution People
When folks never k...
They complain high an' low
They find more thorns than roses
When prolektion about
But when old Harp Times hits us
They're fast to find it out

War Note of Br'er Williams
De way d in war kings over yander talk
bout God be n on de side it nuff ter make
de warts lean over de walls o Zion an' sen
a flyin' star ter tell um dey dunna what
dey talkin bout. Wen de Lawd wuz on de
earth He didnt walk wid de kings. He
made frens wid po folks. Dey wuz all
His compny

The Holland Letter

Sir George Paish is quoted as having said to members of the federal administration at Washington that the United States owes to England on current account about \$300,000,000. This is \$50,000,000 less than the sum reported to the bankers a few days before he went to Washington as his estimate of the aggregate existing obligations to England by the United States.

The estimate given by him in Washington was gratifying because the disposition has been strong in financial circles to place the aggregate of existing indebtedness at not far from \$300,000,000 perhaps more.

In normal times indebtedness of this kind is reckoned with by international bankers when the visible or apparent trade balance in favor of the United States in its international trade is under discussion.

For instance the visible or apparent trade balance on foreign trade has averaged for some years in the neighborhood of \$500,000,000 a year in our favor. But international bankers have had good reason for knowing that heavy drafts upon this balance are made through settlements of international indebtedness abroad and through the payment of bankers bills which were discounted in London.

Another item which was always taken into consideration was the aggregate charges for ocean freights for instance, and also travelers' letters of credit.

When these invisible or unrecorded payments were made then our visible or apparent trade balance dwindled considerably sometimes by as much as one half.

As the existing obligations of the United States to other parts of the world, and principally England, are for the most part established by the first of August, it is presumed that there have been no heavy increases in our foreign obligations since the war in Europe began.

Therefore if we take Sir George Paish's estimate as a fairly accurate rate one there was accumulated in the seven months from the first of January indebtedness principally to England of from \$200,000,000 to \$250,000,000. This would appear to indicate that in the course of the year when business is normal our indebtedness abroad occasioned by trade in excess of the indebtedness which is a matter of record by custom house reports is approximately about \$400,000,000.

What England Wants
Sir George was frank in his statement to the bankers of this city whom he met and has been equally frank while in Washington in saying that England is not, as is generally supposed, in a position to pay more than \$200,000,000 per year in gold.

However it may be possible to work out some plan whereby payments may be made without exporting large amounts of gold.

There are some other features of the rather general statement which are noteworthy. Sir George Paish, who has commanded much discussion in this city, for instance, he seems to be of the opinion that it will not be difficult or perilous speedily to open the stock exchanges of New York and of London.

He is of such high authority that his views are of great importance. The dumping of American securities upon the United States after the exchanges are open and the calling of loans by the banks are regarded as worthy of serious consideration.

However his view is not the one generally adopted. It is not the opinion of the investment bankers of this city, for instance, that Sir George Paish, who is an influential member of the Investment Bankers Association of America is persuaded that whenever the stock exchange is open American railway securities now held abroad will be offered for sale.

These offers will be made not in any sense to the owners of the securities for ready money. There is no doubt that Mr. Strauss view is the one held, tentatively at least, by many of the financial leaders of the time.

This is the factor however, of the situation which is of greatest importance. The obligations to England which Sir George Paish estimates at about \$200,000,000 possibly a little more. This money is actually owed and if England can secure payment by exports of American gold she will be gratified.

Economies in Europe now entering into the situation which if it is continued will in the long run be of influence equal perhaps to any other in restoring normal conditions. Recent bank statements as well as action—some of which has been publicly acknowledged—white some of the knowledge of industrial organizations make it plain that we have entered upon an era of rigid economies some of which are voluntary and some enforced.

There will be record made in the course of a few weeks of the passing of dividends by moribund corporations which have not in forty years suspended dividend payments. Action of this kind reflects the desire to accumulate surplus and to strengthen the position of these business houses. Some of the railroads and some of the industrial companies have either passed or reduced dividends and some are now considering the expediency of passing dividends which are customarily paid in the last quarter of the calendar year.

It has also become apparent that the people are beginning to practice economies. Charles A. Conant, however, stated that the United States capital normally available for investment each year is about \$4,000,000,000. There are about \$5,000,000,000 of foreign capital invested in American securities. If we practice rigid economies for two or three years at the same time developing as thoroughly as possible our resources we shall have abundant capital available for investment in the United States.

On the Battle Line.
Wreck and ruin and countless dead
Whose life-blood flows like a crimson tide
And the spirit is sickened and humbled
Of the pride
Of ravenous nations whose mercy has fled
For Hate and the horror of madness
Instead
Reign where the goodness of Love should
abide
Oblivion's long arms alone can hide
The sorrows of conflict—the terror—the
dread
Of the horrors war has broken the anguish
of the night
By the battle of brothers who fight and
kill
Of the widows and orphans of those who
fought
And the cry of Famine that will not be
still
O God of All Nations—Spirit Divine
Let the Light of Peace through the war
clouds shine
JOSEPH W. HUMPHRIES
Atlanta Ga.

WALKER EXPLAINS OPERATION OF "SCREVEN COUNTY PLAN"

The following communication came to the editor from Mr. Walker, manager of the "Screven county plan" should prove of interest to all farmers and business men interested in the solution of the south's cotton problem.

Editor Constitution: Risking your displeasure at what might seem an imposition upon your good nature, you have so kindly granted me space on several occasions recently I am writing you with the idea of informing those of your readers who have evinced an interest in the working of what is now generally known as the Screven county plan as to the success with which the plan is meeting and at the same time explaining a few features of it which do not seem to be perfectly clear in the minds of some of our friends.

One prominent objection voiced by our critics has been the danger of accumulation of the cotton certificates in the hands of merchants or local bankers without an outlet and without means of realizing upon them in case of need.

That this objection is not a sound one is readily provable. In the first place the certificates are in itself a good 6 per cent bond. Compared with the bond issued by almost any small or medium-sized town, it is very much more desirable.

