TAX REVISION IS SLATON'S PLEA IN MESSAGE

New Governor Also Urges Change in Criminal Code, Abolishing Defendant's Statement.

Continued From Page 1.

$2,679,000, which falls due in May and July, 1918.

If refunding bonds were issued in 1913, instead of the first $100,000 fall due in 1936, then the sinking fund could be made to run continuously and retire each year until paid, $100,000 of this series of 1913 refunding bonds.

This plan seems advisable in order to relate to the treasury and the people if the increased burden at this time, unless financial conditions at the time of the sale of the bonds should demand that their redemption begin at an earlier period in order to effectuate a more satisfactory disposition.

Leading bond men in financial centers have stated that if they were certified by some responsible trust company, thus assuring their genuineness, and guaranteeing against their being counterfeited, and if their validity were approved by attorneys who are specialists in this line, the expense would be more than repaid in the price that could be obtained. Certainly no safer investment can be afforded than these bonds.

I recommend that through your appropriate committees you consider at once the matter of refunding the State's indebtedness above referred to.

Registration of Voters.

We have in the present registration law should be so amended that when a voter has once proven his qualification by registering and being enrolled, he shall remain a registered voter unless disqualified for the due to himself.

The foregoing extract from the last platform upon which I was elected expresses a principle which deserves universal acceptance. It contemplates no change of the constitution which provides for the qualification of the voter. The farmers of a neighborhood have duly registered, but the succeeding year when busy with their crops, they can not send their taxes to the collector by some neighbor going to town, except on penalty of being disfranchised.

The traveling men who have registered one year can not send their registrars the next year to the proper office; and so it is with men in every calling who perform their duties and who have overlooked the last day of registration, or have been prevented from registering anew by compelling reasons. The professional politician never forgets it.

I recommend that the present registration law be amended to correct the injustice indicated. It would always be provided that the voter must have paid his taxes and not subjected himself to any of the disqualifications provided by law.

Highways.

It is needless to impress upon you the importance of our highways to the value to an asset of the entire State. An intelligent Highway Commission, or Commissioner, clothed with proper authority, could be the means of untold benefit in suggesting proper methods of building the road adapted to the locality, or in solving the problems of engineering which might arise in various sections.

I call your attention to the Western and Atlantic Railroad, the lease of which terminates in 1919. No one, I apprehend, would or should consider its sale, but the problem of its disposition should be considered by a commission with directions to report its recommendations, and its reasons therefor.

To delay this matter will mean to put the State at the inescapable disadvantage of unpreparedness when the time arrives for imperative action.

The Criminal Code.

One of the fundamental purposes of government is the protection of life and safety of the citizen. If the rules of evidence are so shaped as to prevent the discovery of the truth, and if the State is deprived of the means of sifting the facts, the judges and juries are not to be blamed if crimes are allowed to go unpunished.

It is an anomaly that a defendant should take the stand, make any statement he may see fit or has his counsel lawyer has prepared, and being immune from cross-examination, demand the judge shall charge the jury that they may accept his unsworn statement in preference to all the evidence in the case.

His carefully written statement may contain all manner of prejudiced assertions which constitute no defense, but the State is not allowed to disprove or to question them. The jury may be instructed that they may consider them. When introducing evidence, he could put his attorney may make the last speech, he declares that he can prove assertions by various witnesses, often respectable men, and challenges the Solicitor General to introduce them. This can not be done because the State is not vouch for their character.

I, therefore, recommend that a law be passed abolishing the defendant's statement, and providing in its place that he be sworn as a witness if he desires, and that failing to be so sworn be not subject to adverse comment by prosecuting counsel. This is not in conflict with current Federal and State law.

The statutes in force and seeking carrying concealed weapons has in recent years been complicated. It has been facilitated by the law of self preservation. Daily we read of men who have shot others and then, when arraigned, on the odd statement that the deceased threw his hand on his hip pocket, and the defendant shot in fear of his life. When searched the dead man was found generally unarmed.

If the carrying of concealed weapons were made a felony subject to be reduced to misdemeanor upon a plea of guilty, the deterrent effect of such a law would be in the saving of life. I earnestly recommend to you the consideration of this question.

Banking Laws.

The banks of a State perform public functions, and as such are properly subjected to governmental supervision. The bankers of the State, with the desire of maintaining a high standard of responsibility and of affording guarantees against improvident management, that imperil the money of the people, recommend legislation looking to the accomplishment of these objects. I commend this subject as one worthy of your serious consideration.

My predecessors have recommended the creation of the position of State Auditor, and in this recommendation I heartily concur. His services could be utilized in checking the cost of new buildings for which requests may be made by the various institutions. Those who have served on the appropriations committees are aware of the inadequate facilities of the State in arriving at the amount of the necessary expenditures.

The Constitution.

The Constitution is the expression of the supreme law of the land. It can only be changed by the people speaking in their sovereign capacity. In order that they may vote intelligently on any proposition it is essential that they understand it. I recommend that in proposing Constitutional amendments, you plainly indicate the proposition to the voter in such language that he may understand the meaning of the proposal submitted.

My predecessor has called attention to the fact that some of the agricultural schools are well attended, while others receive little patronage, whether due to the matter of location or lack of interest, or from what cause, I am unable to say. Each obtains the same appropriation from the State for maintenance. I recommend that you investigate their condition, and apply the proper remedies.

Slaton is Inaugurated With Simple Ceremonies.

With ceremonies that gained in strength and impressiveness through their very simplicity, John Marshall Slaton to-day became Governor of the State of Georgia, succeeding Joseph M. Brown as chief executive of the State.

The oath of office was administered by Judge William H. Fish, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, at 12 62 o'clock.

Governor Slaton was inducted into office in the presence of a brilliant assemblage of Georgia men and women, including his own and the relatives of Governor's family and intimate friends, members of the State Legislature and prominent jurists. For the first time in the history of the State the United States was represented by Judge William T. Newman and Judge Don A. Pardee, of the Federal Court. They occupied seats directly in front of the Speaker's stand.

Galleries and the floor of the House were filled with spectators. By 10 o'clock virtually every seat in the visitors' gallery was taken and room had been provided for a large number on the floor. In the corridors another crowd, unable to gain entrance into the hall, waited patiently for a glimpse of the new executive.

Joint Session Held.

Neither the House nor the Senate transacted any business, coming at 11 o'clock and immediately taking a recess. At 11:45 o'clock both Houses again convened, and the Senate at once adjourned and marched to the House, where members took seats in semi-circle around the speaker's stand. In the front row of seats behind the speaker's stand sat the intimate friends and relatives of Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton. Twenty-eight chairs had been reserved for members of Governor Slaton's family and eight for the family and friends of Governor Brown.

In Governor Slaton's party were Major William M. Slaton, father of the Governor, Mrs. John M. Slaton, Mrs. Mrs. William M. Slaton, Miss Slaton and Mrs. S. C. Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Wahlo, Mrs. W. H. Blanchard, Mrs. W. D. Grant, Mrs. John W. Grant, John M. Slaton, Jr., W. F. Slaton, J. Slaton Waldo, Albie Waldo, William D. Grant, Miss Margaret Grant, James Jackson Slaton, Miss Sarah Slaton, A. McK. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Phillips and Miss Mary Holloway, the bridesmaid in party were Mrs. Joseph M. Brown, Miss Mary Brown, Miss Mildred Brown, Miss Sallie Brown, Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Connolly, Mrs. Frances Connolly and Miss Jane Connolly.

Governor Brown Receives Friends.

Governor Brown entered the hall at about half-past 11 o'clock, and went at once into his private office, where he received a number of friends and visitors.

Governor-elect Slaton drove up in his automobile to the Washington Street entrance of the Capitol, accompanied by Mrs. Slaton and his father, Major William F. Slaton. They proceeded to the reception room of the Senate, where they were the recipient of a great procession formed.

Promptly at 11 o'clock Speaker Burwell called the House to order, and immediately thereafter members of the Senate arrived.

The inaugural procession moved from the Governor's office on the first floor. The procession was led by Governor-elect Slaton and Governor Brown. After them came ex-Governor Henry D. McDaniel, and then followed the Justices of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals, the Federal Judges, the State House officers, the members of the joint legislative committee on inauguration, and the immediate families of Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton.

Governor Slaton Presented.

Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton took their places on the Speaker's stand, the latter standing to the left of Senator Randolph Anderson and Speaker Burwell and the latter to the right. Rev. James B. Rollins, of the Trinity Methodist Church, opened the ceremonies with prayer, in which he invoked Divine aid for Governor Slaton in the conduct of the acquire of the State.

Randolph Anderson, President of the Senate, presented Governor-elect Slaton to the people of Georgia and the Legislature, and immediately thereafter Justice Fish administered the oath of office. In a speech expressing great confidence in the ability of the incoming executive, Governor Brown presented Governor Slaton with the Great Seal of the State of Georgia.

After the inaugural ceremonies Governor and Mrs. Slaton and ex-Governor and Mrs. Brown lunched at the Executive Mansion. Ex-Governor and Mrs. Brown retired to their farm near Marietta, and Governor Slaton took possession of the mansion in the afternoon.

92 HERE IN SHADE; MANY DIE IN NORTH

Heat Toll Heavy in Chicago and Cleveland---Middle West Crop Loss $20,000,000.

Ninety-two in the shade.

That was the weather situation in Atlanta at 2 o'clock Saturday. Forecaster C. F. VonHermann, of the United States Weather Bureau, placed the thermometer on the most exposed point of the Empire Building's roof, where it has been displayed against it, but the mercury would not down. On the contrary, it continued to ascend, and the forecaster said he would not be surprised if we the 94 mark reached during afternoon.

Continued warm, with possibly thunderstorms in the afternoon," is the forecast for Sunday.

Nine Die in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 28.—Nine more dead, six children and three adults were added to Cleveland's heat wave toll early to-day. Scores are in hospitals suffering from prostrations.

At 4 o'clock it was 80 and three hours later 90. Yesterday's record of 101 will be broken.

Chicago Babies Doomed.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Another intensely hot day was in prospect today, with no relief in sight for several days. There were eight deaths yesterday and numerous prostrations.

Many deaths among babies are feared to-day.

Record for St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—St. Louis probably will see the hottest day of the year. At 8 o'clock the thermometer registered 88. It was 90 at 9 and 92 at 10 o'clock, 4 degrees hotter than yesterday.

Overcoats Worn at Duluth.

DULUTH, MINN., June 28.—Steam heat was turned on in downtown buildings to-day. The coldest June 28 in years. The mercury registered 42 degrees. Overcoats were worn.

Damage $20,000,000 to Crops.

CHICAGO, June 28.—The crops throughout the Middle West suffered from the terrible heat. Iowa corn has been almost entirely killed in Illinois 38 counties, Indiana and Iowa, according to reports received to-day at the offices of large grain dealers.

The loss will approach $20,000,000, they said.

RIGID PROBE TO BE PUSHED BY BEAVERS

More Suspensions of Policemen as Department Scandal Continues to Grow.

Continued From Edge 1.

drinking a glass of ice water the negro woman had poured for him.

"The other two officers, David and Evans, who have been suspended with us were waiting in the house," said Wood. "The injustice of it lies in the fact that the police department has taken the word of Mrs. Mills one man, Moon, against all four of us, in suspending us for drinking in the place.

"On a charge of suspected perjury, Chief Beavers indefinitely suspended Evans immediately following the suspension of Wood, Bailey and David. The patrolman was called before the Chief and stripped of his badge, braid and equipment. The case will be thrashed out by the Police Committee.

The evidence in Recorder's Court was that policemen had frequented the negro resort daily and uniformed men had often been seen entering it in broad daylight. One witness told of a midnight brawl participated in by four officers. The Chief said that he had obtained the names of the frequenters of the place.

