Leo M. Frank Says Politics Prompted Joseph M. Brown To Write Card to Chronicle JOSEPH M BROWN The Atlanta; Jan 3, 1915; ProQuest Historical Newspapers Atlanta Constitution (1868 - 1945) pg. 1

# Leo M. Frank Says Politics Prompted Joseph M. Brown To Write Card to Chronicle

Brown Is the First Ex-Governor, Says Frank, Who Ever Used His Influence in an Effort to stroy the Life of a Fellow Citizen.

## PROMETHEUS BOUND IS CALLED TO MIND

Many of the Wisest and Best Men in the State, Asserts Frank, Feel That He Was Not Given a Fair and Impartial Trial.

in a stinging card, in which he goes quite fully into his case, Leo M. Frank has replied to the card of ex-Governor Joseph M. Brown which appeared in Joseph M. Brown which appeared in The Augusta Chronicle of December 27. In his eard Mr. Brown took the posi-tion that the law should take its course rank be executed. Frank, in his reply, comments on the fact that no former governor of Georgia has ever written a similar card, and he intimates that the former governor political cost. and that no of Georgia has ever a similar eard, and he intimates that the former governor had political ends to serve when he wrote the eard.

Frank's reply follows:
Ex-Governor doseph M

I have read vulpon by

Exank's reply follows:

In-Governor Joseph M. Brown:

I have read your remerkable attack upon me in The Augusta Chronicle.

I use the word "remarkable" advisedity, for no ex-governor of Georgia ever before used his influence in an effort to destroy the life of one of his fellow stizens. Indeed it is difficult to see how any brave man could be induced to take the position you have.

I am helpless and in desperate straits. My wife and father and mother are in the depths of despair.

Why any man should wantonly and athlessly attack me, and, through me, them, must amaze the fair men and women of this state.

When I read that tirade—unfair, crucil and untruthful—i remembered that, when Promethus was bound to the rocks it was the vulture, and not the eagle, that struck its beak into his vitals.

when Procks it eagle, twitals.

The excuse its beak into his vitals.

No Defense Needed.

The execution of the confessed murderer excites sympathy. The sheriff does his duty because the law demands it, but he does it with sorrow; it is reserved to an ex-governor of Georgia to demand the execution of one who never harmed him, and who is pleading for further opportunity to show his inforence.

The excuse that

for further opportunity to show his inmorence.

The excuse that you are defending
the state cannot explain your letter.
The state of Georgia needs no defense.
Her people are as generous and just
as those of other states.

Deplorable and regretable things can
impen, and have happened, in Georgia,
just as they can happen and have happened in other states. There was a serious riot in Atlanta some years ago.
It was condemned everywhere withent, as well as within, the state, yet
mobody raised the cry that Georgia
was being slandered.

No same man can praise the conduct
of my trial. During It, things happened that always will be condemned.
The mob spirit was abroad. Passion
and prejudice was daily manifested in
the very presence of the court. Judge
floan was present and knew what took
place, and himself certified, under his
oath of office, to things that you, yourself, when you know them, will unhesitatingly condemn.

When prejudice and passion and the
spirit of the mob proside over a trial,
such a trial will not likely meet the
approval of the country, and the
wrong of such a trial is not met by
the demagogic or sectional cry that
the state is slandered.

Many of the wisest and best men

such approval of wrong of such a trian wrong of such a fair one. Many of the truest and best deorgians feel the same. Is it possible that such men must keep quiet and, by their silence, approve such a trial for fear that they will be called slanderers of the state? Surely a protest against such a trial, within or without the state, cannot excuse your thirst for blood, nor explain your fall from the dignity of an extended the state of the head-

hunter?
Your tirade against me is a greater slander against the state than any possible criticism against my trial. What a spectacle! An ex-governor

criticism against my trial. What a spectacle! An ex-governor joining, with unreserved approval, the mob who cry, crucify, crucify!

Did Not Attend Trial.

How can you know I am guilty? You did not attend a moment of the trial. Your opportunity to know the truth was not greater than that of any man in the United States who read the papers, or the record. You certainly had no such opportunity as Judge Roan. He heard every word of the evidence and saw are ness. And, after tainly had no such opportunity as Judge Roan. He heard every worl of the evidence and saw every witness. And, after thus seeing and hearing, he asserted that he was not convinced of my guilt. Yet you, who heard no evidence and saw no witness, assert my guilt and urge my execution with a recklessness that must shock the fair, right-thinking people of Georgia.

Few men would exhibit the self-confidence you show in your letter.

Vour dogmatism might be excused the point at issue was the fate of stray dog that was worrying the lage, but how can now it when er.
ed if
the of a
the v lage, but how can any fair man excuse it when a human life is involved—when the heart strings of an innocent wife, father and mother are to be snapped?

snapped?
You not only conclude beyond cavil the question of my guilt, but, from the same reckless certainty, fix my guilt from the evidence other than that of Conley. If you had any fair knowledge of the case you would know that some of the ablest lawyers of Georgia and elsewhere have studied the record in my case, and not one, after such study, has believed me guilty. I do not believe there is an able, fair lawyer in Georgia who would give it as his opinion that, apart from Conley. not believe there is an able, fair law yer in Georgia who would give it as his opinion that, apart from Conley

Continued on Page Three.