The security behind it is absolute. There is cotton on the basis of 7 cents per pound for middling grade deposited with a bonded warehouseman fully insured against fire perfectly protected against deterioration from exposure to weather and carefully weighed and graded, then there is the note of the owner of that cotton, given for the amount of certificates advanced and pledging his credit to the pay ment of the note and in addition to this there is the credit of the warehouse company which guarantees the payment of the certificates as well as the joint and several credit and property of the individuals who are members of the company's organization being a partnership and not a corporation.

So that in the event of the inability of the warehouseman to sell the pledged cotton on redemption day for a sufficient price to him, the principal and charges advanced there is immediately available to make up the deficiency the personal credit of the farmer and the members of the warehouse company. Therefore with a proper knowledge of the value of the certificate or bond if it is desired to so term it, there is no good reason why this paper should not be readily available in the financial markets or at least negotiable or usable as collateral against loans for the terms of the bond.

In fact that an outlet might be provided one of our local banks took the question up with its Savannah correspondent one of the largest banks in Savannah. This bank had the entire plan investigated both as to its practicality from a business and financial

standpoint and as to its legality. The business feature of it was instantly recognized by the officials of the bank and met their approval and once an examination had been made of the legal status of the certificates counsel for the bank among the leaders of the Savannah bar rendered a lengthy opinion thoroughly indorsing the plan and sustaining its legality. This bank now accepts the certificates as collateral to loans. In addition to this one of the largest fertilizer companies in the country, the American Agricultural Chemical Company, has announced its desire to receive the certificates in payment of the notes due them by the farmers in Screven county and a large number of the merchants and jobbers there are now considering the plan to the end of deciding whether or not they will accept the certificates in exchange. In the absence of regular currency it will be greatly to the advantage of any community to adopt a plan similar to this one and to the greater advantage of the jobbers and shippers of the city market to agree to accept the certificates in trade for besides stimulating trade it will enable the farmer to pay his back indebtedness in perfectly good exchange and at the same time hold his cotton at his nearest warehouse against a rise in the price.

A universal adoption of a plan of this character will solve the present great problem and will also help in the curtailment of the next crop for the reason that the farmer having his crop of 1914 in the warehouse will hesitate to plant another large crop to be sold on the present market. The buy-a-bale plan was a very creditable display of patriotism and loyal friendship to our section, but it amounts really to that in the end its effect upon the market has been almost nil.

The cotton pool suggested in St. Louis but which it is successful in it yet guaranteed that the pool will be raised? Every day of waiting puts the south nearer disaster. There must be some instant action taken in a great many communities. We have taken ours here and it is relying on us. We want our neighbors and friends all over the south to get the benefit of our experience and get the consequent relief.

Under our plan every man who owns a bale of cotton is equal. No matter what a man's standing is if he has a bale of cotton he is equal. It is not a matter of how many our warehouses and get his certificates and spend them just as readily as the most influential banker in the community.

I had not intended to ask for this much space but I would respectfully invite correspondence on this subject from all interested in the welfare of our farmers and merchants and bankers who have made advances for the making of the crop. Yours very truly W. J. WALKER

Savannah Ga. October 2, 1914

WEATHER DAMAGED COTTON MAY MEAN SEVERE LOSS TO GROWERS

Warning to farmers all over Georgia against leaving their cotton out of doors exposed to rain and moisture is given by the officials of the Georgia Bankers association. It is pointed out that losses from this source may be through carelessness and inattention prove greater than the decline in price because of the European war.

There are other reasons too, why cotton should be properly warehoused as shown in the following circular issued by secretary Harvey McEadden of the bankers association.

Bankers can perform a valuable service at the present time by using every resource at their command to force a sufficient quantity of exposed cotton are now subject to great damage. In a letter to President L. G. Council Mr. Mills B. Lane of Savannah writes:

It is our opinion that the planter will be as great a loser on account of damaged cotton next spring as he is ready to sell as he is damaged by low prices now. I believe it would do more good if the associa-

tion could bring about a campaign to get the farmer to protect his cotton from anything they have ever attempted.

Commenting on Mr. Lane's letter I believe the Cotton Belt fully agrees with Mr. Lane. I certainly think that it would be well for our association to get busy doing this and try to prevail upon our farmers and merchants to bring their cotton to the warehouses and out of the weather. It is certainly sure to damage if continued out in the weather and if our banks will take hold of the matter and insist that the farmer enter it will in my judgment help materially. I might also say further that the farmers are not the only ones who are interested in the warehouses. If for no other purpose but to turn over the receipts to their creditors in our section I find many of them are holding their own cotton in the warehouses and have obligations which should be secured at least with the warehouse receipts for this cotton until they have been paid.

Get your some paper to help you put the farmer on his guard against the loss that is sure to follow the continued exposure of cotton. Urge them to print articles every week insisting on the farmer getting his cotton in out of the rain.

ALFALFA

By George Fitch, Author of "At Good Old Sivanah"

Alfalfa is the greatest known breakfast food for cattle. It is a short curly plant looking like overgrown clover and possessing a flavor which causes the most blasé cow to brighten up immediately and pass her milk to more.

Alfalfa is distinctly suited for the per severing man in which it searches for water. When an alfalfa plant begins to grow it does not erect a beautiful and luxuriant superstructure which dries up and blows away with the first hot wind. It first gives its earnest attention to its roots. If water is scarce enough an alfalfa plant will grow downward 10 feet before it grows upward and to reach it. Then while the corn withers and the tomato vine becomes exceedingly dejected the alfalfa plant flourishes and gets out three editions of hay per year.

When an alfalfa plant is finally established it is ready to root out and eradicate as a congressman who has been placing government appointments where they will do him the most good.

After a farmer has introduced a 100 acre alfalfa field to grow, hitherto through the long hot summer, he leads a safe and careful life. He sows his seed with a mower whenever he needs a new automobile and piling up mountains of alfalfa which contribute cheerfully to the high price of meat by selling at \$15 a ton. Our notion of the ideal employment is to have around home all winter and spring raising good quality alfalfa. One can almost always distinguish an alfalfa farmer in alfalfa by the careless way in which he lights his cigar from a bank note without looking at the denomination.