He began Saturday morning inquiring into a report of police protection of a white woman resort and other resorts of its kind. A number of patrolmen were called before him the first thing after he reported to his office and he prepared to continue his inquiry through the day.

Claim They Got Evidence.

Plainclothesman W. T. Moon admitted to the Chief that he had drunk whiskey at the Auburn Avenue resort with the negress operator. He said, however, that he had only done so to secure evidence. The Recorder took him to task for not having reported the incident earlier.

A negro woman inmate of the house said Moon had been intimate with a girl there. Moon made an emphatic denial of the charge, but said he had been a frequent visitor to the place in the interest of getting evidence against it. Policeman Adams testified to the same thing.

Patrolman Wood branded Moon as a perjurer. The Chief said that he would prove perjury against him. He also said he would prove Adams had perjured himself after which he would introduce evidence that would merit the immediate discharge of the two men.

Bailey said that the two men, Wood and Adams, had been rounded up in a spirit of revenge because several months ago he arrested Adams for fighting.

Beavers to Investigate.

Sergeant J. B. Hardin, who raided the Auburn Avenue place Friday, told the court that on a previous visit to the place he had seen Adams dancing in the hall. The man told him he was looking for a girl who was waiting at headquarters. Chief Beavers will inquire into this incident during the day.

Police Commissioner B. Lee Smith was a prominent figure in the police inquiry Friday. He was closeted with the Chief for several minutes before he suspended the first three. He said the report had been receiving police protection from subordinate sources.

The next meeting of the Police Commission is July 8, and unless there is a called meeting the charges will not be officially aired before that time.

The officers under suspicion were confident they would be completely exonerated when the Police Board took action, and have retained Attorney H. H. Jackson to represent them. Jackson said that his sympathies were wholly with the dismissed men and he declared the system of police officers of the same rank were assigned the duty of spying on their brother officers.

Policeman L. J. Milam was questioned by the Chief late in the day. He was a partner with Wood, the suspended officer. He was suspended regarding Wood's conduct and reported visits to the place. Chief Beavers was asked by the Police Commission to-day if any investigation into the reports of misconduct against his policemen would be extensive and the Chief replied that the police department had been purged of every man found guilty of an act unbecoming a policeman.

King Would Give Chief Power to "Fire" Offenders.

Chief of Police Beavers still have the power to discharge officers from the department if a resolution to be introduced by Commissioner A. B. King is adopted by the Police Board at its meeting Tuesday, July 8.

"There is not another department of the city government in which heads does not have this privilege, and the Chief of Police, above all others, should have the power to discharge an officer when he violates a rule of the department or is found wanting in the qualifications for the place," said Commissioner King.

"The action of the Chief in suspending the men who had visited a questionable house shows it is his intention to rid the department of all that class of policemen who use their office to visit places they are not required to do so.

Board Trusts Chief.

"The Chief heard the rumor that policemen were visiting the place in question and ordered a thorough inquiry. Upon his return from Washington City, and immediately started an investigation detailing Plainclothes Officers Moon and Adams on the job.

"These men were selected by the Chief not because of any 'personal' spite they might have had against the officers they tested out, but because they were, in his opinion, qualified to judge with the care and fairness to both parties to justice. How well they succeeded the action of the Chief and the testimony of the men in question in the Recorder's Court shows.

"The Board of Police Commissioners exercises great care in the selection of officers, but are never sure of the men until they are tested. It is up to the Chief and his assistants to do the testing. The Police Board will abide by their decision. The Board has the utmost confidence in Chief Beavers and his assistants. They have been proved loyal and true.

Can Appeal to Board.

"In any case where an officer who has been discharged by the Chief feels that he has not been given a square deal he can appeal to the Board. The board will report the case in accordance of suspension or discharge and be bound by the action of the board. The Chief has started this investigation and he will carry it to a successful conclusion. It is the duty of citizens to back up the welfare of Atlanta at heart to give him every assistance."

MRS. KEEFER AGAIN FORGIVES HUSBAND

The case against David H. Keefer for disorderly conduct was postponed Saturday afternoon while the police sought witnesses of the affair with his son, Jack Macy, among the guests of the Piedmont driving club Friday night.

Mrs. Keefer swore out a peace warrant in Justice Gradeux's court Saturday afternoon, asking that her husband be put under a peace bond.

"I don't want a divorce; I want to remain Mrs. Keefer. I shall let my husband go in peace," declared Mrs. David H. Keefer, of 80 East Fourteenth Street, who has sworn out a warrant against the well-known broker, charging him with assault and battery on her son, Jack Macy, Friday night.

"I did fly at his throat last night—to kill him," declared Mrs. Keefer Saturday morning with vehemence, "but he warded off the blow and struck me a full blow on the breast. I told him, too, to leave town immediately or I would fill him with bullet holes—but I shall not. I shall sit still in the boat; I shall let him go in peace, for all I want is protection and that I will have."

Broker and Wife Clash.

The latest sensation in connection with the stormy marital relations of Mr. and Mrs. Keefer, which have furnished "live copy" for papers all the way from Georgia to New York and back again, occurred at a club Friday night about 10 o'clock, when Keefer called with a deputy sheriff to serve papers on his stepson, Jack Macy, to gain possession of a $9,000 automobile.

In the trouble which followed Keefer and young Macy exchanged blows which left marks. Mr. and Mrs. Keefer also clashed. Macy said Saturday morning Keefer struck him first while Deputy Sheriff Miger was attempting to handcuff him. Keefer denies this.

But Mrs. Keefer's own story, as she told it to a reporter for The Georgian Saturday morning, is as follows:

"I returned to New York from Paris in the early part of 1906," said she, "to find there, in my father's home, my old friend and future husband, David H. Keefer.

"He was very ill, and, as I looked there upon his frail form, somehow or other I fancied I saw my former husband and it gave me new courage, new life, for I myself had come from Paris, as I thought, to die.

"He had been a dear friend to me and to Mr Macy while we were living in Thomasville, Ga., and following Mr Macy's death he had corresponded with me across the waters.

"And oh those beautiful letters which he wrote to me. How could I think otherwise than that he really loved me from the very depths of his heart.

"A man surely loves a woman if he corresponds in such a way all the way across the waters, don't you think?

Tells About "Real Man."

"Rogers were married shortly after my return to my father's home. Three days after our wedding I beheld the real man—he actually told me that he believed woman was created only for downfall at the hands of man.

"From that time on he was a beast and more than once he would have allowed me to starve to death if he could. Then came the divorce proceedings in New York State, in which there was much legal juggling at my expense—and that I will not countenance whatever else happens. The scene shifted from New York to Georgia, where I won in the preliminary skirmish—and then he, my recent husband, came to me to beg forgiveness.

"I forgave—I am always willing to do that—but soon the same old scenes were being enacted. Mr. Keefer, as brilliant as he was and is, was always fond of the dazzle, the things purely of this life.

"He was found in a hotel with another woman. He came home drunk repeatedly. Things went from bad to worse, and finally we separated. He went away—I remained in New York."

Mrs. David Keefer, who tells of her matrimonial mix-ups.

Y. M. C. A. Suspends Operation for Year

After twenty-seven years' continual operation the Y. M. C. A. will go out of business July 1, pending the completion of the new association building a year hence. The suspension is necessitated by an agreement to turn the Y. M. C. A. building, at Pryor Street and Auburn Avenue, over to its new proprietors, the Chamber of Commerce.

While the work of the association will be suspended, the organization will not disband. Temporary headquarters will be established in the Baptist Tabernacle.

Chicago Suffragists To Celebrate July 1

CHICAGO, June 28.—Tuesday, July 1, will be Emancipation Day in Chicago. It will be celebrated by Cook County woman suffrage organizations by a mammoth automobile parade. The bill giving women the right to vote in Illinois becomes effective that day.

City authorities will be asked to set aside July 1 as an annual holiday.

Newlyweds Hikers On Honeymoon Trail

FORT WAYNE, IND., June 28.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Russell Klein, of this city, will start to hike to Winchester, Va., next week on their honeymoon.

Their route will be over the trail by which General Wayne led his soldiers from Cincinnati to Fort Wayne more than 100 years ago.

Oldest U. S. Elk, 85, Will Give Big Picnic

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 28.—Colonel Jack Baker, of Bolivia, Ill., the oldest Elk in the United States, will observe his eighty-fifth birthday anniversary to-morrow at his home in that place.

He will be host at a big picnic to which every Elk in Illinois has been invited.

A mass meeting of the Atlanta branch of the Railway Mail Men's Association will be held in the auditorium of the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association Tuesday evening, July 1. The meeting will be addressed by some of the leading men of the benevolent association, under whose direction it is held.

STATE SECURES NEW PHAGAN EVIDENCE

Conley's Admission Strengthens Rumor That He Saw Child Just Before Slaying.

Frank A. Hooper, associated with Solicitor Dorsey in the prosecution of Leo M. Frank on the charge of strangling Mary Phagan, admitted Saturday that the Jim Conley, negro sweeper at the National Pencil Factory, had made important additions to the story of his part in the murder mystery and had told of circumstances on the day of the crime which he had revealed in none of his previous statements.

A persistent report that Conley had made the startling admission that he had seen Mary Phagan enter the factory alone while she was alive across at the time the negro was questioned more than an hour by Solicitor Dorsey early in the week, and this rumor was heightened after Attorney Hooper's interview with the negro Friday.

In all of his statements to the detectives Conley denied he saw the girl at all on the day of the crime until he was horrified by the sight of her dead body lying in the rear of the second floor where he was directed by Leo Frank. Solicitor Dorsey is believed to have wrung the statement from him that he did see Mary Phagan when she came in the door of the factory and went to the second floor to Frank's office.

Hooper Mum on Topic.

Mr Hooper refused either to affirm or deny this report, declaring that his connection with the case was so recent that he would not be warranted in making any definite statement for publication in reference to the evidence in the possession of the prosecution.

His attention was called to the fact that while in all of the published statements of Conley the negro denied seeing Mary Phagan go into the factory, no one connected with the prosecution could now be induced to say that he saw the girl alive. This particular and puzzling feature of his story, Mr. Hooper, however, would make no comment on the circumstance.

He contented himself with the general assertion that the State has a big stack of evidence of which the defense in its entire knowledge of which they will remain in ignorance until it is presented when Frank is placed on trial for his life.

"I want to the police station yesterday merely for the purpose of having Conley rehearse his story to me," said Mr Hooper. "It is true that he told me of a number of circumstances of which I had been in ignorance before, circumstances which have a most important bearing on the case. He made additions to his story which, while they are along the same general line as his last affidavit, gave a detail that assisted me remarkably in getting a much clearer idea of the events as they happened on that day.

Big Revealed at Trial.

"I can not tell what they were. They will be revealed when the trial is the actual progress. Mr. Dorsey has guarded his evidence carefully and has refrained from giving his case in the papers. If it were not presumptuous for me to step in and give this evidence away to the public and to the defense it would at least be most unwise.

LAKE TOXAWAY.

Improved Service Via Southern Railway.

Effective Sunday, June 22, an electric lighted, twelve section drawing room sleeper will be operated daily, leaving Atlanta at 11:45 p. m. and arriving at Lake Toxaway at 10:15 a. m. Twelve section drawing room sleeping car on the Atlanta-Asheville train leaves 7 a. m., thus affording excellent service to Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky."

Pryor Street Church To Celebrate Sunday

The new building of the Pryor Street Presbyterian Church has been completed. Special services will be held at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon to commemorate the completion of the new building. Sunday is the eleventh anniversary.

The following will speak: Dr. Walker, of the First Church; Dr. Flinn, North Avenue; Dr. Little, Westminster; Rev. Fritz Rauschenburg, College Park; Dr. Preston and W. H. Wright. A brief history of the church will be given by John F. Pickard.

