

GRAND JURY INDICTS LEO M. FRANK

EXTRA

THE ATLANTA GEORGIAN

Read for Profit--GEORGIAN WANT ADS--Use for Results

VOL XI. NO. 254.

ATLANTA, GA., MONDAY, MAY 26, 1913.

2 CENTS EVERYWHERE PAY NO MORE

EXTRA

WOODWARD IN DICTOGRAPH NET

* * * Mayor's Conversation With Colyar Is Reported in Detail

NEGRO SWEEPER OWNS WRITING NOTES FOUND BY DEAD GIRL'S BODY

It has been announced that Leo M. Frank has been indicted by the Grand Jury for the murder of Mary Phagan.

The authorities are of the opinion that they have a very strong case against Frank and Lee, and sufficient evidence to convict Frank of the murder.

Rumors about the Grand Jury room were definite to the effect that evidence produced against Frank convinced the entire jury that the case against Frank was very strong.

Of course the proceedings of the Grand Jury are secret and no member of the Grand Jury nor any member of Solicitor Dorsey's staff would give the reporters information concerning what took place in the Grand Jury room, or what evidence had been disclosed against Frank or Lee.

That the authorities have very important evidence in the case, which has been disclosed to the public is certain. The Georgia has maintained this from the beginning of the investigation.

The jury adjourned until Friday without finding Lee.

Several most peculiar features mark the affidavit of James Connally, and Solicitor Dorsey is chagrined about the manner in which Frank's lawyer has handled his defense.

The fact that the negro-sweeper places the date as the day before for the murder is quite late for the majority of people who have seen copies of his handwriting forms the first mysterious phase of the confession.

Murphy has not stated the circumstances of the crime upon Frank has held that he planned deliberately a day before it was committed, the man who has been held guilty is that he did it on the necessity of the moment to prevent the girl revealing the attack. He is surprised to have predicted the killing.

The belief that the killing was planned as far ahead as Friday has entered into the minds of all the circumstances of the mystery.

The negro also says in his affidavit that Frank inquired: "Why should I hang, I am a black person, you know, and I am black, and I am likely to be made by a guilty person, but a question which appears entirely outside the realm of probability, and you know it too well." Jones has kept on his tongue ever since the city was shocked by the news of the murder the morning of April 27.

The entire affidavit is exceedingly peculiar in its statements as to the witness' evidence which was being carried before the Grand Jury, when the negro-sweeper was taken before that tribunal, he was the only person who gave evidence that he had been following the morning activities of the murderer. He had been confined in the Power since that time.

Bent for Detective.

Until this morning his testimony had not been considered by probably everyone concerned with the case as of small value.

Just before the Grand Jury opened Saturday morning, Mr. Connally, and the Detective Black called.

"I wrote those notes," said the negro in reference to the letters which he had written during his stay at the factory, and which had been practically the only ones the police had received, which would help them apprehend the killer.

When the negro had finished, his attorney was asked if he had any other writing in his possession. "Not now," he said, "but there is some in my pocket."

Special Cable to Atlanta Georgian, LONDON, May 25.—Sir Archibald Robertson that Americans can look forward to a good summer invasion in the next few weeks. "Comes with the start of the golf season," he said.

W. C. FREDRICK, *Georgia Journal*, The Indictment.

He is the author of "The Mystery of the Gorgia Death-Cart," "The Georgia," and "The Atlanta Daily Journal."

The "Georgia" is often printed in large editions.

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

A. S. COLYAR, who figures in the dictograph sensation. Records show he has been confined in two insane asylums and numerous prisons. His operations are alleged to extend from New York to Mexico. He is a member of a prominent Tennessee family.

His exploits with the dictograph have created a big sensation in the Phagan case.



Jacob Schiff Sees Prosperity Ahead

Hunt for Stolen Girl Leads to Gypsy Band

LONDON, May 25.—Sir Archibald Robertson, Pa. officials to-day began a search which they hoped would result in a good sum money invested in the most recent of the "Gangsters" to be captured. The last of the gang to be captured was the Taffy Kid, who had been a kidnapper for four or five years, and who had been known as "the boy with the bowler hat."

"I have made a very careful study of the Taffy Kid's ways," he added, "and I think he is likely to be white abroad, and I think he has been to America on several occasions."

Thus far, with the settlement of the Black infant, the British public has been satisfied with the results.

We have a new round-trip ticket for £200.00 per month, which will be paid for by the child.

If you have anything to sell advertising in The Sunday American, Larimer and Company will print it for you.

The "American" is the largest newspaper in the South.