HE MUST HAVE TEN ACRES AT LEAST IN ALFALFA



Alfalfa has made many farmers rich and happy and the price of cattle continues to soar as if it were inflated with gas. What we need is more alfalfa. If all the highways in America were planted with alfalfa instead of dog fennel and thistles perhaps there would be room in this distressingly prosperous country to pasture a few more exceedingly edible cows.

She's Buzzing in our ears

Just drop word and run out for the week end she writes us "You shall have a thorough rest. I assure you. And we go to our sorrow. Where Oh where, I think you're right. I've thought it over and wonder peacefully in her garden, we are dragged severely to a tea table. "You mustn't mope around that way!" she admonishes us. I can't let you meditate you know you came here for a rest. Now own up that you were thinking about your work! Well, what if we were? I don't know that to rest is to do what one wants to do. Not what someone else wants one to do. She brought us out here to work—work hard, we stork to ourself as "to work at tea and talk."

And it is the last time we'll seek her roof for a thorough rest you may be sure. She doesn't know the meaning of a word. They have obligations which should be secured at least with the warehouse receipts for this cotton until they have been paid.

Get your some paper to help you put the farmer on his guard against the loss that is sure to follow the continued exposure of cotton. Urge them to print articles every week insisting on the farmer getting his cotton in out of the rain.

A Hawk's Lofly Luncheon

(From The New York Sun)
Everyone in the Woolworth building is boning up on natural history these days so the great tapers of the building are picking meals out of the air and eating them on a garboline combs around and can be identified.

Yesterday just before the dinner hour a big black cat swooped over on a cat pounce in front of the Woolworth building floor to find someone to be a building saw the sign "from the world's end" and he went to ask the building's independent about it. In a short time heads were craning from windows watching the unwise sight of a killer bird eating high up on a cornice above Broadway and Barclay streets.

Some folks said it was an eagle, but after a coin with an eagle on it had been produced and the bird was identified as a hawk, the eagle did not have the truth. It features which the irrev. rent call it is on its legs opinion was a unanimous that it was a hawk.

When nothing was left of the hawk but the head and feathers and the hawk had speared itself in a factor, a photograph together showed out of the picture of it. The hawk looked on as if at him whipped and galled miserably off toward the Long Island Sound. The hawk was just eaten last Saturday when he called up to the forty-seventh floor of the Woolworth building with a pigeon and ate it.

The Telephone Girl

(From The Sioux City Journal)
Villagers in fear of death were settling out of little homes like rats driven from holes. One person in the village remained at her accustomed post and from time to time recorded into the mouth of a telephone receiver the progress of the conflict, while a French general at the other end of the wire listened. Presently her communications were interrupted by a loud rattle of shells in this office. The girl called to the general. Then conversation ceased. It is a conversation with the telephone girl. She is a girl who has a good deal of it is necessary to maintain communication with the outside world. The telephone girl of the Long Island Sound was just eaten last Saturday when he called up to the forty-seventh floor of the Woolworth building with a pigeon and ate it.

### BENEFIT FOR BELGIANS TO BE GIVEN AT GRAND

#### Tickets for Thursday's Society Vaudeville Go on Sale Tuesday.

Interest grows daily in the society vaudeville benefit which is to be given Thursday night at the Grand for the relief fund of the Belgian sufferers.

Seldom indeed has a more worthy cause been offered for generous Atlantans to donate their good dollars. A few months ago the little kingdom of Belgium was a prosperous country. Its people were happy and contented. Its industries thriving and its fields covered with splendid crops. Today nothing is left of the once beautiful country and its fields are there in only a name and devastation. Her people are wandering aimlessly, not knowing where to go for food or shelter. The suffering of the women and children is intense and thousands are starving.

To help these poor Belgians the relief committee will give a vaudeville show in which some of Atlanta's best talent will participate. There will be sketches, monologues, dances and various other features making a diversified and pleasing entertainment.

Among the most pleasing numbers on the bill will be a beautiful Gavotte danced in costume by twelve of Atlanta's prettiest society girls. This number will be under the special direction of Mrs. William Lawson Peel. There will be also a remarkable tableau by Miss Catherine Ellis, entitled "After the Battle" which promises to be very effective.

A big dancing number will be put on by Professor Vito Zebly. The well known dancing master in addition to dancing himself some of the society dances, Professor Zebly will introduce three of his little girls in solo dances.

In looking over the program one is attracted by a sketch which bears the name of "The Grand Old Bill." This is said to be one of the big surprises of the bill and will certainly be worth seeing.

But these are only some of the ticket numbers that are to be given Thursday night and the knowledge is predicted that it will be one of the most remarkable shows that has been given in Atlanta.

The sale of seats has already reached away beyond the most sanguine expectations of the committee. Nearly all the tickets have been taken. No one can afford to miss the performance of this number Thursday night in the Grand. The box office will be opened Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock in the Grand.

### CANDLER CALLED "MODERN JOSEPH" BY NEGRO PASTOR

In the pulpit to his sermon at the First Congregational church colored last night on God's Message to the People Through the Adversity of the Times, Dr. H. H. Proctor spoke of Asa Candler as a modern Joseph in a few of his sermons to relieve the cotton crisis.

Atlanta with its splendid spirit of enterprise is equal to almost any emergency. It is fortunate in having her Joseph who protecting the famine stored up grain in the years of plenty. The south has been facing the famine of a cotton market.

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### Problems of Today Rival Those of Frontier Heroes

#### Rev. J. S. Lyons Tells Congregation of Great Opportunities Facing the Church Workers in Great Cities of America.

Before a large and attentive congregation of the First Presbyterian church, made an eloquent address yesterday morning on "The New Frontier." His sermon in part follows:

Text Deut. 1:8. Go in and possess the land which the Lord swore unto your fathers to give unto them and their seed after them.

These are the words of God to His people as they stood on the border of the promised land. They were looking over into that fair country which was on the other side of Jordan. By the way where the sun goeth down they were facing their west—the mysterious chaos which has rested upon all nations through the ages. The lure of the land where the sun goeth down.