Strike of 25,000 in Kansas City Urged

KANSAS CITY, MO., June 28.—Efforts were being made to-day by the Industrial Council of Kansas City to have 25,000 union workmen called out on a general strike.

All crafts were asked to join in the movement to force the employers to give better working conditions to all classes of employees.

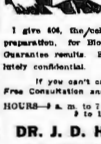
County's Home for Women Ready Soon

Construction on the Fulton County home for incorrigible women will begin next week, according to an announcement by Chairman Tull C. Waters, of the alms committee, Saturday.

Chairman Waters said the home would be located on Bakers Ferry Road, on land provided by the County Board. He said the first building would accommodate 30.

Funeral Designs and Flowers
FOR ALL OCCASIONS.
Atlanta Floral Company,
456 EAST FAIR STREET.

Are You Sick, Diseased, Nervous, Run Down?
Have You Blood Poison, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles?
IF SO, CONSULT (FREE)
Dr. Hughes, Atlanta's Long Established, Most Reliable Specialist.



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KIDNEY, BLADDER and URINARY DISEASES, PROSTATIC STRICTURE, Troubles, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Piles and all Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.
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HOURS—9 a. m. to 7 p. m., Sundays, 9 to 1.
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Opposite Third National Bank.
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CHILDREN'S EYES.
Hot sun wind and dust are danger to children's eyes. Better get a pair of smoked glasses if they complain or better 1 us. make an examination and fit the correct lens. A. B. Hawkes, optician 14 Whitehall.

WHY YOU GET FULL VALUE IN STERLING PAINT
It is made of best materials
It is ground in special machinery.
It is made by men who know how.
It is absolutely high grade.
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AN EXTRA PAIR OF VACATION GLASSES.
It is a sad mishap to break your only pair of glasses when your vacation. Have a duplicate made up for emergency. A. B. Hawkes, Jr. 14 Whitehall.

KRYPTOK BIFOCALS
Kryptoks are the "Pearls" of the optical world. They are a beautiful creation—gems beyond price. Let John L. Moore & Sons show you. 42 N. Broad St.

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WITH A'LA CARTE SERVICE TO CINCINNATI & LOUISVILLE
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The Georgian-American Pony Contest VOTE COUPON
Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 15, 1913.
Vote for .....
Address .....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
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5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 15, 1913.
Vote for .....
Address .....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

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Continued From Page 1.

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This plan would seem advisable in order to relieve the treasury and the people of the increased burden at this time, unless financial conditions at the time of the sale of the bonds should demand that their redemption begin at an earlier period in order to effectuate their more satisfactory disposition.

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The traveling man who have registered one year can not send their remittance the next year to the proper officer, and so it is with men in every calling who perform civic duties and who have overlooked the last day of registration, or have been prevented from registering same by compelling reasons. The professional politician never forgets it.

I recommend that the present registration law be amended to correct the injustice indicated. It would always be preferred that the voter must have paid his taxes and not subjected himself to any of the disqualifications provided by law.

Highways.

Bills needless to impress upon you the importance of our highways. Their value is an asset of the entire State. An intelligent Highway Commission, or Commissioner, clothed with authority and thority, could be the means of untold benefit in suggesting proper methods of building the road adapted to the locality, or in solving the problems of engineering which might arise in various sections.

I call your attention to the Western and Atlantic Railroad, the lease of which terminates in 1919. No one, I apprehend, would or should consider its sale, but the problem of its disposition should be considered by a commission with directions to report the recommendations and its reasons therefor.

To delay this matter will mean to put the State at the inescapable disadvantage of unpreparedness when the time arrives for imperative action.

The Criminal Code.

One of the fundamental purposes of government is the protection of life and safety of the citizen. If the rules of evidence are so shaped as to prevent the discovery of the truth, and if the State is deprived of the means of sifting the facts, the judges and juries are not to be blamed if crimes are allowed to go unpunished.

It is an anomaly that a defendant should take the stand, make any statement that he sees fit, or that his shrewd lawyer has prepared, and be protected from cross-examination. Demand that the judge shall charge the jury that they may accept his unsworn statement as preferred to all the evidence in the case.

A carefully written statement may contain all manner of prejudiced assertions which constitute no defense, but the State is not allowed to disprove or to question the statement. The jury is instructed that they may consider them. Without introducing evidence, in order that his attorney may make the last speech, he knows that he can present assertions by various witnesses, often reputable men, and challenge the Solicitor General to introduce them. This can not be done because the State is not vouch for their character.

I, therefore, recommend that a law be passed abolishing the defendant's statement, and providing in its place that he be sworn as a witness if he desires. The failure to do so ought to be subject to adverse comment by prosecuting counsel. This is in accordance with current Federal and State laws.

I believe in Georgia against carrying concealed weapons, but in recent years been conspicuous. It has been suggested that the law of self-protection. Fully we read of men who have shot others and have been acquitted on the old statement that the deceased threw his hand on his hip pocket, and the defendant shot in fear of his life. When searched, the dead man was found generally unarmed.

If the carrying of concealed weapons were made a felony subject to be recorded in misdemeanor cases, either judge or jury, the deterrent effect of such a law would be the saving of many a life. I earnestly recommend to you the consideration of this question.

Banking Laws.

The banks of a State perform public functions, and as such are properly subjected to governmental supervision. The bankers of the State, with the desire of maintaining a high standard of responsibility and of affording guarantee against improvident management, that imperil the money of the people, recommend legislation looking to the accomplishment of these objects. I commend this subject as one worthy of your serious consideration.

My predecessors have recommended the creation of the position of State Auditor, and in this recommendation I heartily concur. His services could be utilized in checking the cost of new buildings for which requests may be made by the various institutions. Those who have served on the appropriations committees are aware of the inadequate facilities of the State in arriving at the amount of the necessary expenditures.

The Constitution.

The Constitution is the expression of the supreme law of the land. It can only be changed by the people speaking in their sovereign capacity. In order that they may vote intelligently on any proposition it is essential that they understand it. I recommend that in proposing Constitutional amendments, you plainly indicate the proposition to the voter in such language that he may understand the meaning of the question submitted.

My predecessor has called attention to the fact that some of the agricultural schools are well attended, while others receive little patronage, whether due to the matter of location or lack of interest, or from what cause, I am unable to say. Each obtains the same appropriation from the State for maintenance. I recommend that you investigate their condition, and apply the proper remedies.

Slaton is Inaugurated With Simple Ceremonies.

With ceremonies that gained in strength and impressiveness through their very simplicity, John Marshall Slaton to-day became Governor of the State of Georgia, succeeding Joseph M. Brown. The oath of office was administered by Judge William H. Fish, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, at 12:02 o'clock.

Governor Slaton was inducted into office in the presence of a brilliant assemblage of Georgia men and women, including his own and the retiring Governor's family and intimate friends, members of the State Legislature and prominent jurists. For the first time in the history of the State the United States was represented by Judge William T. Newman and Judge Don A. Parder, of the Federal Court. They occupied seats directly in front of the Speaker's stand.

Galleries and the floor of the House were filled with spectators. By 10 o'clock virtually every seat in the visitors' gallery was taken and room had been provided for a large number on the floor. In the corridors another crowd, unable to gain entrance into the hall, waited patiently for a glimpse of the new executive.

Joint Session Held.

Neither the House nor the Senate transacted any business, convening at 11 o'clock and immediately taking a recess. At 11:45 o'clock both Houses again convened, and the Senate s' once adjourned and marched to the House, where members took seats in half-circle about the speaker's stand. In the front row of seats behind the speakers' stand sat the intimate friends and relatives of Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton. Twenty-eight chairs had been reserved for members of Governor Slaton's family and right for the family and friends of Governor Brown.

In Governor Slaton's party were Major Walter T. Sheffield, father of the Governor, Mrs. John M. Slaton, Mr and Mrs. William M. Slaton, the Misses Mrs. E. C. Atkinson, Mr and Mrs. A. L. Waldo, Mrs. W. H. Howard, Mrs. W. D. Grant, Mr and Mrs. John W. Grant, John M. Slaton, Jr., W. J. Slaton, Jr., Slaton Waldo, Abie Waldo, William D. Grant, Miss Margaret Grant, James Jackson Slaton, Mr. and Mrs. A. Arch Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Jones, Mr and Mrs. Benjamin Phillips and Miss Phillips. In Governor Brown's party were Mrs. Joseph M. Brown, Miss Julia Brown, Charles Brown, Miss Sally Brown, Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Connolly, Mrs. Frances Connolly and Thomas W. Connolly.

Governor Brown Receives Friends.

Governor Brown arrived at the Capitol shortly before 11 o'clock, and went at once into his private office. There he received a number of friends and visitors.

Governor-elect Slaton drove up in his automobile from the Washington Street entrance of the Capitol, accompanied by Mrs. Slaton and his father Major William T. Slaton. They proceeded to the reception room of the Governor's office where the inaugural procession formed.

Promptly at 11:45 o'clock Speaker Burwell called the House to order, and immediately thereafter members of the Senate arrived.

The inaugural procession moved from the Governor's office on the first floor. The procession was led by Governor-elect Slaton and Governor Brown. Later there came Lieutenant Governor Hebry D. McDaniel, and then followed the Justices of the Supreme Court and the Judges of appeals, the Federal Judges, the State House officers, the members of the 38th legislative committee on inauguration, and the immediate families of Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton.

Governor Slaton Presented.

Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton took their places on the Speaker's stand, the first standing to the left of Speaker Randolph Anderson and Speaker Burwell and the latter to the right. Rev. Adams B. Robinson, of the Trinity Methodist Church, opened the ceremonies with prayer, in which he invoked Divine aid for Governor Slaton in the conduct of the affairs of the State.

Randolph Anderson, President of the Senate, presented Governor-elect Slaton to the people of Georgia and the Legislature, and immediately thereafter Justice Fish administered the oath of office. In a speech expressing great confidence in the ability of the incoming executive, Governor Brown presented Governor Slaton with the Great Seal of the State of Georgia.

After the inaugural ceremonies Governor and Mrs. Slaton and ex-Governor and Mrs. Brown lunched at the Executive Mansion. Ex-Governor and Mrs. Brown retired to their farm near Marietta, and Governor Slaton took possession of the mansion in the afternoon.

92 HERE IN SHADE; MANY DIE IN NORTH

Heat Toll Heavy in Chicago and Cleveland---Middle West Crop Loss $20,000,000.

Ninety-two in the shade.

That was the weather situation in Atlanta at 2 o'clock Saturday. Forrester C. F. VonHermann, of the United States Weather Bureau, placed the thermometer on the most exposed point of the Empire Building's roof, where all the breezes played against it, but the mercury would not down. On the contrary, it continued to climb, and the forecaster said he would not be surprised if ninety-five marks reached during the afternoon.

Continued warm, with possible thundershowers in the afternoon," is the forecast for Sunday.

Nine Die in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 28.—Nine more dead, six children and three adults, were added to Cleveland's heat wave toll early to-day. Scores are in hospitals and dying from prostration.

At 6 o'clock it was 89 and three hours later 92. Yesterday's record of 101 will be broken.

Chicago Babies Doomed.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Another intensely hot day was in prospect to-day, with no relief in sight for several days. Thirty were eight deaths yesterday and numerous prostrations.

Many deaths among babies are feared to-day.

Record for St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—St. Louis probably will see the hottest day of the year. At 8 o'clock the thermometer registered 88, 4 degrees hotter than yesterday at the same time. The maximum yesterday was 97.

Passes 100 in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, June 28.—The heat in Kansas and Missouri will be greater to-day than yesterday, when the thermometer recorded 102 to 108 at a number of places.

It was 89 at 9:30 o'clock, 4 degrees hotter than at same hour yesterday.