### FRANK SAYS POLITICS CAUSED BROWN'S CARD

### Continued From Page One.

there was enough evidence to convict

t. me. It me. It must be that when you so cal-lously and brutally urged my imme-diate execution you were moved by other motives than that of state de-

ther motives than that there motives than that ender.

Part of the Politician.

Prejudice, passion and personal ambition have been known factors in my indoing. Your article is proof confusive how great were these factors not to what extent you subscribe to hem. Before this it has been strongly uspected that politics had played an important part. Since your remarkble letter there can be no longer any oubt of it.

That you should seek, at the pay back

suspected that pointes has passes an important part. Since your remarkable letter there can be no longer any toubt of it.

It is wrong that you should seek, at the expense of my life, to pay back four political debts. It is a greater vrong, if that can be, that you should tope, by my destruction and through her disgrace of my loved ones, to gain sack to your support that large class of voters that you have lately lost by identical abuse.

I have soffered much; some good men ave condemned me, but they have one so in sofrow. It has been reserved to you to voluntarily, ignorantly, in assion and prejudice, to kick me on oward the gallows that you may lesen your political debts and regain, if ous have lost.

January 2, 1915. January 2, 1915.

Following is the card of ex-Governor seph M. Brown, which appeared in the Augusta Chronicle of December 27, Joseph M. The Augus to which Leo M. Frank takes ex-

and to which Leo M. Frank takes exception:

Editor Augusta Chronicle—Dear Sir: I cannot refrain from writing to express to you, as a Georgian, jealous of the good name of the state, my thanks for your editorial in The Chronicle of Incember 15, under the heading. "In Simple Defense of Georgia's Honor and Evilization."

The only material point in which I disagree with you is in the following words near the close of your editorial. "Therefore, we would, willingly, sign a petition asking the state pardon beard and the governor of Georgia to commute this man's sentence to life imprisonment, in the hope, but not in the expectation, that something, at some time, might arise to establish his innocence of the awful crime—or even to throw further doubt upon his guill." I disagree with you because I believe that the evidence swarn to before the jury fixed the crime mon Leo M. Frank. I see no room, under that evidence to place it upon anyone else. I see no proper way for him to escape it. Therefore, I believe the jury acted intelligently and honestly in finding him gailt."

Calls for Hanging.

If ever a naurdor was so repulsively atrocious as to call for the hanging of the perpetrator of it, this murder of hithe Mary Fhagan calls for the hanging of the awful deed.

Much has been said of the negro Conley; and those who plend for the defeat of the law would have us believe that Frank was proven guilty of this horrid crime independently of the negro's testimony. Now, as to Conley's evidence. He admitted that he had done that to save Mr. Frank, life enployer, who had been kind to him. But he added that when he found that Mr. Frank was trying to fix the crime on him (Conley) he determined to tell the truth about the matter.

We southern people, who understand the him he asse, outside of the state of the conlention of the newspapers and other laws until she converts a Jew, and that the reprocess must be held up and occame the exploiting around of every Jew who is criminally inclined.

This certainly seems the logic of the conten

who is certainly seems the logic of the ention of the newspapers and other es outside of theoretia who are dengthe state and her courts and let.

d allow me to say that leading of Atlanta have made themselves

responsible for a heavy burden in this matter.

Leo Frank, before little Mary Phagan was inurdered, was president of the Jewish benevolent society of the Brail Brith. After he had been convicted of this atrocious murder the members of this Jewish society re-elected him as their president!

Thus, they openly flung down their defiance of the state and her laws. Thus, they publicly made the issue that, no matter how infamous his crimer the Jews held a Jew above the law.

A day or so after their action. The Atlanta Constitution quoted a prominent Jew as expressing his amazement that his race had; by this act, placed itself in so extraordinary a position of contempt and defiance of the state and her authority. All honor to this conscientius, haw-abiding and discerning Jew!

And, while on this phase of the subject I note that Mr. Samuel H. Myers,

on conscientus, law-abiding and the subconscientus, law-abiding and discernAnd, while on this phase of the subject. I note that Mr. Famuel H. Myers,
one of your August Jews, in arguing
projudice against him as a Jew. reminds you of the fact that people in
Atlanta referred to him as "that
damned reg."

I have the designated him "that
damned reg."

I have designated him "that
damned Mexican." If he had been a
Himiso they would have called him
"that damned Dutchman."

As a matter of fact, the people were
condemning Frank because the sworn
this most horse prough him guilty at
this most horse prough him guilty in
this most horse prough him guilty within the law more closely than
do the Jews; and they deserve the
highest esteem of all classes, and of
him the law more closely than
do the Jews; and they deserve the
highest esteem of all classes, and of
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do the Jews; and they deserve the
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highest esteem of all classes, and of
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do the fact, and they deserve the
highest esteem of all classes, and of
him the commiles crime. It does not mean that
other race, but the more men of the trader me. It does not mean that
other race, but the more men of the sale of deservity to
all your attention to the fact that the
frait the operation of her laws, let me
call your attention to the fact that it
of the United States refused to overrule or interfere with the action of
the state courts, Furthermore, the
crimeral to save what she should do
the trivial of the fact that it am no
longer governor who have the half of
him the court of the sale. The tenor
of these is dute the triving to
bring pressure upon the governor of
the state that we can leave this capth