Four hundred years of American life has been employed in going west. It is impossible to estimate the significance of the spell of the frontier—the west—over our national life and ideals. The frontier has been an irregular wavering but ever advancing the commonwealth with the great spirits of Captain John Smith's party as they peered into the pine woods of eastern Virginia and continuing until the last ox train of weary immigrants reached the Pacific.

Frontier Has Disappeared. These great chapters in our national life have contributed elements of strength, imagination, foresight, resourcefulness and enterprise to what is recognized as the American type of character.

This long period of adventure and heroic enterprise which has marked so much in the development of American life and character is now ended. The frontier has disappeared. The states on the Pacific coast are amongst our most advanced.

We must also recognize that when the heroic passes out of life, the age of heroism is over. The heroism of a nation is a family's consolation as it is of an individual. Many thoughtful Americans are recognizing the physical and moral conquest of America. The heroism of a nation is a family's consolation as it is of an individual.

There are two of these important and significant things which patriotic citizens at a especially Christian people cannot afford to ignore. The first is the fact that the great moral and spiritual conquest of America has not yet been completed. The second is the fact that the great moral and spiritual conquest of America has not yet been completed.

All of the great branches of the church of Christ are recognizing the present situation presents such a challenge as the resources and courage of the church have never encountered before in the history of our country. They see a vast country with a hundred and millions of inhabitants presenting a task for adventure, enterprise and achievement.

We believe in a better world and that the world is growing better all the time but we cannot close our eyes to the fact that sin and vice are more accomplished and more to be dreaded today than ever before.

Second. The great battlefield of the new conquest of America is not in the American city. For thirty years the majority of the people of America have lived in the city. The dominating influence of the city is ever being made more plain. The problem of the city is the problem of the nation.

With this new frontier and its measureless opportunities for adventure and achievement there is a new frontier and its measureless opportunities for adventure and achievement.

There is a demand for a new kind of heroism. The heroism of a nation is a family's consolation as it is of an individual. Many thoughtful Americans are recognizing the physical and moral conquest of America.

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### FARMERS' EXCHANGE IN PULASKI COUNTY

#### Farmers Are Optimistic Over Conditions, Declares J. C. Maness.

Establishment of a farmers exchange for the purpose of aiding each other in bettering conditions was decided on at the meeting of the Pulaski County Farmers association at a meeting held Saturday according to J. C. Maness of Decatur Ga. who has just returned from the session.

The meeting was one of the most enthusiastic held in the county in many months according to Mr. Maness. The signatures of a sufficient number were secured to organize under the Lee county plan. It was unanimously decided to call a meeting for the purpose of reducing acreage and adopting other measures to relieve the situation.

Pulaski county farmers are not complaining, said Mr. Maness. They realize that what are going on in conditions which will become better in time and are going ahead with business in the most optimistic spirit. The farmers are not selling their cotton. The strikers are very active in the most optimistic spirit.

The general secretary will make his office report, following which the directors will make their final report and resign. The new committee to liquidate the Charities and wind up its affairs. All members are urged to be present.

Linton C. Hopkins a principal director and former president of the association stated last night that there were no new developments in the situation and that the directors go into the meeting with no suggestions to offer in regard to reorganizing the work of the Charities.

The organization has on its list a large number of destitute families, many of which consist of only an aged couple. The view of this fact, expressions of hope are heard on every side that efforts will not cease to prevent a discontinuance of the work.

Rev. J. A. Park is dead. Once served as pastor of the Walker Street Church. Rev. J. A. Park well known former pastor of the Walker street church died Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock at his home, 365 Hunter street. He resigned his charge seventeen years ago after serving for a number of years in Atlanta over forty years.

DR. HILLIS TO SPEAK ON FUTURE OF SOUTH. Dr. Nevel Dought Hillis pastor of the famous P. I. mouth church Brooklyn N. Y. will speak chiefly of the south and its opportunities when he lectures Tuesday night at 8 o'clock at the Auditorium. The America of Today and Tomorrow.

ROMANS TO DISCUSS RULE BY COMMISSION. A mass meeting of the citizens of Rome will be held on Tuesday night to discuss the proposed commission form of government. There will be a special election on November 14 at which the voters will accept or reject the bill passed at the last session of the legislature.

WE HAVE MOVED! Dr. E. G. Griffin's New Gate City Dental Rooms. FINEST IN THE SOUTH. Over Brown & Allen's New Store Entrance. 5 W. Alabama St.

YOU NEED NOT FUSS. With two pairs of glasses if you have your glasses made by Kryptok. Both far and near vision in one pair—no strain or discomfort. No L. Moore & some would be glad to show and explain this lens to you. 42 N. Broad street—(adv.)

RECORD OF COTTON CROPS MORE THAN ONE CENTURY. Number of Bales, High and Low Prices, for Each Year Since 1792. On account of the present cotton agitation the following clipping sent the Council by Mr. E. A. Martin manager of the Southern Press Clipping Bureau will prove of interest.

Year	Crop	Low	High
1792	13,335	9	28
1793	25,656	6 1/2	18
1794	48,444	4	12
1795	48,444	4	12
1796	66,667	19	22
1797	66,667	19	22
1798	66,667	19	22
1799	66,667	19	22
1800	66,667	19	22
1801	66,667	19	22
1802	66,667	19	22
1803	66,667	19	22
1804	66,667	19	22
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1908	66,667	19	22
1909	66,667	19	22
1910	66,667	19	22
1911	66,667	19	22
1912	66,667	19	22
1913	66,667	19	22
1914	66,667	19	22

Cox Gets Camilla Office. Washington (October 20) (Special)—O. L. Cox of Camilla Ga. was confirmed as postmaster by the senate before congress adjourned yesterday. About thirty nominees failed of confirmation. Mr. Cox was the appointee of Representative Frank Park.

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### SUPREME COURT PASSES ON FRANK CASE TODAY

#### Defense Seeks to Have Verdict Set Aside on Constitutional Grounds.

Assisted by Attorney General Warren Grice Solicitor General Dorsay will again take up the Frank case this morning at 10 o'clock, when it is called in the supreme court for argument over the motion to set aside the verdict on the ground that the prisoner was not present when the verdict was rendered.