Overcome Warm at Duluth.

DULUTH, MINN., June 28.—Steam heat was turned on in downtown buildings and apartment houses to-day, the coolest June 28 in years. Thermometers registered 42 degrees. Overcoats were worn.

Damage $20,000,000 to Crops.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Crops in parts throughout the Middle West suffered from the terrific heat. The oats crop has been almost entirely ruined in Illinois, Missouri, Indiana and Iowa, according to reports received to-day at the offices of large grain dealers.

The loss will approach $10,000,000, they said.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 15, 1913.

Vote for .....
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CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

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5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 15, 1913.

Vote for .....
Address .....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

CHILDREN'S EYES.

Hot sun, wind and dust are dangerous to children's eyes. Better get a pair of smoked glasses if they complain, or better, let us make an examination and fit the correct lenses. A. K. Hawkes, Opticians 14 Whitehall.

WHY YOU GET FULL VALUE IN STERLING PAINT

It is made of best materials.
It is ground in special machinery.
It is made by men who know how.
It is absolutely high-grade
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AN EXTRA PAIR OF VACATION GLASSES.

It is a serious mishap to break your only pair of glasses when on your vacation. Have a duplicate made up for emergency. A. K. Hawkes Co. 14 Whitehall

RIGID PROBE TO BE PUSHED BY BEAVERS

More Suspensions of Policemen as Department Scandal Continues to Grow.

Continued From Page 1.

drinking a glass of ice water the negro woman had poured for him.

"The other two officers, David and Evans, who have been suspended with us, were not even in the house," said Wood. "The only thing against the fact that the police department has taken the word of this one man, Sloan, against all four of us, is suspending us for drinking in the place."

On a charge of suspected perjury, Chief Beavers indefinitely suspended Evans immediately following the suspension of Patrolmen Wood and Adams. The patrolman was called before the Chief and stripped of his badge, brass and equipment. The case will be thrashed out by the Police Committee.

The evidence in Recorder's Court was that policemen had frequented the negro resort daily and uniformed men had often been seen entering it in broad daylight. One witness told of a midnight brawl participated in by four officers. The Chief said he had published the names of the frequenters of the place.

He began Saturday morning instituting into a report of police protection of the Auburn Avenue resort, and officer Ed Hightower, a member of the squad, then were called before him. Hightower was reported to his official staff he prepared to continue his inquiry throughout the day.

Claim They Got Evidence.

Patrolman W. T. Moon admitted to the Recorder that he had drunk coffee at the Auburn Avenue resort with the negress specially. He said, however, that he had only done so to secure evidence. Thought, recorder, took him to task for not having reported the incident earlier.

A negro woman intimate of the house said Moon had been intimate with a girl there. Moon made an emphatic denial of the charge, but said he had been a frequent visitor to the place (for the purpose of getting evidence against it. Policeman Adams testified to the same thing.

Patrolman Wood branded Moon as a deliberate liar and said that he would repeat his perjury against him. Also said he would prove Adams had perjured himself, after which he would introduce evidence that would merit the immediate discharge of the two men.

Bailey said that the two men, Wood and Adams, had testified against him in spite of the fact that several months ago he arrested Adams for bastardy.

Beavers to Investigate.

Sergeant J. H. Hardield, who raided the Auburn Avenue place Friday, told the court that on a previous visit to the place he had seen a negro boy in the hall. The man told him he was looking for a girl who was wanted at headquarters. Chief Beavers will inquire into this incident during the day.

Police Commissioner B. Lee Smith was a prominent figure in the police inquiry Friday. He made a personal appeal to the Chief for several minutes before he suspended the first three men, and later in the day he made a personal investigation of the place on Auburn Avenue. He said that unquestionably the report had been receiving police protection from a subordinate source.

The next meeting of the Police Commission is July 8, and unless there is a called meeting the charges will not be officially aired before that time.

The officers under suspicion were confident they would be completely exonerated when the Police Board finally convened, and have retained Attorney R. R. Jackson to represent them. Jackson said that he sympathizes with the officers, with the dismissed men and he denounced the system where officers are placed in a position to assign the duty of spying on their brother officers.

Policeman L. J. Milam was questioned by Captain Terry late Friday night. He was a partner with Wood, the suspended officer. He was questioned regarding Wood's conduct and reported visits to the place.

Chief Beavers said that his inquiry into the conduct of policemen against his policemen would be extensive and that it would not stop until the department had been purged of every man found guilty of an act unbecoming a policeman.

King Would Give Chief Power to "Fire" Offenders.

Chief of Police Beavers will have power to discharge officers from the department if a resolution to be introduced by Commissioner A. R. King is adopted by the Police Board at its meeting Tuesday, July 8.

"There is not another department of the government that the board does not have this privilege," said the Chief of Police, above all others should have the power to discharge an officer when he violates a rule of the department or is found wanting in the qualifications for the place, said Commissioner King.

Action of the Chief in suspending the men who had visited a questionable house shows it is his intention to run the department, and that class of policemen who use their office to enter places when not required to do so.

Board Trusts Chief.

"The Chief heard the rumor that policemen were visiting the place in the rear of 127 Auburn Avenue soon after his return from Atlanta, and immediately started an investigation," declared Commissioner King. "Officers Moon and Adams on the job.

"Those men were selected by the Chief because of their reputation, despite they might have had against the officers turned up. But because of this fact, in his opinion, qualified to cope with the case and bring the guilty parties to justice. How well they succeeded the action of the Chief and the conviction of the women in the case in the Recorder's Court shows.

"The Board of Police Commissioners never interfere in the suspension of officers, but are never sure of the men until they are tried. It is up to the Chief and his assistants to do the testing. The Police Board will abide by their decision. The board has the utmost confidence in Chief Beavers and his assistants. They have been proved loyal and true.

Can Appeal to Board.

"In any case where an officer who has been discharged by the Chief feels that he has not been given a square deal he can appeal to the board. The Chief will report to the board all cases of suspension or discharge, and the board either will confirm or reverse him mostly confirm.

"The Chief has started this investigation and he will carry it to a successful conclusion. It is the duty of citizens who have the welfare of Atlanta at heart to give him every assistance."

MRS. KEEFER AGAIN FORGIVES HUSBAND

Mrs. David Keefer, who tells of her matrimonial mix-ups.

"The case against David H. Keefer for disorderly conduct was postponed Saturday afternoon while the police sought witnesses of the affair with his son, Jack Macy, among the guests of the Piedmont driving club Friday night.

Mrs. Keefer swore out a peace warrant in Justice Giradeau's court Saturday afternoon, asking that her husband be put under a peace bond.

"I don't want a divorce; I want to remain Mrs. Keefer. I shall let my husband go in peace," declared Mrs. David H. Keefer, of 80 East Fourteenth Street, who has sworn out a warrant against the well-known broker, charging him with assault and battery on her son, Jack Macy, Friday night.

"I did not hit his throat last night—to kill him," declared Mrs. Keefer Saturday morning with vehemence, "but he warded off the blow and struck me a full blow on the breast. I told him, too, to leave town immediately or I would fill him with bullet holes—but I shall not. I shall sit still in the boat; I shall let him go in peace, for all I want is protection. And that I will have."

Broker and Wife Clash.

The latest sensation in connection with the stormy marital relations of Mr. and Mrs. Keefer, which have furnished "live copy" for papers all the way from Georgia to New York and back again, occurred at a club Friday night about 10 o'clock, when Keefer called with a deputy sheriff to serve papers on his stepson, Jack Macy, to gain possession of a $6,000 automobile.

In the trouble which followed Keefer and young Macy exchanged blows which left marks. Mr. and Mrs. Keefer also clashed. Macy said Saturday morning Keefer struck him first while Deputy Sheriff Miner was attempting to handcuff him. Keefer denies this.

But Mrs. Keefer's own story, as she told it to a reporter for The Georgian Saturday morning, is as follows:

"I returned to New York from Paris in the early part of 1906," said she, "to find there, in my father's home, my old friend and future husband, David H. Keefer.

"He was very ill, and, as I looked there upon his frail form, somehow or other I fancied I saw my former husband and it gave me new courage, new life, for I myself had come from Paris, as I thought, to die.

"He had been a dear friend to me and to Mr. Macy, who was were then in Thomasville, Ga., and following Mr. Macy's death he had corresponded with me across the waters.

"And oh those beautiful letters which he wrote to me. How could I think otherwise than that he really loved me from the very depths of his heart?

"A man surely loves a woman if he corresponds in such a way all the way across the waters, don't you think?

Tells About "Real Man."

"So we were married shortly after my return to my father's home. Three days after our wedding I beheld the real man—he actually told me that he believed woman was created only for downfall at the hands of man.

"From that time on he was a beast and more than once he would have allowed me to starve to death if he could. Then came the divorce proceedings in New York State, in which there was much legal juggling at my expense—and that I will not countenance whatever else happens. The scene shifted from New York to Georgia, where I won in the preliminary skirmish—and then he, my recent husband, came to me to beg forgiveness.

"I forgave—I am always willing to do that—but soon the same old scenes were being enacted. Mr. Keefer, as brilliant as he was and is, was always fond of the dazzle, the things purely of this life.

"He was found in a hotel with another woman. He came home drunk repeatedly. Things went from bad to worse; and finally we separated. He went away. I remained in New York."

Y. M. C. A. Suspends Operation for Year

After twenty-seven years' continued operation the Y. M. C. A. will go out of business July 1, pending the completion of the new association building a year hence. The suspension is necessitated by an agreement to turn the Y. M. C. A. building, on Pryor Street and Auburn Avenue, over to its new proprietors, the Chamber of Commerce.

While the work of the association will be suspended, the organization will be kept intact. Temporary headquarters will be established in the Baptist Tabernacle.

KRYPTOK BIFOCALS

Kryptoks are the "Pearls" of the optical world. They are a beautiful creation—gems beyond price. Let John L. Moore & Sons show you. 42 N. Broad St.

Chicago Suffragists To Celebrate July 1

CHICAGO, June 28.—Tuesday, July 1, will be Emancipation Day in Chicago. It will be celebrated by Cook County woman suffrage organizations by a mammoth automobile parade. The bill giving women the right to vote in Illinois becomes effective on that day.

City authorities will be asked to set aside July 1 as an annual holiday.

Newlyweds Hikers On Honeymoon Trail

FORT WAYNE, IND., June 28.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Russell Kleiny, of this city, will start to hike to Winchester, Va., next week on their honeymoon.

"Their route will be over the trail by which General Wayne led his soldiers from Cincinnati to Fort Wayne more than 100 years ago.

Oldest U. S. Elk, 85, Will Give Big Picnic

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 28.—Colonel W. T. Baker, of Bolivia, Ill., the oldest Elk in the United States, will observe his eighty-fifth birthday anniversary to-morrow at his home in this place.

He will be shot at a big picnic to which every Elk in Illinois has been invited.

A mass meeting of the Atlanta branch of the Railway Mail Men's Association will be held in the auditorium of the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association Tuesday evening, July 1. The meeting will be addressed by some of the leading men of the department association, under whose direction it is held.

STATE SECURES NEW PHAGAN EVIDENCE

Conley's Admission Strengthens Rumor That He Saw Child Just Before Slaying.

Frank A. Hooper, associated with Solicitor Dorsey in the prosecution of Leo Frank on the charge of strangling Mary Phagan, admitted Saturday that Jim Conley, negro sweeper at the National Pencil Factory, has furnished important additions to the story of his part in the murder mystery and had told of circumstances on the day of the crime which he had revealed in none of his previous statements.

A persistent report that Conley had made the startling admission that he had seen Mary Phagan enter the factory on the day she was slain arose after the negro was questioned more than an hour by Solicitor Dorsey early in the week, and this rumor was heightened after Attorney Hooper's interview with the negro Friday.