SENSATIONAL EFFORT TO OBTAIN REAL INSIDE GRAFT EVIDENCE

Sensational dictograph conversations, in which Mayor James G. Woodward, Charles C. Jones, former Teaderlon, proprietor and present owner of the Rex saloon; E. O. Miles, a private detective; A. S. Colyar, accused of Colonel T. B. Felder, and Chief Lanford's clerk, February, all figure, are made public by The Atlanta Georgian to-day.

The conversations, all reported by a dictograph installed in the Williams House, in the same room and by the same man who figured in the "trapping" of Felder, tend to throw new and startling light on the alleged plot to "get" Chief of Police James L. Beavers, who wiped out the Teaderlon, and Chief of Detectives Lanford.

As reported by George M. Gentry, who took down the conversations as it trickled over the thin spun wires through the door between Colyar's room, No. 31, and room No. 32, it is apparently made clear that the Mayor was not only after evidence of graft in the police department, but more directly after evidence on which Chief Beavers could be impeached and discharged. The

Mayor has never hesitated to make plain that he was not in sympathy with the chief's attitude.

The conversation in which the Mayor figured seems to show that he promised protection to the man who would get the evidence if he should get in trouble doing it, and that he gave assurances the work would be well paid for.

The Mayor was present at the conference with February, Colyar and Miles. The entire dictograph conversation in which he figured is given elsewhere.

Far more sensational is the conversation in which Jones, Miles and Colyar took part. Jones viciously attacked the police department, charging graft and crookedness; accused Marion Jackson, Men and Religion Forward Movement leader, of being the beneficiary of vice, and said he had been double-crossed in the wiping out of the Teaderlon.

Colonel Felder's name is mentioned time and again in the conversation of the three, and more than one reference is made to the alleged offer of \$1,000 for evidence.

Dictograph Conversations in Which Mayor Took Part

Here is the entire dictograph conversation in which Mayor G. Woodward took a part as it was reported to the police. Jones is in the police file today.

A. S. Colyar, the man who engineered the entire sensation, of course takes a leading part. The conversation is first principally between him and Chief Lanford's clerk, February and E. O. Miles, a private investigator, and a friend of Charles C. Jones, who comes later into the conversation.

Jones owned a number of houses in the restricted districts, closed out by Chief Beavers, which were conservatively estimated to have given him an income of \$40,000 a year. He is the owner of the Rex saloon, and is by no means poverty stricken, despite the huge debt Chief Beavers' reform made in his hall.

Major James G. Woodward, who has never hesitated to tell it is known that he was not in sympathy with the Chief's vice crusade, comes into the conversation later and is reported in full.

The conversation took place on Wednesday afternoon in Colyar's room—the same room where Felder was trapped, and was taken down by George M. Gentry, a nephew of the president of the Southern Bell Telephone Company. Here is a copy of the record:

The following statements were overheard by me, by using a telephone located in room 33 of the Williams House No. 2, 81-85 North Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga. I saw the Mayor when I am personally acquainted with Mr. G. C. February, whom I have known for several years, and Mr. A. S. Colyar, with whom I have only been acquainted for a short time past room No. 31 of said hotel about a week ago.

On account of Mr. February having locked the door to room No. 31, I was delayed in getting in, after having witnessed the three parties above mentioned enter room No. 31 of said hotel. In the emergency, I used a key to my room, and I heard a noise. I am the emergency door. After closing the door and going to the intruder, I was unable to hear what was being said very distinctly on account of the noise of the said room being open. This necessitated another delay to close the door, after returning to my room. I was able to hear what was being said, however.

Several dealers indicate that the voice just at that point came (inaudible).

Colyar—Can tell you some things. I am executive secretary (noise) made to him, individual, the persons (noise) I have been trying to (noise) (noise) (noise). I have got several cases (sound indistinct).

Colyar—(Question incoherent). Miles—I am satisfied you ought, but you know (noise) (noise) (noise) (noise) (noise).

Colyar—(Conversation too low to catch).

Miles—The Mayor will give us absolute assurance that he will prosecute him to the hilt.

Colyar—Will you bring the Mayor up here right now?

Miles—I think I can bring the Mayor up here right away.

Colyar—(In the sound indistinct).

Colyar—Are you not a Jew, are you?

Miles—No, I am not. I spell my name H. J. Miles.

Colyar—Well, we can make it. I will show you something.

Colyar—I don't think it is going to go. As far as my knowledge goes, the evidence is concerned. I have never been able to tell well, I haven't tried to.

Colyar—There is no occasion for your legal services.

Carter—But I will be off about ten minutes.

Colyar—(In the sound indistinct).

Colyar—Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

Continued on Page 5, Column 6.