The defense will be represented by Attorneys T. Peoples & Jordan, Herbert J. Haas, Leonard Haas and Harry A. Alexander. The argument of the state will be based on the contention that the constitutional motion, brought at such a late date cannot be anything but a technical attempt to set aside the verdict, and that it would be trifling with the courts to grant it.

GREAT MEETINGS HELD AT FIRST METHODIST. Evangelist Klein preached to two large congregations Sunday morning and evening at the First Methodist church where he is holding a two weeks revival.

What God Thinks of the Way We Worship Sunday evening he preached on "The Lost Soul." Sunday afternoon Mr. Klein made a talk to men only and he handled without gloves the vies of men and of youths and appealed to the hundreds present to lead purer lives and to walk with God. His subject was "Chicken's Come Home to Roost."

Monday afternoon Mr. Klein will talk on "Amusements when he will tell his hearers why Christians must not dance play cards and go to the theaters." Tuesday evening there will be a special service to the young men. Wednesday there will be a meeting for women only.

Dr. Dufosse the pastor of the church states that as the revival is for all the people of Atlanta a cordial invitation is extended to the public. The hours of the daily services are 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening.

SMITH REYNOLDS TELLS STORY OF CONVERSION. At the close of the sermon of the pastor Rev. E. F. Frazier last night at the St. Paul's Methodist church, Smith Reynolds of New York city, gave an entertaining lecture on his conversion nine months ago in a Philadelphia rescue mission and his work since in the mission field with Miss Trotter well known to those who attended the Bible conference at the Baptist tabernacle recently. A large audience was in attendance.

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The organization has on its list a large number of destitute families, many of which consist of only an aged couple. The view of this fact, expressions of hope are heard on every side that efforts will not cease to prevent a discontinuance of the work.

REV. J. A. PARK IS DEAD. Once served as pastor of the Walker Street Church. Rev. J. A. Park well known former pastor of the Walker street church died Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock at his home, 365 Hunter street. He resigned his charge seventeen years ago after serving for a number of years in Atlanta over forty years.

DR. HILLIS TO SPEAK ON FUTURE OF SOUTH. Dr. Nevel Dought Hillis pastor of the famous P. I. mouth church Brooklyn N. Y. will speak chiefly of the south and its opportunities when he lectures Tuesday night at 8 o'clock at the Auditorium. The America of Today and Tomorrow.

ROMANS TO DISCUSS RULE BY COMMISSION. A mass meeting of the citizens of Rome will be held on Tuesday night to discuss the proposed commission form of government. There will be a special election on November 14 at which the voters will accept or reject the bill passed at the last session of the legislature.

"Don't it make you hungry?" Of course it does. And you know just how these youngsters feel when they see Campbell's Tomato Soup. You have enjoyed it too. You know how the very sight of the "red-and-white label" awakens an "inward longing." That is because the soup inside of it is always so good and so satisfying. Isn't it just what you want for dinner today? 21 kinds 10c a can. LOOK FOR THE RED-AND-WHITE LABEL.

Double Your Pleasure From That 5c Piece! Spend it most profitably — try this new, beneficial, palate-pleasing confection. Wrigley's Doublemint Chewing Gum. Get DOUBLE joy from its new DOUBLE Strength Peppermint flavor—long-lasting! It is wholesome, springy chicle—smooth chewing and savory—healthful exercise for mouth and throat muscles—good for teeth, stomach and digestion. It is DOUBLE wrapped to insure your getting the full original flavor—fresh, tasty and clean. Made by the makers of the famous Wrigley's Spearmint. Popular all round the world. Each package is wrapped in a United PROFIT SHARING Coupon —giving you DOUBLE value for your nickel! Buy it for the whole family and let all share in its benefits and the fun of saving coupons and getting presents. Be sure to get WRIGLEY'S!

Sports

Druid Hills Golf Tourney Was Best Ever Held Here; Adair Won the Big Trophy

By Dick Jemison. The invitation golf tournament of the Druid Hills Golf club has come to an end, and with its completion the most successful ever held in Atlanta was closed.

Adair Wins City Golf Championship Line Up Against Georgia Saturday



Three members of the Mississippi A. & M. eleven, who face the University of Georgia in Athens next Saturday.

Edited By Dick Jemison Contenders for Football Titles in All Sections Being Rapidly Eliminated

Contenders for the football championships of the south, east and west are being rapidly eliminated as the football season advances and in another two weeks, when the really big games come on, it will be easy to forecast a winner.

Stallings Tells Why He Shifted Deal in World Series Game

In three of the world series games between the Braves and the Athletics, Gowdy batted sixth, and Deal eighth, and in one Deal batted sixth and Gowdy eighth.

Evers Supplants Baker As World's Series Hitter

By Ernest J. Lunagan. Frank Baker no longer can lay claim to being the only athlete in captivity who has batted .800 or better in three world series.

NORTH CAROLINA LEADS THE SOUTH

Tar Heels Have Tallied 308 Points to Date—University of Tennessee Is Second. Auburn Third.

Table showing scores for North Carolina, Tennessee, Auburn, and other southern teams.

Vandy-Virginia Game Saturday Hard to Figure

Nashville, Tenn., October 25.—(Special)—Vanderbilt will start work tomorrow making ready for the game with Virginia on Saturday.

Table showing scores for Vandy, Virginia, and other teams.

HARVARD LEADS EASTERN TEAMS

The Crimson Has Scored 124 Points—Dartmouth Is Second—No Goal Line Is Clean.

Table showing scores for Harvard, Dartmouth, and other eastern teams.

Georgia Faces Another Hard Game in Mississippi Aggies

Althaus, Ga., October 25.—(Special)—The University of Georgia football team returns here this morning from Charlottesville, where they were beaten Saturday by the University of Virginia.

FEW OUTWARD CHANGES ARE SHOWN BY BERLIN

Berlin, Germany, October 25.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—An American, recently arrived from London, was surprised to find that few outward changes were shown by the city.