In all of his statements to the detectives Conley denied he saw the girl at all on the day of the crime until he was horrified by the sight of her dead body dying in the rear of the second floor where he was directed by Leo Frank. Solicitor Dorsey is believed to have wrung the admission from him that he did see Mary Phagan when she came in the door of the factory and went to the second floor to Frank's office.

Hooper Mum on Topic.

Mr. Hooper refused either to affirm or deny this report, declaring that his connection with the case was so recent that he would not be warranted in making any definite statement for publication in reference to the evidence in the possession of the prosecution.

His attention was called to the fact that while in all of the published statements of Conley the negro denied seeing Mary Phagan go into the factory, no one connected with the prosecution could now be induced to say that he still stuck to this particular and puzzling feature of his story. Mr. Hooper, however, would make no comment on the circumstance.

He contented himself with the general assertion that the State has a big stack of evidence of which the defense is in entire ignorance and of which they will remain in ignorance until it is presented when Frank is placed on trial for his life.

"I went to the police station yesterday afternoon," said the witness, "and Conley rehearse his story to me," said Mr. Hooper. "It is true that he told me a number of circumstances of which I had been in ignorance before, and some of them are of the most important bearing on the case. He made additions to his story which, while they were along the same general line as his last affidavit, gave a detail that assisted me remarkably in getting a much clearer idea of the events as they happened on that day.

Will Be Revealed at Trial.

"I can not tell what they were. They will be revealed when the trial is in actual progress. Mr. Dorsey has guarded the evidence carefully and has refrained from trying his case in the papers. If it were not presumptuous for me to step in and give this evidence away to the public and to the defense, it would at least be most unwise.

LAKE TOXAWAY.

Improved Service Via Southern Railway.

Effective Sunday, June 22, an electric lighted twelve section drawing room sleeping car will be operated daily, leaving Atlanta at 4:45 p. m. and arriving at Lake Toxaway 8:10 a. m. Twelve section drawings can be obtained on the same train arriving Asheville 1 a. m., thus affording excellent service to Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky."

Pryor Street Church To Celebrate Sunday

The new building of the Pryor Street Presbyterian Church has been completed. Special services will be held at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon to commemorate the completion of the new building. Sunday is the eleventh anniversary.

The following will speak: Dr. Walker, of the First Church; Dr. Flinn, North Avenue; Dr. Little, Westminster; Dr. Fritz Rauschenburg, College Park; Dr. Preston and Dr. Wright. A brief history of the church will be given by John F. Pickard.

Strike of 25,000 in Kansas City Urged

KANSAS CITY, MO., June 28.—Efforts were being made to-day by the Industrial Council of Kansas City to have 25,000 union workmen called out on a general strike.

All crafts were asked to join in the movement to force the employers to give better working conditions to all classes of employees.

County's Home for Women Ready Soon

Construction on the Fulton County home for incorrigible women will begin next week, according to announcement by Chairman Tull C. Waters, of the alms committee, Saturday.

Chairman Waters said the home would be located on Bakers Ferry Road, on land provided by the County Board. He said the first building would accommodate 30.

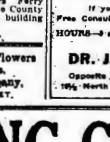
Funeral Designs and Flowers
FOR ALL OCCASIONS.
Atlanta Floral Company,
455 EAST-PARK STREET.

Are You Sick, Diseased, Nervous, Run Down?

Have You Blood Poison, Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles?

IF SO, GOODLY (FREE)

Dr. Hughes, Atlanta's Long Established, Most Reliable Specialist.



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BLOOD and SKIN Diseases
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VARICOCELE
HYDROCELE
Kidney and Bladder and Urinary Diseases
Piles and all Rectal Diseases
Private Diseases Men and Women.

I give 606, the celebrated German preparation, for Blood Poison, and Guarantee results. Everything absolutely confidential.

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HOURS—9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.

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L&N

TAX REVISION IS SLATON'S PLEA IN MESSAGE

New Governor Also Urges Change in Criminal Code, Abolishing Defendant's Statement.

Continued From Page 1.

$2,679,000 which falls due in May and July, 1915.

If refunding bonds were issued in 1914, making the first $100,000 fall due in 1925, then the sinking fund could be made to run continuously and retire each year, and pari passu, $100,000 of this series of 1915 refunding bonds.

This plan would seem advisable in order to relieve the treasury and the people of the increased burden at this time, unless financial conditions at the time of the sale of the bonds should demand that their redemption begin at an earlier period in order to effectuate their most satisfactory disposition.

Leading bond men in financial centers have stated that if they were certified by some responsible trust company, thus assuring their genuineness, and guaranting against their being counterfeited, and if their validity were approved by attorneys who are specialists in this line, the expense would be more than repaid in the price that could be obtained. Certainly no safer investment can be afforded than these bonds.

I recommend that through your appropriate committees you consider at once the matter of refunding the State's indebtedness above referred to.

Registration of Voters.

We believe the present registration law should be so amended that when a voter has once proven his qualification by registering and being enrolled, he shall remain a registered voter unless disqualified for cause due to himself.

The foregoing extract from the last platform upon which I was elected, expresses a principle which deserves universal acceptance. It contemplates no change of the constitution which provides for the qualification of the voter.

The farmers of a neighborhood have duly registered, but the succeeding year when they gather their crops, they can not send their bales to the collector by some neighbor going to town, except on penalty of being disfranchised.

The traveling men who have registered one year can not send their remittance the next year to the proper officer, and so it is with men in every calling who perform civic duties and who have overlooked the last day of registration, or have been prevented from registering some by unavoidable reasons. The professional politician never forgets it.

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To delay this matter will mean to put the State at the inexcusable disadvantage of unpreparedness when the time arrives for imperative action.

The Criminal Code.

One of the fundamental purposes of government is the protection of life and safety of the citizen. If the rules of evidence are so shaped as to prevent the discovery of the truth, and if the State is deprived of the means of sifting the facts, the judges and juries are not to be blamed if crimes are allowed to go unpunished.

It is an anomaly that a defendant should take the stand, make any statement that he see fit, or that his shrewd lawyer has prepared, and be immune from cross-examination. demand that the judge shall charge the jury that they may accept his unsworn statement in preference to all the evidence in the case.

His carefully written statement may contain all manner of prejudiced assertions which constitute no defense, but the State is not allowed to disprove or to question them. It may be true is instructed that they may consider them. The witness is sworn to testify to order that his attorney may make the last speech, and yet he can not be even asked questions by various witnesses, offer disreputable men, and challenge the Solicitor General to introduce them. This can not be done because the State can not vouch for their character.

I, therefore, recommend that a law be passed abolishing the defendant's statement, and providing in its place that he may, if he desires, be a witness. If he does but his failure to be so sworn be not subject to adverse comment by prosecuting counsel. This is in accordance with current Federal and State law.

The legislation in Georgia against carrying concealed weapons has in recent years been conspicuous. It has been interpreted by the law of self-preservation. Daily we read of men who have shot, cut and have been acquitted on the old statement that the deceased drew his hand on his hip pocket and the defendant shot in fear of his life. When searched, the dead man was found generally unarmed.

If the carrying of concealed weapons were made a felony, subject to be reduced to a misdemeanor by either judge or jury, the deterrent effect of such a law would be the saving of many a life. I earnestly commend to you the consideration of this question.

Banking Laws.

The banks of a State perform public functions, and as such are properly subjected to governmental supervision. The bankers of the State, with the desire of maintaining a high standard of responsibility and of affording guarantees against improvident management, that imperil the money of the people, recommend legislation looking to the accomplishment of these objects. I commend this subject as one worthy of your serious consideration.

My predecessors have recommended the creation of the position of State Auditor, and in this recommendation I heartily concur. His services could be utilized in checking the cost of new buildings for which requests may be made to the various institutions. Those who have served on the appropriations committees are aware of the inadequate facilities of the State in arriving at the amount of the necessary expenditures.

The Constitution.

The Constitution is the expression of the supreme law of the land. It can only be changed by the people speaking in their sovereign capacity. In order that they may vote intelligently on any proposition, it is essential that they understand it. I recommend that in proposing constitutional amendments, you plainly indicate the proposition to the voter in such language that he may understand the meaning of the question submitted.

My predecessor has called attention to the fact that some of the agricultural schools are well attended, while others receive little patronage whether due to the matter of location or lack of interest, or from what cause, I am unable to say. Each obtains the same appropriation from the State for maintenance. I recommend that you investigate their condition, and apply the proper remedies.

Slaton is Inaugurated With Simple Ceremonies.

With ceremonies that gained in strength and impressiveness through their very simplicity, John Marshall Slaton to-day became Governor of the State of Georgia, succeeding Joseph M. Brown. The oath of office was administered by Judge William H. Fish, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, at 12:02 o'clock.

Governor Slaton was inducted into office in the presence of a brilliant throng of Georgia men and women, including his own and the retiring Governor's family and intimate friends, members of the State Legislature and prominent jurists. For the first time in the history of the State the United States was represented by Judge William T. Newman and Judge A. A. Pardee, of the Federal Court. They occupied seats directly in front of the Speaker's stand.

Galleries and the floor of the House were filled with spectators. By 10 o'clock virtually every seat in the visitors' gallery was taken and room had been provided for a large number on the floor. In the corridors another crowd, unable to gain entrance into the hall, waited patiently for a glimpse of the new executive.

Joint Session Held.

Neither the House nor the Senate transacted any business, convening at 11 o'clock and immediately taking a recess. At 11:45 o'clock both Houses again convened, and the Senate accompanied and marched to the House, where members took seats in a semi-circle about the speaker's stand. In the front row of seats about the speakers' stand sat the intimate friends and relatives of Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton. Twenty-eight chairs had been reserved for members of Governor Slaton's family and eight for the family and friends of Governor Brown.

In Governor Slaton's party were Major William F. Slaton, father of the Governor; Mrs. John M. Slaton, Mr and Mrs. William M. Slaton, Justice and Mrs. A. C. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Waldo, Mrs W. H. Blanchard, Mrs. W. D. Ansley, Mr and Mrs. John W. Grant, John M. Slaton, Jr. W. F. Slaton, Jr., Slaton Waldo, Little Waldo, Miss Mildred Slaton, Margaret Grant, James Jackson Slaton, Mr and Mrs. A. Mell Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. L. Jones, Mr and Mrs. Benjamin Phillips and Miss Robinson. In Governor Brown's party were Mrs. Joseph M. Brown, Miss Cora Brown, Charles Brown, Miss Mary Brown, Dr and Mrs. E. Conn. Connolly, Mrs. Frances Connolly and Thomas W. Connolly.

Governor Brown Receives Friends.

Governor Brown arrived at the "Capitol" shortly before 10 o'clock, and went at once into his private office, where he received a number of friends and visitors.

Governor-elect Slaton drove up in his automobile to the Ivy Street and Street entrance of the Capitol, accompanied by Mrs. Slaton and his father, Major William F. Slaton. He proceeded to the reception room of the Governor and from there the inaugural procession formed.

Promptly at 11:45 o'clock Speaker Burwell called the House to order, and immediately thereafter members of the Senate arrived.

The inaugural procession moved from the Governor's office on the first floor. The procession was led by Governor-elect Slaton and Governor Brown. After them came ex-Governor Henry D. McDaniel, and then followed the Justices of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals, the Federal Judges, the State House officers, the members of the joint legislative committee on inauguration, and the immediate families of Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton.

Governor Slaton Presented.

Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton took their places on the Speaker's stand, the first standing for several days. There were eight deaths yesterday and numerous prostrations. Many deaths among babies are feared to-day.

Record for St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—St. Louis probably will see the hottest day of the year. At 9 o'clock the thermometer registered 84, 1 degree hotter than yesterday at the same time.

The maximum yesterday was 97.

Passes 100 in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, June 28.—The heat in Kansas and Missouri was 10 degrees hotter than yesterday, when the thermometer recorded 101 to 106 at a number of points.

It was 89 at 9:30 o'clock, 4 degrees hotter than yesterday.

Overcoats Worn at Duluth.

DULUTH, MINN., June 28.—Steam heat was turned on in downtown buildings and apartment houses today, the first time since May 15. Thermometers registered 42 degrees. Overcoats were worn.

Damage $20,000,000 to Crops.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Crops throughout the Middle West suffered from the terrific heat. The corn crop has been almost ruined in parts of Illinois, Missouri, Indiana and Iowa, according to reports received to-day at the offices of large grain dealers. The loss will approach $20,000,000, they said.

The Georgian-American Pony Contest
VOTE COUPON

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
PONY CONTEST VOTE COUPON
5 VOTES
NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 15, 1913.
Vote for .....
Address .....
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' BALLOT.

Hearst's Sunday American and Atlanta Georgian
Pony Contest Coupon
5 VOTES NOT GOOD AFTER JULY 15, 1913.
Vote for .....
Address .....
SCHOOL BOYS' AND GIRLS' BALLOT.

92 HERE IN SHADE; MANY DIE IN NORTH

Heat Toll Heavy in Chicago and Cleveland---Middle West Crop Loss $20,000,000.

Ninety-two in the shade.

That was the weather situation in Atlanta at 3 o'clock Saturday. Forecaster C. F. VonHermann, of the United States Weather Bureau, placed the thermometer on the most exposed point of the Empire Building's roof, where all the breezes played against it, but the mercury would not down. On the contrary, it continued to ascend, and the forecaster said he would not be surprised to see the 94 mark reached during the afternoon.

"Continued warm, with possibly thunderstorms in the afternoon," is the forecast for Sunday.

Nine Die in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 28.—Nine more dead, six children and three adults, were added to Cleveland's map as the toll early to-day. Scores are in hospitals suffering from prostration.

At 6 o'clock it was 80 and three hours later 90. Yesterday's record of 101 will be broken.

Chicago Babies Doomed.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Another intensely hot day was in prospect today, with no relief in sight for several days. There were eight deaths yesterday and numerous prostrations.

Many deaths among babies are feared to-day.

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AN EXTRA PAIR OF VACATION GLASSES.

It is a serious mishap to break your only pair of glasses when on your vacation. Have a duplicate pair made up for emergency. A Hawkes Co. 14 Whitehall

RIGID PROBE TO BE PUSHED BY BEAVERS

More Suspensions of Policemen as Department Scandal Continues to Grow.

Continued From Page 1.

drinking a glass of ice water the negro woman had poured for him.

"The other two officers, David and Evans, who have been suspended with us, were not even in the house," said Wood. "The indictment charges the fact that the police department has taken the word of this one man, Moon, against all four of us, in suspending us for drinking in the place."

On a charge of willfully perjury, Chief Beavers indefinitely suspended Evans immediately following the suspension of Wood, Bailey and David. The patrolman was called before the Chief and stripped of his badge, braid and equipment. The case will be thrashed out by the Police Commission.

The evidence in Recorder's Court was that policemen had frequented the negro resort daily and uniformed men had often been seen entering it in broad daylight. One witness told of a midnight brawl participated in by four officers. The Chief said that he had obtained the names of the frequenters of the place.

He is conducting an informing inquiring into a report of police protection of the Auburn Avenue resort and others of its kind. A number of patrolmen were called before him the first thing after he reported to his office and he prepared to continue his inquiry through the day.

Claim They Got Evidence.

Plainclothesman W. T. Moon admitted to the Recorder that he had drunk whisky at the Auburn Avenue resort with the negress operator. He said, however, that he had only done so to secure evidence. The Recorder took him to task for not having reported the incident earlier.

A negro woman inmate of the house said Moon had been intimate with a girl there. Moon made an emphatic denial of the charge, but said he had been a frequent visitor to the place in the interest of selling evidence against it. Policeman Adams testified to the same thing.

Patrolman Wood branded Moon as a deliberate liar and said that he would prove perjury against him. He also said he would prove Adams had perjured himself, after which he would introduce evidence that would merit the immediate discharge of the two men.

Bailey said that the two men, Wood and Adams, had testified against him in spite of his protestations, several months ago he arrested Adams for fighting.

Beavers to Investigate.

Sergeant J. H. Barfield, who raided the Auburn Avenue place last Friday, the court that on a previous visit to the place he had seen a patrolman in the hall. He said he was told he was looking for a girl who was wanted at headquarters. Chief Beavers will inquire into this incident during the day.

Police Commissioner B. Lee Smith was a prominent figure in the police inquiry Friday. He was closeted with the Chief for several minutes before he suspended the first three men, and later in the day he made a personal investigation of the place on Auburn Avenue. He said that unquestionably the resort had been receiving police protection from a subordinate source.

The next meeting of the Police Commission is July 8, and unless there is a called meeting the charges will not be officially aired before that time.

The officers under suspicion were confident they would be completely exonerated when the Police Board took action, and have retained Attorney R. R. Jackson to represent them. Jackson said that the charges against were wholly with the dismissed men and he denounced the system where officer got them to make a sworn assigned the duty of spying on their brother officers.

Policeman L. J. Milam was questioned by Captain Terry late Friday night. He was a partner with Wood, the suspended officer. He was questioned regarding Wood's conduct during visits to the place.

Chief Beavers said that his inquiry into the charges against the men and his policemen would be extensive and that it would not stop until the department had been purged of every man found guilty of an act unbecoming a policeman.

King Would Give Chief Power to "Fire" Offenders.

Chief of Police Beavers will have power, to discharge officers from the department if a resolution to be introduced by Commissioner A. R. King is adopted by the Police Board at its meeting Tuesday, July 8.

"There is not another department of the city government that the head of it can not discharge a man, and the Chief of Police, above all others, should have the power to discharge an officer when he violates a rule of the department or is found wanting in the qualifications for the place, said Commissioner King.

"The Chief of Police is suspending the men who had visited a questionable house, shows it is his intention to do his duty, and I believe that class of policemen who use their office to enter places when not required to do so."

Board Trusts Chief.

"The Chief has been a rumor that policemen were visiting the place in the rear of 127 Auburn Avenue soon after the Police Board took charge of City, and immediately started an investigation, detailing Patrolmen Wood, Bailey and Adams on the job.

"These men were selected by the Chief because they were the worst spite they might have had against the officers turned up, but because they were, in his opinion, qualified to cope with the case and bring the guilty parties to justice. How well they succeeded the action of the Chief and the conviction of the women in the case in the Recorder's Court shows.

"The Board of Police Commissioners regards great care in the selection of officers, but are never sure of the men until they are tested. It is up to the Chief and his assistants to do the testing. The Police Board will abide by their decision. The board has the utmost confidence in Chief Beavers and his assistants. They have been proved loyal and true.

Can Appeal to Board.

"In all cases where an officer who has been discharged by the Chief feels that he has not been given a square deal he can appeal to the board. The Chief will report to the board all cases of suspension or discharge, and the board either will confirm or reverse him—mostly confirm.

"The Chief has started this investigation and he will carry it to a successful conclusion. It is the duty of citizens who have the welfare of Atlanta at heart to give him every assistance."

MRS. KEEFER AGAIN FORGIVES HUSBAND

Mrs. David Keefer, who tells of her matrimonial mix-ups.

The case against David H. Keefer for disorderly conduct was postponed Saturday afternoon while the police sought witnesses for the affair with his son, Jack Macy, among the guests of the Piedmont driving club Friday night.

Mrs. Keefer swore out a peace warrant in Justice Giradeau's court Saturday afternoon, seeking that her husband be put under a peace bond.

"I don't want a divorce; I want to remain Mrs. Keefer. I shall let my husband go in peace," declared Mrs. David H. Keefer, of 80 East Fourteenth Street, who has sworn out a warrant against the well-known broker, charging him with assault and battery on her son, Jack Macy, Friday night.

"I did not lay at his throat last night—to kill him," declared Mrs. Keefer Saturday morning with vehemence, "but he warded off the blow and struck me a full blow on the breast. I told him, too, to leave town immediately or I would fill him with bullet holes—but I shall not. I shall sit still in the boat; I shall let him go in peace, for all I want is my freedom. And that I will have."

Broker and Wife Clash.

The latest sensation in connection with the stormy marital relations of Mr. and Mrs. Keefer, which have furnished "live copy" for papers all the way from Georgia to New York and back again, occurred at a club Friday night about 10 o'clock, when Keefer called with a deputy sheriff to serve papers on his stepson, Jack Macy, to gain possession of a $5,000 automobile.

In the trouble which followed Keefer and young Macy exchanged blows which left marks. Mr. and Mrs. Keefer also clashed. Macy said Saturday morning Keefer struck him first while Deputy Sheriff Miner was attempting to handcuff him. Keefer denies this.

But Mrs. Keefer's own story, as she told it to a reporter for The Georgian Saturday morning, is as follows:

"I returned to New York from Paris in the early part of 1906," said she, "to find there, in my father's home, my old friend and future husband, David H. Keefer.

"He was very ill, and, as I looked there upon his frail form, somehow or other I fancied I saw in my former husband and it gave me new courage, new life, for I myself had come from Paris, as I thought, to die.

"He had been a dear friend to me and to Mr Macy while we were living in Thomasville, Ga., and following Mr. Macy's death he had corresponded with me across the waters.

"And oh those beautiful letters which he wrote to me. How could I think otherwise than that he really loved me from the very depths of his heart?

"A man surely loves a woman if he corresponds in such a way all the way across the waters, don't you think?

Tells About "Real Man."

"So we were married shortly after my return to my father's home. Three days after our wedding I beheld the real man—he actually told me that he believed woman was created only for downfall at the hands of man.

"From that time on he was a beast and more than once he would have allowed me to starve to death if he could. Then came the divorce proceedings in New York State, in which there was much legal juggling at my expense—and that I will not countenance whatever else happens. The scene shifted from New York to Georgia, where I won in the preliminary skirmish—and then he, my recreant husband, came to me to beg forgiveness.

"I forgave,—I am always willing to do that—but soon the same old scenes were being enacted. Mr. Keefer, as brilliant as he was and is, was always fond of the dazzle, the things purely of this life.

"He was found in a hotel with another woman. He came home drunk repeatedly. Things went from bad to worse, and finally we separated. He went away. I remained in New York."

Y. M. C. A. Suspends Operation for Year

After twenty-seven years' continued operation the Y. M. C. A. will go out of business July 1, pending the completion of the new association building a year hence. The suspension is necessitated by an agreement th turn the Y. M. C. A. building, at Pryor Street and Auburn Avenue, over to its new proprietors, the Chamber of Commerce.

While the work of the association will be suspended, the organization will be kept intact. Temporary headquarters will be established in the Baptist Tabernacle.

KRYPTOK BIFOCALS

Kryptoks are the "Pearls" of the optical world. They are a beautiful creation—gems beyond price. Let John L. Moore & Sons show you. 42 N Broad St.

Chicago Suffragists To Celebrate July 1

CHICAGO, June 28.—Tuesday, July 1, will be Emancipation Day in Chicago. It will be celebrated by Cook County woman suffrage organizations by a mammoth automobile parade. The bill giving women the right to vote in Illinois becomes effective on that day.

City authorities will be asked to set aside July 1 as an annual holiday.

Newlyweds Hikers On Honeymoon Trail

FORT WAYNE, IND., June 28.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Russell Klein, of this city, will start to hike to Winchester, Va., next week on their honeymoon.

Their route will be over the trail by which General Wayne led his soldiers from Cincinnati to Fort Wayne more than 100 years ago.