CLEMSON-CITADEL GAME INTERESTING

When Clemson and Citadel lock horns next Saturday the first of the games that will decide the football championship of South Carolina will be played.

"OLE MISS" PLAYS MISSISSIPPI COLLEGE

University, Miss., October 25.—(Special)—The University of Mississippi and Mississippi college will meet here on Monday in their annual football game.

FANS OF NEW ORLEANS OBSERVE GILBERT DAY

New Orleans, La., October 25.—"Gilbert day" was observed here today at the opening of the local winter baseball league in honor of Larry Gilbert.

Elimination Contest When V. P. I. Eleven Meets W. & L. Saturday

The first of the elimination contests for the South Atlantic championship of the Southern states will be staged at Roanoke next Saturday, when the Washington and Lee and Washington and Lee Institute teams lock horns.

Overheard. (From Judge.) "Tinker was placed in an old railroad sign. Stop, look and listen!" at the entrance to his driveway.

GRAPEFRUIT GROWN BY THOMAS FARMERS

Thomasville, Ga., October 25.—(Special)—Two hundred and fifty fine grapefruit were brought to town yesterday by a farmer living in this county.

BLANCHARD'S ASSAILANT NOT YET APPREHENDED

Thomasville, Ga., October 25.—(Special)—Filipino, Governor Eaton has offered a reward of \$100 for the arrest and detention of a man who is believed to be the assailant of Mr. Blanchard.

YALE STUDENTS GIVE TO RED CROSS WORK

New Haven, Conn., October 25.—Yale students, at a mass meeting, raised \$3,500 for Red Cross work on European fronts.

FRANCE DRAWS LINE ON THE WHITE HORSE

New Orleans, La., October 25.—The color line has been drawn on the American white horse by the French government, according to officers of the British steamer Anglo-Bolivia.

DATE AND TITLE

Your negatives at the time you make them with the AUTOGRAPHIC KODAK. Jno. L. Moore & Sons, the Opticalians, have these kodaks. Let their salesmen show you. 42 N. Broad street.—(adv.)

RUSSIA QUILTS VODKA FOR AN INCOME TAX

Petrograd, October 25.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—If the minister of finance is successful in carrying out a project under consideration, Russia soon will have an income tax to compensate for loss of revenue through the recent prohibition of the manufacture and sale of vodka.

For The Critical Man

The more critical the man, the more certain he will prefer the Vassar Union Suit.

Vassar Union Suits for Gentlemen. Knit to the form—one suit at a time. Swiss-ribbed fabric—very elastic; cuffs and ankles knit on or stretch out—don't roll up or bunch out; specially tailored button-holes—won't stretch or pull out; finished like tailored clothes—these exclusive features make Vassar Union suits distinctive.

# NEGRO'S SALVATION DEPENDS ON LABOR

## Value of Industrial Education Stressed in Address by Leading White Men at Mass Meeting.

At the big educational mass meeting Sunday afternoon at the Macedonia Baptist church, colored, where a number of Atlanta's prominent citizens spoke in a large assembly, emphasis was placed on vital questions concerning the race, the general opinion prevailed, and met with most applause when advanced by the speakers—that the salvation of the negro race in America was through industrial education—not through a training in Latin and Greek.

The mass meeting was held under the auspices of the Atlanta Normal and Industrial Institute, which is a practical training school for negro youths in industrial arts, under the leadership of Rev. R. D. Siskinon. The meeting was presided over by Eugene C. Clegg, one of Atlanta's leading business men. The speakers were Dr. E. L. Connally, Judge H. E. W. Palmer, Joseph A. McCord, Rev. C. B. Wilmer and Bishop H. M. Turner, of the C. E. Church.

A letter was read from President Woodrow Wilson wishing the school great success in practically training negro youths in the south. The school was founded in 1906 and has since that time been a source of pride to the city.

Efficiency Needed. Mr. Callaway told the negroes that education was only a means of equipping the negro for the race. "Efficiency is what is desired," said Mr. Callaway, "and you will gain it through education through enlightenment and work."

Bishop Turner followed Mr. Callaway, beginning his address with a prayer for the educational work being carried on by Dr. Siskinon, and contributing his personal check for \$10 to the fund.

Dr. E. L. Connally was then introduced by Mr. Callaway, and spoke on the subject, "The reason for the negro's condition is that he is not efficient." He said, "The negro must learn to do things that will give him a living. He must learn to do things that will give him a living. He must learn to do things that will give him a living."

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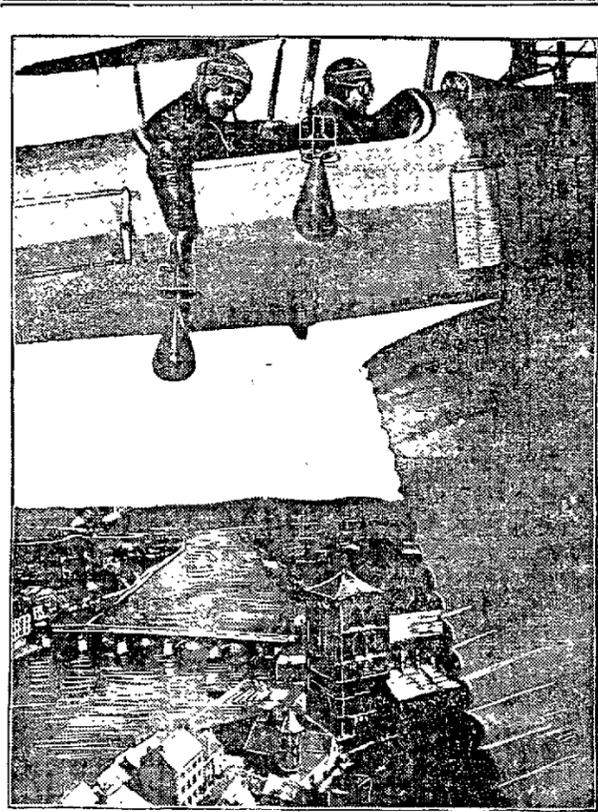
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# How Bombs Are Dropped From Airships



The bombs are being dropped from a platform on the side of the airship. The bomb dropping officer is shown as just before the bomb becomes operative. The rush of air causes a little spin to the bomb as it falls.