Oldest U. S. Elk, 85, Will Give Big Picnic

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., June 28.—Colonel W. T. Baker, of Bolivia, Ill., the oldest Elk in the United States, will observe his eighty-fifth birthday anniversary to-morrow at his home in that place.

He will be host at a big picnic to which every Elk in Illinois has been invited.

A mass meeting of the Atlanta branch of the Railway Mail Men's Association will be held in the auditorium of the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association Tuesday evening, July 1. The meeting will be addressed by some of the leading men of the benevolent association, under whose direction it is held.

STATE SECURES NEW PHAGAN EVIDENCE

Conley's Admission Strengthens Rumor That He Saw Child Just Before Slaying.

Frank A. Hooper, associated with Solicitor Dorsey in the prosecution of Leo M. Frank on the charge of strangling Mary Phagan, admitted Saturday that Jim Conley, negro sweeper at the National Pencil Factory, had made important additions to the story of his part in the murder mystery and had told of circumstances on the day of the crime which he had revealed in none of his previous statements.

A persistent report that Conley had made the startling admission that he had seen Mary Phagan enter the factory on the day she was slain arose at the time Conley was first questioned more than an hour by Solicitor Dorsey early in the week, and this rumor was heightened after Attorney Hooper's interview with the negro Friday.

In all of his statements to the detectives Conley denied he saw the girl at all on the day of the crime until he was horrified by the sight of her dead body lying in the rear of the second floor where he was directed by Leo Frank. Solicitor Dorsey is believed to have wrung the statement from him that he did see Mary Phagan when she came in the door of the factory and went to the second floor to Frank's office.

Hooper Mum on Topic.

Mr. Hooper refused either to affirm or deny this report, declaring that his connection with the case was so recent that he would not be warranted in making any definite statement for publication in reference to the evidence in the possession of the prosecution.

His attention was called to the fact that while in all of the published statements of Conley the negro denied seeing Mary Phagan go into the factory, no one connected with the prosecution could now be induced to say that he still stuck to this particular and puzzling feature of his story. Mr. Hooper, however, would make no comment on the circumstances.

He contented himself with the general assertion that the State has a big stack of evidence of which the defense is in entire ignorance and of which they will remain in ignorance until it is presented when Frank is placed on trial for his life.

"I went to the police station yesterday merely to the purpose of having Conley rehearse his story to me," said Mr. Hooper. "He told me that told me of a number of circumstances of which I had been in ignorance before, circumstances which have a most important bearing on the case. He made additions to his story which, while they were along the same general line as his last affidavit, gave a detail that seemed remarkably in getting a much clearer idea of the events as they happened on that day.

Will Be Revealed at Trial.

"I can not tell what they were. They will be revealed when the trial is in actual progress. Mr. Dorsey has guarded his evidence carefully and has refrained from trying his case in the papers. If it were not presumptuous for me to step in and give this evidence away to the public and to the defense it would at least be most unwise.

LAKE TOXAWAY.

Improved Service Via Southern Railway.

Effective Sunday, June 22, an electric lighted, twelve section drawing room sleeping car will be operated daily, leaving Atlanta at 8:45 p. m. and arriving at Lake Toxaway 8:10 a. m. Twelve section drawing room sleeping car on the same train arriving Asheville 7 a. m. Unsurpassed dining car service to Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky."

Pryor Street Church To Celebrate Sunday

The new building of the Pryor Street Presbyterian Church has been completed. Special services will be held at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon to commemorate the completion of the new building. Sunday is the eleventh anniversary.

The following will speak: Dr. Walker, of the First Church; Dr. Flinn, North Avenue; Dr. Little, Westminster; Dr. Fritz Rauschenbusch, College Park; Dr. Preston and W. H. Wright. A brief history of the church will be given by John F. Pickard.

Strike of 25,000 in Kansas City Urged

KANSAS CITY, MO., June 28.—Efforts were being made to-day by the Industrial Council of Kansas City to have 25,000 union workmen called out on a general strike.

All crafts were asked to join in the movement to force the employers to give better working conditions to all classes of employees.

County's Home for Women Ready Soon

Construction on the Fulton County home for incorrigible women will begin next week, according to announcements made by Chairman Waters, of the same committee, Saturday.

Chairman Waters said the home would be located on Bakers Ferry Road, on land provided by the County Board. The first building would accommodate 30.

Funeral Designs and Flowers
FOR ALL OCCASIONS.
Atlanta Floral Company,
455 EAST FAIR STREET.

Are You Sick, Diseased, Nervous, Run Down?

Have You Blood Poison, Kidney, Bladder Urinary Troubles?
IF SO, CONSULT (FREE)

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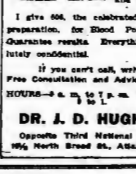

I were to stay Thirty Days I would Rather Have Treatments for Skin Diseases, Stricture, Prostatic Troubles, Varicocele, Blood Poison, Kidney, Bladder, Urinary Diseases, Rectal and all Chronic and Private Diseases of Men and Women.

I give 500, the celebrated German preparation, for Blood Poison, and Guarantee results. Everything absolutely confidential.

If you can't call, write.
Free Consultation and Advice to All.
HOURS—9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Sundays 10 to 1.

DR. J. D. HUGHES
Opposite Third National Bank.
19½ North Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

CHILDREN'S EYES.

Hot sun, wind and dust are dangerous to children's eyes. Better get a pair of smoked glasses if they complain or better, let us make an examination and fit the correct one. A. C. Hawkes, Opticians 14 Whitehall

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South Georgia AFTERNOON EDITION

VOL. XI. NO. 281. ATLANTA, GA., SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1913. Copyright, 1913, By The Georgian Co. 2 CENTS. PAY NO MORE

HOOPER SECURES NEW EVIDENCE FROM CONLEY

MORE SUSPENSIONS IN POLICE SCANDAL

Keefer Fights Stepson in Club

KEEFER ROW IN POLICE COURT

Broker, Mauled by Son, Will Fight Wife's Charge of Assault.

Mauled and pummeled by his young stepson, then arrested at the instance of his wife on the charge of disorderly conduct to which he will answer Saturday afternoon, David H. Keefer, prominent Atlanta broker, is convinced that the role of hero in a stormy matrimonial drama is not at all what it is cracked up to be.

The latest chapter in Mr. Keefer's highly interesting marital career was begun Friday evening when he went to the Piedmont Driving Club, in company with Deputy Sheriff Pinnie Miner, to get possession of a $5,000 machine on a ball trover.

His stepson, Jack Marcy, had the machine, and when he saw Keefer approaching with the officer he promptly sailed forth to do battle. There were a few words, spectators say, but they were angry words.

Alleged to Have Used Feet.

Before Deputy Miner was aware of what was going on Keefer and his stepson had mixed. Young Marcy is said to have struck Keefer several times and to have added to this indignity by kicking him.

At this exciting juncture Deputy Miner stopped hostilities by stepping between the combatants. Miner took possession of the car in which Marcy had driven to the club.

Mrs. Keefer had been apprised of the encounter between her son and her husband and arrived at the scene just as peace was about to settle. She rushed up to her husband. His story is that she attempted to strike him and that he seized her by the wrists to save himself a second beating.

Wife Says He Struck Her.

Her version is that he struck her and on this tale she later asked for his arrest.

He heard that the warrant had been issued and went to the police station in a taxicab last night and deposited $500 bail. He branded the charge as ridiculous and as an effort to get revenge for the issuance of the bail trover.

The Keefers were married in 1906. Mrs. Keefer instituted diverce proceedings in 1911, but the case was dismissed, Keefer stated. Since then the two have been separated much of the time. They have not been living together for the last eight months. Part of this time Mrs. Keefer has been in her home in Connecticut.

Rebels Advance on Juarez; Fight Near

EL PASO, TEXAS, June 28.—Pancho Villa, Mexican rebel leader, who has announced his intention of taking Juarez and executing General Salazar, commander of the garrison in the bull ring, established outposts within three miles of the town.

Ortega, who has 800 men, may cooperate with Villa. If Juarez falls, it will remove the most important Mexican port of entry on the United States border from Huerta and may result in the downfall of the Huerta government.

Plans Airship Squad In All Russian Corps

ST. PETERSBURG, June 16 — Every Russian army corps is to have a flying squad if the plan of the Minister of War is carried out. It was announced in the Duma.

Great progress is being made in the aerial armament, it was said, and the Government recently doubled the number of dirigibles and had approved every known so earlier dirigibles.

New Book Tells All About Health-Giving Waters in Georgia

A treatise on the mineral and commercial waters of Georgia has been issued by the State Geological Survey. It gives more than 200 analyses, and much other valuable data.

"Mineral Springs of Georgia" is the name which State Geologist S. W. McCallie has given to the pamphlet, and which is regarded as a valuable "handbook" for physicians.

The booklet tells of the accommodations for visitors at the various springs. It deals with the history of the springs, origin of mineral waters, definition of mineral waters, thermal springs, medicinal value, classification and geographical distribution.

Persons wishing a copy can obtain it by sending 18 cents postage to S. W. McCallie, State Geologist, Atlanta.

Builds 2-Acre $15,000 Home for Her Cats

GREENWICH, CONN., June 28.—Mrs. Clifford B. Harmon, daughter of Commodore E. C. Benedict, lifted the first spadeful of ground to-day in the construction of what is to be the most complete home for cats in this country.

The "cattery" is to cover more than two acres of ground. There are to be eight rooms, hot and cold water, electric lights, gas for cooking, two baths, a kittens' nursery, steam heat. In addition there is to be a seven-room cottage for Mrs. F. T. Mathis, who has been breeding famous cats for about ten years.

Goethals Says Canal Is Air-Bomb Proof

NEW YORK, June 28.—Colonel George Goethals has returned to Panama. He will remain on the Isthmus until the first ship has passed through the canal. The Colonel laughed at the idea some aviators have they can destroy the Gatun lock by dropping powerful bombs from aircraft.

"I'd like to post a forfeit no aviator could do any serious damage," said Colonel Goethals. "We have not begun our work on the locks without care and foresthought. Attack from an aircraft has been considered in all the construction work."

Baroness Arrives to Wed St. Louis Man

NEW YORK, June 28.—Baroness Kalinawski, accompanied by her brother, Baron Heinrich Kalinawski, arrived here to-day on the Kaiser Auguste Victoria, and said, much to her brother's disgust, she is en route to St. Louis, where she is to marry James Hurley, a prominent railroad man of that city. Their courtship began a year ago in France when their autos came near colliding.

When asked if he thought he might not marry an American before he left this country, the Baron's only comment was, "Not for mine."

Rate on 50 Chinese Skeletons a Puzzler

NEW ORLEANS, June 28.—What rates to charge for shipping 50 Chinese skeletons from this city to San Francisco is bothering freight agents of this city. The skeletons are "knocked down" and boxed, ready for shipment, and burial, "under the eyes of Confucius."

The railroad declares bodies must have been buried at least 10 years before they can be classed as "mere skeletons." The bones of Chinese now under discussion have been interred that length of time.

Plans Long Hike to Seek New Fortune

NEW YORK, June 28.—Mrs. Marie Chester is preparing here for a hike to Minneapolis. She proposes to make the walk a means of restoring her fortune wiped out by a fire which destroyed her home in Middletown, N. Y. She will start within a week from the City Hall.

Mrs. Chester will be escorted by her sons Charles aged 18, and Monty, aged 11. They will assist her in selling postcards.

RIGID PROBE PUSHED BY BEAVERS

Charges of Corruption Made by Ex-Bluecoat, Who Promises Complete Expose.

Sensational disclosures which will result in the suspension of at least two more policemen were expected from the arrest Saturday morning of Claude Gray, a negro living at the notorious resort at the rear of 137 Auburn Avenue, which the four policemen suspended Friday are alleged to have frequented.