How close to the ground the charge will fall to explode. A little windmill apparatus (seen between the protecting bars at the top of the bomb) must be rotated by the air before the bomb becomes operative. The rush of air causes a little spin to the bomb as it falls.

to speak of the importance of moral training, so I confine myself to the one point of vocational training. Education is not a means of making a man a preacher, doctor, lawyer, teacher, engineer, both civil and mechanical; it also means mechanics, blacksmiths, shoemakers, etc., and cooks, laundresses, etc.

"I am not thinking now of any particular race when I say this," said Mr. Callaway, "but I am thinking of the negro race. He must learn to do things that will give him a living. He must learn to do things that will give him a living. He must learn to do things that will give him a living."

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# PELAGRA IS CAUSED BY A ONE-SIDED DIET

## That Is the Opinion of Dr. Goldberger—Not Contagious or Infectious.

Savannah, Ga., October 25.—The government's investigations have led to the definite conclusion that pellagra comes from living on a one-sided diet, and that it is not contagious or infectious," said Dr. Joseph Goldberger, United States public health service, today. Dr. Goldberger, who is in Savannah for a conference relative to the progress of the studies and researches being made at the United States marine hospital at the subject of pellagra, said: "Only those whose diet contains too little of certain classes of protein foods, such as milk, lean meat or legumes (beans), develop the disease." The treatment and prevention are, therefore, the pellagra problem, the result of which with pellagra should be fed an abundance of milk, eggs, lean meat and beans or other protein foods. The disease has not gone too far recovery is certain. The diet should be changed to prevent pellagra, and the diet should be changed to prevent pellagra, and the diet should be changed to prevent pellagra.

Dr. Goldberger is at the head of the commission of public health service experts which has been investigating the pellagra problem, the result of which with pellagra should be fed an abundance of milk, eggs, lean meat and beans or other protein foods. The disease has not gone too far recovery is certain. The diet should be changed to prevent pellagra, and the diet should be changed to prevent pellagra, and the diet should be changed to prevent pellagra.

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# Farms and Farmers

## Practical Points on "Diversified Farming"

The Constitution's farm department has published a number of articles on the subject of diversified farming. The subject of winter grains and general winter crops for the south. Many suggestions are given for the farmer to take care of the new crops and live stock. The farmer should be diversified in his crops. He should have a variety of crops. He should have a variety of crops. He should have a variety of crops.

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# MORTUARY

Dr. D. J. Reeder. Dr. D. J. Reeder, son of Mrs. D. J. Reeder, one of Atlanta's prominent citizens, died at his home, No. 102 Bryan street. The deceased had been a member of the Druid Hills Presbyterian church. He was survived by his mother, three sisters, widow and three children. At one time Dr. Reeder was a practicing physician in the city of Atlanta. He was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association. He was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

G. T. Preer, Columbus. The funeral of G. T. Preer, whose death occurred yesterday, took place this afternoon from the home of Mrs. M. J. Preer, 102 Bryan street. The deceased was 75 years old. He was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association. He was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

Mrs. Matilda T. Spears. Mrs. Matilda T. Spears, widow of the late Mr. T. Spears, died at her home, No. 102 Bryan street. The deceased was 75 years old. She was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association. She was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

Mrs. R. E. Carroll. Following a brief illness Mrs. R. E. Carroll, of Lithonia, Ga., passed away Saturday afternoon. She was 36 years old. The deceased was the wife of Mr. R. E. Carroll, a county commissioner of DeKalb, and the daughter of Mrs. D. B. Chubb.

Horace Dickerson. Horace Dickerson, 27 years old, died at his home, No. 26 Green avenue, at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon. The body was removed to Funder's chapel. He was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association. He was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

Mrs. W. S. Marvill, Delaware. Mrs. W. S. Marvill, mother of H. Lester Marvill, of Waycross, died today at her home in Delaware. She was 75 years old. She was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association. She was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

Miss Louise Taylor. Miss Louise Taylor, 25 years old, died at 8 o'clock Sunday morning at her home, No. 242 West Third street. She was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association. She was a member of the Georgia Medical Association and was a member of the Georgia Medical Association.

Quaker Quips. (From The Philadelphia Record) Many a man with a coat of arms has shiny sleeves. Even a train of thought doesn't always travel on schedule time. There is no place like home. It's the only place in all the world where a man feels that he can be just as disagreeable as he wants to be.

THE FILM TANK. Way is the simplest way—the best way, anywhere, without a darkroom. Joe E. Roberts & Sons, the Atlanta area headquarters for the kodak. 22 N. Broad street.—(adv.)

HEALTH IN HIS HANDS. Still the wonderful work of healing afflicted humanity goes steadily on, while daily crowds throng Dr. J. C. Williams' Dispensary, waiting their turn for consultation, examination or treatment. Many a patient, weary of the treatment of years, have considered their afflictions hopeless, but who were led to this dispensary, and who, by witnessing the many phenomenal cures performed upon the public stage last April, were enabled to see the possibility of recovery. Many a patient, weary of the treatment of years, have considered their afflictions hopeless, but who were led to this dispensary, and who, by witnessing the many phenomenal cures performed upon the public stage last April, were enabled to see the possibility of recovery.

BUYING WITH COTTON TO RELIEVE SITUATION. (From Richmond Times-Dispatch) R. E. Whiteley, in The Raleigh News and Observer, asks all southerners interested to read his article on cotton. It is a very timely article. It is a very timely article.

WAR FEVER TOUCHES SOULS OF CRIMINALS. (From The St. Louis Republic) There is certainly no reason why, at this time, the rate of interest should be high. The rate of interest should be high.

Cotton Export Situation On Bright Side of Picture

Cotton Exports May Solve Two Problems, Says Dun's Review.

Dun's review says basic conditions are steadily improving although considerable contraction in general trade continues. The war has retarded activity in certain lines, but the volume of distribution both at wholesale and retail is reduced as a result of the war.

The cotton and gold balance is the chief problem in the world at present. The cotton situation is the most important of the two.

Summed up, the situation may be described as follows: The cotton market is generally bright, but the gold market is dark.

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Weekly Finance Review.

New York, October 25.—One of the most gratifying features of the past week has been the steady improvement in the cotton market.

Bank Clearings in United States for the Past Week

Table with columns for City, Clearings, and % Change. Includes cities like New York, Philadelphia, Boston, etc.

Cotton Goods Market.

New York, October 25.—Cotton goods markets have generally held up and trade has been fairly active.

being held at steady prices through the week. The cotton market is generally bright, but the gold market is dark.

Blacks Under Bond for Whitecapping Negroes

Griffin Ga. October 25.—(Special)—Charles Adams will soon be in prison for the whitecapping of a negro woman.

Orders Grain Planted.

Columbus Ga. October 25.—A Georgia planter who runs from fifty to sixty plows has issued orders to his tenants that they must plant at least two acres of wheat to the plow.

Cost of Local Want Ads in the Constitution.

1 insertion 10c a line 7 insertions 60c a line. The cost of advertising in this paper is as follows:

Legal Notices.

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the Central of Georgia Railway Company has filed a petition for reorganization.

Professional Cards.

ALBERT HOWELL JR., Attorney at Law, 201 So. 2nd St. HUGH S. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, 201 So. 2nd St.

Help Wanted—Male.

WANTED—A man for a position in a factory. WANTED—A man for a position in a factory.

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—A woman for a position in a factory. WANTED—A woman for a position in a factory.

Lost and Found.

LOST—A silver watch. FOUND—A silver watch. LOST—A silver watch.

Personal.

M. FOX, Ladies Tailor and Furrier. 314 Grand Opera House. Sanitary Carpet Cleaning.

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M. FOX, Ladies Tailor and Furrier. 314 Grand Opera House. Sanitary Carpet Cleaning.

Help Wanted—Male and Female.

WANTED—A man for a position in a factory. WANTED—A woman for a position in a factory.

Wanted—Teachers.

WANTED—Teachers for a school. WANTED—Teachers for a school.

Situation Wanted—Male.

SPECIAL rates for situated wanted. SPECIAL rates for situated wanted.

Situation Wanted—Female.

SPECIAL rates for situated wanted. SPECIAL rates for situated wanted.

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M. FOX, Ladies Tailor and Furrier. 314 Grand Opera House. Sanitary Carpet Cleaning.

Motorcycles—Bicycles.

SECOND-HAND BARGAINS. \$300 AND UPWARD. 1913 Twin Indian \$900.

Harley-Davidson Motor Co.

222 Peachtree Southern Branch—Retail Dept. Atlanta, Ga.

Lumber and Shingles.

ALL KINDS BUILDING MATERIAL. Cheaper than you ever bought before.

Prompt Delivery.

MARBY-THORNTON LUMBER CO. 920-930 MARIETTA ST. M. 5304. Atl. 751.

Lumber, Cheap!

Closing out our stock, your chance to save money. Every foot of our stock of rough and dressed stock for sale.

Willingham Lumber and Coal Co.

DeKalb Ave. and Rogers St. Both Phones, Decatur 705.

Automobiles.

S H A F T DRIVE Rauch-Lang coupe, entirely rebuilt, guaranteed. This is a force sale and best offer takes car 1vy 4932 H B Odell 541 Peachtree St.

Automobiles.

WANTED—A man for a position in a factory. WANTED—A man for a position in a factory.

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Railroad Schedules.

The following schedule figures are published only for information and are not guaranteed. Atlanta Terminal Station.

Central of Georgia Railway.

Arrive From: Savannah, 6:45 am; Jacksonville, 6:47 am; Albany, 6:48 am; Macon, 6:49 am; Dalton, 6:50 am; Marietta, 6:51 am; Columbus, 6:52 am; Athens, 6:53 am; Gainesville, 6:54 am; Valdosta, 6:55 am; Waynesboro, 6:56 am; Americus, 6:57 am; Milledgeville, 6:58 am; Newnan, 6:59 am; Swainsboro, 7:00 am; Statesboro, 7:01 am; Vidalia, 7:02 am; Savannah, 7:03 am.

Southern Railway.

Arrive From: Savannah, 6:45 am; Jacksonville, 6:47 am; Albany, 6:48 am; Macon, 6:49 am; Dalton, 6:50 am; Marietta, 6:51 am; Columbus, 6:52 am; Athens, 6:53 am; Gainesville, 6:54 am; Valdosta, 6:55 am; Waynesboro, 6:56 am; Americus, 6:57 am; Milledgeville, 6:58 am; Newnan, 6:59 am; Swainsboro, 7:00 am; Statesboro, 7:01 am; Vidalia, 7:02 am; Savannah, 7:03 am.

Union Passenger Station.

Arrive From: Savannah, 6:45 am; Jacksonville, 6:47 am; Albany, 6:48 am; Macon, 6:49 am; Dalton, 6:50 am; Marietta, 6:51 am; Columbus, 6:52 am; Athens, 6:53 am; Gainesville, 6:54 am; Valdosta, 6:55 am; Waynesboro, 6:56 am; Americus, 6:57 am; Milledgeville, 6:58 am; Newnan, 6:59 am; Swainsboro, 7:00 am; Statesboro, 7:01 am; Vidalia, 7:02 am; Savannah, 7:03 am.

Hotels and Taxicabs.

HOTEL RAND. 250 ft. from Mitchell House, near Union Station. 25c and 50c per day \$1.50 to \$2.00 per week.

Music and Dancing.

HURST Dancing School, 44 1/2 East Peachtree. Prof. Albert Johnson, 151 Peachtree St. Private Dancing Lessons.

Household Goods.

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture. Cash for your household goods.

Cleaners—Pressers, Etc.

Standard Pressing Parlor, 123 1/2 Peachtree St. Cleaners—Pressers, Etc.

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