Gray is said to have full knowledge of a disgraceful affair which took place in the resort two weeks ago when two policemen are alleged to have become involved in a quarrel. The officers, it is reported, would have come to blows had not Gray stepped in between them and separated them.

Ola Bradley, the negro woman conducting the place, also used her efforts to prevent the men from fighting. It is said, threatening them that she would call the police station if they continued.

More Disclosures Near.

Both officers whose names have been mentioned to Chief Beavers in connection with the affair are said to be married.

Gray will be closely questioned today in the expectation that he will give the Chief the names of a number of other policemen who have been in the habit of making visits there.

"I am going to give Gray a thorough grilling," said the Chief. "The whole truth is what I am after, regardless of how big a scandal is stirred up by the revelations. All of the men are going to get a fair hearing. If these reports are erroneous or falsified they will have the opportunity to show it."

At the same time startling revelations were promised by Robert A. Wood, suspended policeman who resigned and promised a complete expose of corruption in the department. He said that all ranks would be affected, including the vice squad.

Chief Suspends Evans.

On a charge of suspected perjury, Chief Beavers indefinitely suspended Evans immediately following the suspension of Wood, Bailey and David. The patrolman was called before the Chief and stripped of his badge, braid and equipment. The case will be thrashed out by the Police Commission.

The evidence in Recorder's Court was that policemen had frequented the negro resort daily and uniformed men had often been seen entering it in broad daylight. One witness told of a midnight brawl participated in by four officers. The Chief said that he had obtained the names of the frequenters of the place.

He began Saturday morning inquiring into a report of police protection of the Auburn Avenue resort and others of its kind. A number of patrolmen were called before him the first thing after he reported to his office and he prepared to continue his inquiry through the day.

Claim They Got Evidence.

Plainclothesman W. T. Moon admitted to he Recorder that he had drunk whisky at the Auburn Avenue resort with the negress operator. He said, however, that he had only done so to secure evidence. The Recorder took him to task for not having reported the incident earlier.

A negro woman inmate of the house said Moon had been intimate with a girl there. Moon made an emphatic denial of the charge, but said he had been a frequent visitor to the place in the interest of getting evidence against it. Policeman Adams testified to the same thing.

Patrolman Wood branded Moon as a deliberate liar and said that he would prove perjury against him. He also said he would prove Adams had perjured himself, after which he would introduce evidence that would

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Capital's Tyranny Caused Unionism, Says E. H. Walker

Edward H. Walker, candidate for Governor in the race with Hoke Smith and Joseph M. Brown, has issued a statement defending unionism in reply to Governor Brown.

"To concentrate indescribable wealth of millions of dollars into the possession of one man," he says, "two things are necessary. First, the law must be broken. Most of the great fortunes of to-day rest on a foundation of bribery, corruption and defiance of the law. Second, the assembling of these big fortunes had to be done by exploiting the lifetime productivity of hundreds of thousands of laborers.

"The Government's failure to protect labor from this crushing greed forced labor to protect itself."

Nat Goodwin Must Not Eat at Own Cafe

LOS ANGELES, June 28.—Others may dine at the Cafe Goodwin, but not Nat Goodwin, with carte blanche all the way down the menu from caviar to camembert, may not. The genial host found himself in a new role when he sat down in his own cafe. Dining became so inexpensive that it seemed unreasonable not to dine often and well.

The result was that Mr. Goodwin, a few days ago, found himself ill and called a doctor. The doctor told him that he had been too good a patron of the Cafe Goodwin and must not think it his duty to test the entire menu.

Says He Produces Fuel From Water

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—Through the invention of a device in which water is used as fuel, it is claimed that Henry Clay Wade, a Philadelphia inventor, may revolutionize the production of artificial heat.

The Wade process decomposes water into the gases hydrogen and oxygen, which are combined with carbon and burned so that the heat produced by the combustion of the oil is produced three-fold.

Page Tries to Lease Manchester's House

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

LONDON, June 28.—A report is current that Ambassador Walter H. Page is trying to lease the Duke of Manchester's town house at 5 Grosvenor Square.

The house is comfortable, but unpretentious. It would be lost in one of the drawing rooms of Dorchester House, the home of Whitelaw Reid, when he was Ambassador. The rent would be about $17,000 to $20,000.

Roumania Warlike; Threatens Bulgaria

BUCHAREST, ROUMANIA, June 28.—The Government to-day ceased granting furloughs to Roumanian soldiers. All officers and troops absent on leave have been ordered to report to the colors. The war office is preparing for a complete mobilization of the army.

It is reported Roumania is about to abandon her attitude of neutrality and take sides against Bulgaria.

Vatican Will Give Canada a Cardinal

Special Cable to Atlanta Georgian.

ROME, June 28. Closely following reports that a Roman Catholic consistory will be held here next October it was announced at the Vatican to-day that among the new Cardinals will be a Canadian.

Denies Road is Bankrupt.

LONDON June 28.—The London fiscal agents of the National Railway System of Mexico to-day received a cablegram from President Brown of that railway denying published reports that a receiver had been appointed for the road.

GOV. SLATON TAKES OATH SIMPLY

JOHN M. SLATON, WHO BECOMES GOVERNOR OF STATE OF GEORGIA

With the simplest ceremonies in the history of the State, marked by the absence of all military display and red tape, John Marshall Slaton becomes Governor of the State of Georgia in the hall of the House of Representatives of the State Capitol Saturday at 12 o'clock noon, succeeding Governor Joseph M. Brown.

Hundreds crowd Capitol to see ceremonies.

New Executive is sworn in at noon.

The joint committee on inaugural arrangements selected from the memberships of the Senate and the House has conformed to the expressed desires of Governor-elect Slaton in preparing for his induction into office, and there is none of the pomp and excitement attending previous gubernatorial inaugurations. Within an hour or an hour and a half after the ceremonies begin, Governor Joseph M. Brown will have relinquished his office and made preparations to retire to his Cobb County farm, and His Excellency John Marshall Slaton will take his place as head of the State Government.

Governor Slaton will give voice to certain distinct policies of his own in his inaugural address, which also will be his message to the Legislature. He will recommend certain legislation and condemn certain other legislation, but there will not be that tense, enrvous feeling that usually characterizes a change of administration, though it be usually hidden behind a mask of pomp and display.

Great Crowds Attend.

The weather of inauguration day was all that could be desired, and as early as 10 o'clock crowds of Georgians began to throng the Capitol building. Half an hour later seats in the Hall of Representatives were at a premium, and it is expected that hundreds of the sightseers will be forced to stand during the whole of the ceremonies.

Virtually no legislative work will be done by either of the bodies of the Legislature Saturday. The House convened at 10 o'clock and the Senate at 11 o'clock. Both houses will adjourn at 11:45 o'clock and the members of the Senate will proceed to the House for the inauguration ceremonies. With the Senate and the House gathered in joint session messages will be sent to the retiring and incoming Governors that all is ready. Guests of honor, who include the State House officials, judges of the Supreme Court and of the Court of Appeals, ex-Governors and Federal judges, will meet in the anteroom of Rees with Governor Brown and Governor-elect Slaton. They will be escorted to the House by the joint committee on arrangements, comprising Senators John T. Allen and M. F. Rushin and Representatives Crawford Wheatley, R. N. Hardeman and R. R. Blackburn. There they will be seated directly in front of the Speaker's stand.

Address Closes Ceremonies.

The inauguration ceremonies will be opened with invocation by Rev. John B. Robins, of the Trinity Methodist Church. Randolph Anderson, President of the Senate, will present Governor-elect John M. Slaton to the General Assembly, after which Chief Justice William H. Fish will administer the oath of office. Then the Secretary of State will present to Governor Brown the great seal of the State of Georgia. The latter will then in turn deliver it to the Secretary of State. The ceremonies will close with the inaugural address of Governor Slaton.

Nearly everybody in Atlanta reads The Sunday American. YOUR advertisement in the next issue will get goods. Try it!

User of Dahomeyan Salve Is Fireproof

NEW YORK, June 28.—Fire Commissioner Johnson contemplates sending to Africa for a barrelful of "dreyou," the sap of the papaw tree, to smear on the 4,000 firemen in the city to make them pain-proof when fighting fires.

The commissioner came to this decision after Amgona Tee, a native of Dahomey, held a burning match against his naked arm until he had his face and his tonsils. It proved no evidence that he felt pain.

French and Spanish To Slay Wild Tribe

Special Cable to The Atlanta Georgian.

GIBRALTAR, June 28. An army of over 60,000 Spanish and French troops is being massed in Morocco before the natives have gone to war against the foreigners. One thousand Spanish troops sailed to-day.

Desert heat and typhoid fever is killing many soldiers. No quarter will be extended to the Kabyle tribesmen, the most fierce of the natives.

Negro everybody in Atlanta reads The Sunday American. YOUR advertisement in the next issue will sell goods.

NEW FACTS GIVEN BY NEGRO

Admissions to Prosecutor's Aide Strengthens Rumor That He Saw Girl Just Before Crime.

Frank A. Hooper, associated with Solicitor Dorsey in the prosecution of Leo M. Frank on the charge of strangling Mary Phagan, admitted Saturday that Jim Conley, negro sweeper at the National Pencil Factory, had made important additions to the story of his part in the murder mystery and had told of circumstances on the day of the crime which he had revealed in none of his previous statements.

A persistent report that Conley had made the startling admission that he had seen Mary Phagan enter the factory on the day she was slain arose at the time the negro was questioned more than an hour by Solicitor Dorsey early in the week, and this rumor was heightened after Attorney Hooper's interview with the negro Friday.

In all of his statements to the detectives Conley denied he saw the girl at all on the day of the crime until he was horrified by the sight of her dead body lying in the rear of the second floor where he was directed by Leo Frank. Solicitor Dorsey is believed to have wrung the statement from him that he did see Mary Phagan when she came in the door of the factory and went to the second floor to Frank's office.

Hooper Mum on Topic.

Mr. Hooper refused either to affirm or deny this report, declaring that his connection with the case was so recent that he would not be warranted in making any definite statement for publication in reference to the evidence in the possession of the prosecution.

His attention was called to the fact that while in all of the published statements of Conley the negro denied seeing Mary Phagan go into the factory, no one connected with the prosecution could now be induced to say that he still stuck to this particular and puzzling feature of his story. Mr. Hooper, however, would make no comment on the circumstance.

He contented himself with the general assertion that the State has a big stack of evidence of which the defense is in entire ignorance and of which they will remain in ignorance until it is presented when Frank is placed on trial for his life.

"I want to the police station yesterday morning for the purpose of having Conley rehearse his story to me," said Mr. Hooper. "It is true that he told me of a number of circumstances of which I had been in ignorance before, circumstances which have a most important bearing on the case. He made additions to his story which, while they were along the same general line as his last affidavit, gave a detail that assisted me remarkably in getting a much clearer idea of the events as they happened on that day.

Will Be Revealed at Trial.

"I can not tell what they were. They will be revealed when the trial is in actual progress. Mr. Dorsey has guarded his evidence carefully and has refrained from trying his case in the papers. If it were not presumptuous for me to step in and give this evidence away to the public and to the defense it would at least be most unfair.

"The negro appeared to be telling a straightforward story. He said nothing that caused me to alter my theory of the killing in the least. So far as I know, there never has been any serious doubt that those were bloodstains there on the second floor. I am confident that it was there that the attack was made. I questioned Conley only occasionally, preferring to let him go ahead and tell his story in his own way. Only when some point puzzled me for a moment did I stop him for an explanation."

Mr. Hooper said Solicitor Dorsey had built up a convincing case against the factory superintendent, one into which the defense would have extreme difficulty in injecting the element of "reasonable doubt."

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Atlanta and Georgia—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.